THE WEATHER.
Sunday colder; Monday fair, light to moderate north winds.

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NEW HAVEN COMPANY AGREES TO DISSOLVE

Department of Justice and the Road Finally Make Peaceful Settlement.

ANNOUNCEMENT GIVEN OUT

Elliott Says Re-organization Plan Will Substantially Meet All Requirements of Government—Suit Prevented.

Washington, January 8.—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad and the Department of Justice tonight announced a preliminary agreement designed to effect a re-organization of the New Haven and to prevent a suit for its dissolution under the Sherman law.

In compliance with department demands, the New Haven will dispose of its holdings in the Boston and Maine Railroad, cancel its joint agreement controlling the Boston and Albany, give up its trolley lines and several of its steamship lines. The question of its retention of the so-called Sound Lines of steamships will be left to the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

Under the Panama canal act the road is required to give up all steamship holdings by July 1st, unless the commission finds their continued operation by the railroad is to the commercial advantage of the public and not in restraint of competition.

It was tonight conceded that the Department of Justice virtually gained every point demanded. Announcement of the agreement was made in the following statement from Chairman Howard Elliott and President A. T. Hadley, a member of the New Haven board:

Statement Given Out.

An agreement has been reached between the Department of Justice and the New Haven Railroad. The New Haven, in addition to the cancellation of the Boston and Albany agreement which becomes effective February 1st, will dispose of its holdings in the Boston and Maine Railroad, their trolley systems, their Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company, the Eastern Steamship Corporation and the Maine Steamship Company, under a plan, the details of which will be worked out as promptly as possible with representatives of the Department of Justice.

Concerning other steamer lines, application has been made under the Panama canal act, to the Inter-State Commerce Commission and their disposition will be determined by that body. Until plans are put into effect, the management and operation of the properties will be continued as at present.

The conference was between the attorney general and Special Assistant to the Attorney General T. W. Gregory, Assistant Attorney General Jesse C. Adkins, Special Assistant to the Attorney General Frank M. Swacker, representing the Department of Justice, and Howard Elliott, Arthur T Hadley and Sails Storrs, representing the New Haven company.

Other Cases Not Effected.

The announcement of the agreement does not have any bearing on the much talked of criminal suits against former directors and officials of the New Haven. There has been no decision upon this point.

Department of Justice officials tonight were of the opinion that the New Haven agreement was as big a victory for the principle of peaceful settlement of anti-trust cases as that registered in the case of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. They pointed out that the complexities of the New Haven were greater than in the telephone case and that a suit to separate the New Haven from its great holdings might have resulted in disaster to the road itself, and in reflex action upon business that would have been widely felt.

As long as Chairman Elliott and his associates show their intention to carry out the terms of the agreement, assurances are given that the Department of Justice will not press them for haste.

Although no one in authority would predict how long a time such a re-organization will require, it generally was believed that final re-adjustment cannot be reached for many months, and, on some points, probably not for years.

No official statement was forthcoming from the attorney general tonight.

Mr. Elliott had nothing to add tonight to his formal statement. He expected to return to New York tomorrow. The working out of details of the re-organization will be begun.

VANDERBILT'S SCHEDULE.

For Football Games for Next Season Is Completed.

Nashville, Tenn., January 10.—The completed Vanderbilt University football schedule for 1914 was announced today. Among the games listed is the annual contest with Michigan to be played at Ann Arbor.

The schedule follows:

October 3rd, Henderson-Brown at Nashville; October 10th, Michigan at Ann Arbor; October 17th, Central at Nashville; October 24th, North Carolina at Nashville; October 31st, Virginia at Nashville; November 7th, Tennessee at Nashville; November 14th, Auburn at Birmingham; November 26th, Sewanee at Nashville.

LINCOLN BEACHY SLIGHTLY HURT.

Daring Aviator Saves the Lives of Two Persons.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 10.—To avoid what appeared certain sacrifice of two lives, Lincoln Beachy late today deliberately wrecked his biplane and fell 25 feet, sustaining slight injuries.

Beachy was descending and directly below was an automobile driven by Barney Oldfield, carrying a passenger. The aviator swerved his machine, which collapsed and turned almost completely over, buried Beachy beneath it. His only injuries are bruises.

SOUTH AFRICA IS FACING LABOR WAR

Martial Law Will Be Declared at Noon Today.

GENERAL STRIKE EMINENT

All Grievances of Striking Railway Men Are Being Considered by the Companies—Lives Lost in Outbreak.

Pretoria, South Africa, Jan. 10.—Not since the Boers laid down their arms to the Britons in 1902 has the Rand been so near war as it is tonight. Martial law will be declared at noon tomorrow. Many who predicted failure for the strike have become so alarmed they are pleading for white unity as protection against the horrors of native uprising.

Johannesburg has the appearance of a besieged city. The calling out of the Burghers has resulted in the gathering of 10,000 of the old Free State Burghers, under command of the veteran Boer general, Jacobus H. DeLaRey.

The proposed mass meeting of the trades federation has not been prohibited, but the martial law proclamation probably means an attempt will be made to prevent a demonstration which might result in an even more tragic affray than that of July 4th last, when rioters were fired on by the troops.

The trades federation has asked a general strike and has ordered that a ballot be taken by all the unions before Tuesday. The federation also has passed a resolution condemning the government for imprisoning strike leaders.

Troopers Are Posted.

Troopers, infantry and police are posted at strategic points along the reef. It is considered a grave question whether the burghers will fire on their below Boers who compose the majority of the Rand Railway men. The strikers seem to share this belief.

Secretary Bain, of the Johannesburg Trades Federation, for whom a warrant has been issued, was at a meeting in the trades hall tonight, surrounded by a bodyguard of 2,000. The police, realizing he could not be arrested without bloodshed, decided to await a more favorable opportunity. Nothing further has developed with regard to the native unrest at Jagersfontein, where in an outbreak today between whites and natives, seven native laborers were killed and 36 wounded.

Henry Burton, minister of railways, today said all the grievances of the railway men, except those relating to retrenchment and the re-instatement of certain men, are being considered.

Strikers have formed a police force of 400 to assist in the maintenance of order. One of the first acts of the citizens committee was the closing of all saloons.

REJECT ANNA GOULD APPEAL

The Famous Case Will Come Up Again, However, Before the Rota Tribunal.

Rome, January 10.—Cardinals composing the segnatura tribunal, or high court of the Roman Curia, today rejected the appeal of the Duchess De Talleyrand, formerly Anna Gould, of New York, from the verdict of the Rota tribunal annulling her marriage to her first husband Count Boni De Castellane. The case, however, will come up again for trial before the Rota tribunal.

Cardinal Pietro Gasparri drafted the report, of which he gave a summary to the tribunal. He afterward expressed a lucid opinion on the points of law and suggested the rejection of the appeal.

Cardinal Basilio Pompili, vicar general of the Pope, raised objections concerning the actual reason why the Duchess De Talleyrand had not been notified before the original trial. Cardinal Gasparri explained that the archbishopric of Paris had sent it in a registered letter to the Duchess De Talleyrand's Paris address. The janitor there had refused to take the letter, saying the Duchess was at her house. A letter was forwarded there but the Duchess herself refused to receive it.

The Duchess explained that she never accepted registered letters from unknown persons as they usually contained begging appeals.

The point on which Cardinal Gasparri based his argument for the rejection of the Duchess' appeal was that immediately after the Rota tribunal had given its judgement annulling the marriage she had started a suit for a new trial before the Rota tribunal, thereby implicitly admitting knowledge and acceptance of the first procedure. It was only later, at the suggestion of her lawyers, the cardinal pointed out, that she pleaded ignorance in attempting to have the judgement annulled.

Cardinal Vannutelli agreed with Cardinal Gasparri's opinion and added that the Duchess would be free to submit her argument at the next trial before the Rota tribunal.

Nothing like Insurance. See the big ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

GENERAL VILLA LEADS ATTACK ON OJINAGA; FEDERALS EVACUATE

Attack Begun on Federal Stronghold at Sundown Was Ended at Ten o'Clock Last Night.

FIELD GUNS OPENED ON TOWN DO MUCH DAMAGE

Generals in Command of Federals Were the First to Cross Border Into Texas—Escape to Mountains.

Presidio, Texas, January 10.—The Mexican Federal army with its nine generals evacuated Ojinaga, Mexico, at 10 o'clock tonight.

The triumphant rebel forces under General Francisco Villa, immediately occupied the village.

General Salvador Mercado, who was Huerta's chief military commander, crossed the river and surrendered to Major McNamee, of the United States army.

It was impossible for Major McNamee to learn what had become of the Federals, whether the bulk of them had taken refuge on this side or whether they scattered to points in Mexico. The country about Ojinaga is mostly desert.

The defeat of the Federal army followed only a few hours' fighting in which the rebels, beginning at sundown, started to close in on the besieged garrison with cannon and rifle fire.

Generals Castro and Mercado, of the Federal regulars, saw that the assault was to be nothing less than a massacre. The Federals had left only 50 rounds of ammunition for each man.

Generals Castro and Mercado, therefore, gave the order to evacuate.

Fled Across Border.

All the Federal soldiers and their officers who could scramble to the American side did so. The others ran in all directions. General Pascual Orozco, commander of Federal volunteers, threatened with summary execution by Villa, was the first to cross. It was believed he had escaped into the mountains in Texas.

About 9 o'clock when the fighting had been in progress about five hours, seven wagons loaded with documents belonging to the Huerta government, came over and were captured by the United States border patrol.

Major McNamee immediately ordered all cavalrymen out for an emergency. Women, children and wounded soldiers had been crossing in numbers but the apparent advance of the rebels gave reason to believe a greater rush across the border was imminent.

For five hours the sharp flashes of the rebel fire had been seen drawing closer to the Federal entrenchments. The whole scene was bathed in moonlight, partly obscured by dust and powder smoke.

Among the Federals were nine generals, Castro, Mercado, Orozco, Manuel Landa, Ynez Salazar, Antonio Rojas, Blas Orpina, Lozaro Alavis and Roque Gomez.

Defeat of the Federal army at this point marks the most important rebel victory of the present revolution. It leaves the rebels virtually in possession of all the north of Mexico.

Mercado, Castro and Landa were the only remaining commanders of the Federal regulars. The other generals commanded volunteers and had been threatened by Villa with death should they be captured.

Dramatic Incidents.

The downfall of the Huerta government in this vast section of Mexico was preceded by a series of dramatic incidents. Just six weeks ago tomorrow, Gen. Salvador Mercado with his 4,000 troops evacuated Chihuahua City.

His flight across the desert to Ojinaga where he hoped to replenish his food and ammunition supply required almost a week. He was accompanied by many rich Mexicans among them Luis Terrazas, one of the most extensive land holders in the world, who feared violence at the hands of the rebel forces.

The flight of Mercado with his army drew forth a belief that ultimately he would be forced across the Rio Grande and seek safety in the United States.

How soon the retreat to foreign soil was to follow, it hardly could be conjectured, but it was known Federal troops were discouraged, without pay for many months and hopeless of ever defeating the growing revolutionary movement. They also were short of ammunition. Appeals to Mexico City brought money to pay the troops, but they could not overcome the impossibility of getting more ammunition through the United States.

Makes Last Stand.

On this little hill top of Ojinaga, in an obscure border village 67 miles from any railroad and that in the United States, Mercado elected to make a last desperate stand. He said he never would give up unless his men ran short of ammunition. He kept his word. For six days, ending last Sunday, he had fought pluckily against odds. The rebels fired more than 1,000,000 rounds into the Federal trenches without avail. It was not until Villa, military head of the revolution, appeared on the scene that the reverse came for the Federals.

Gen. Villa arrived only a few days ago. His appearance, together with the coincidence that the Federals had only 50 rounds of ammunition left for

(Continued on Page Eight.)

MONEY IS NOT ALL

That Is Needed to Appease Columbia State

South American Republic Demands That She Have Same Rights as United States Regarding Panama Canal.

Washington, January 10.—That Columbia places other considerations above monetary indemnity in the settlement of the controversy with the United States over the separation of Panama from the South American country today was asserted by Julio Betancourt, Colombian minister in Washington.

In the treaty of settlement that is being negotiated Minister Betancourt declared financial recompense for the loss of Panama was held by his government secondary to stipulations which deal with the boundary between Colombia and Panama and the right to Colombia to have the same rights as the United States to use the Panama canal. Until details of these two questions finally are agreed to, it was stated the amount of money to be paid to Colombia by this government would not be determined, although $20,000,000 has been reported as the approximate amount. Another report has fixed the indemnity at $25,000,000.

Colombia feels, it is said, that the granting to her of the right to use the canal on the same terms as the United States is a practical recognition that this country thus repays an inherent right which the South American country has in the canal as would have been the case if Panama had not revolted.

American Minister Thompson expects to sail for Colombia early next month to resume negotiations, which were nearing final settlement when he recently left Bogota.

CRAVEN TEACHERS MEET.

Most Successful Yet Held—Gathered at Vanceboro.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Jan. 10.—More than 50 teachers attended the meeting of the Craven County Teachers' Association held Friday at Vanceboro, and in his report S. M. Brinson, county superintendent, states that it was the most successful meeting ever held.

During the forenoon the teachers made an inspection of the public school at Vanceboro. The afternoon was given over to the regular business meeting and address.

Prof. Walter Thompson, of Onslow county, was the principal speaker. Prof. Thompson's address was both interesting and instructive and was greatly enjoyed by every one present. Mr. Brinson also made a very strong talk on the subject of education and the needs of the county. He was followed by Prof. H. B. Craven, superintendent of the Newbern public schools, who told in an interesting manner of the work being done by his corps of teachers and of the great progress being made in all lines. The next meeting will be held in Newbern.

OUTLOOK NEVER SO BRIGHT.

Larger and Better Things for East Carolina Training School.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Jan. 10.—As a result of the meeting of the board of trustees of the East Carolina Teachers' Training school, held Thursday, President R. H. Wright states that he believes the outlook for the future of the school is brighter than ever before. The executive committee of the board was authorized to properly furnish the new wing of the administration building, and the new wing to the east dormitory. These additions, it is hoped, will be ready for occupancy by the last of March.

President Wright was authrozide to secure for the next regular school session, beginning in September, 1914, four critic teachers for the new model school, which is being erected. The school for the next year will have also a regular domestic science teacher who will debote her entire time to that work.

AGREEMENT REACHED IN COTTON MILL MATTER.

Plant at Tarboro to be Sold Within 90 Days.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Tarboro, N. C., Jan. 10.—By agreement of counsel representing 95 per cent of the stockholders of the Tarboro Cotton Factory, Judge Connor this afternoon agreed to allow a sale of the plant withing 90 days by three commissioners, said commissioners to be agreed upon by Col. John L. Bridgers and Mr. G. M. T. Fountain, counsel who represented the stockholders, and then appointed by Judge Connor. This ends a looked for legal tangle-ment, which threatened at one time to resolve itself into a permanent receivership for this mill. The bonded and mortgage indebtedness of the plant is about $160,000, and it is believed that the plant will sell for more than enough to pay this amount.

FOUR MEN KILLED.

When Switch Engine Backed Into Automobile.

Fort Worth, Texas, January 10.—Four Texas business men were killed on the outskirts of Fort Worth early tonight when a switch engine backed a string of cars into their automobile, at a street crossing. The dead are:

E. E. McElmore, Dallas; Eugene Corley, Dallas; F. X. Blain, Fort Worth; Allen Blain, Fort Worth.

HARD WORK AHEAD

Prospects for Much Debate Over Anti-Trust Bills

Some Wish to Rush Legislation While Others Think Congress Should Give Much Time to Subject Before Acting.

Washington, January 10.—All Democrats in Congress are not agreed as to how the work of framing anti-trust legislation to supplement the Sherman law shall proceed, and there are prospects of warm discussion in both houses of Congress. Informal conferences today were held between individual members of the House judiciary committee and Democratic Senators who indicated they were averse to hastening the anti-trust legislative programme.

These Senators said they believed so great a question should be slowly handled and that the legislation should be framed with the utmost care to avoid injustice and injurious results.

Some of the rank and file of the House membership, who are drifting back into Washington, contend that there is a great demand for immediate legislation. Representative Henry, of Texas, chairman of the rules committee, expressed satisfaction with the programme of the judiciary committee majority.

Representative Webb, of North Carolina, a member of the judiciary committee, will introduce a separate bill generally designed to strengthen the Sherman law along a number of lines, while Representative Carlin, of Virginia, chairman of the judiciary subcommittee on trusts, has possession of three tentative bills on inter-locking directorates, trade relations, prices, injunctions, damages and allied matters.

The tentative bills will be taken up in conference with President Wilson after he returns from the South. Whether there will be a separate bill defining monopolies and trusts so as to meet the existence of so-called debatable ground in the enforcement of the Sherman law rests with the President.

VERDICT FOR $14,000 AGAINST THE SEABOARD.

Bladen Man Wins Suit—Railroad Appeals to Supreme Court.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Elizabethtown, N. C., Jan. 10.—After deliberating practically a day and night, the jury in the case of Lee Porter vs. Seaboard Air Line Railway Company returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, giving him $14,000 for personal injuries sustained in a wreck near Lumberton while a passenger on one of the trains of the company. Attorneys for the railroad had offered $12,000 as a compromise, which Porter's attorneys declined to accept. Attorneys for the defense gave notice of appeal to the Supreme court. Mr. Porter is a citizen of Bladen county.

This was the only civil case tried at this term, it taking up all of Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and until 3:30 P. M. Friday. The jury was composed of the following: D. G. Robeson, foreman; N. G. Gordon, R. I. Council, George Russ, Lee Davis, John Cain, J. L. Armstrong, James Priest, J. E. Allen, John Marshburn, J. H. Bloodworth and C. G. Johnson.

Court adjourned at 3:30 P. M. yesterday. Judge George Rountree made a fine impression on the people of Bladen county. This was his first term here.

TO REASSIGN CASES.

Against Naval Stores Trust in Southern Georgia.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 10.—Alexander Akerman, United States district attorney for the Southern district of Georgia, has been directed by the Department of Justice in Washington to have re-assigned for trial the cases against members of the alleged naval stores trust. The defendants are former officers of the American Naval Stores Co., that recently went into liquidation.

This determination on the part of the Department of Justice has caused much surprise in Savannah as it was believed the decision of the United States Supreme court in reversing the decision of the United States District court, where the defendants were convicted, would bring the case to a conclusion.

It is not proposed to try the corporation again, the trial jury having brought in a verdict of not guilty. Neither will C. J. DeLoach, the secretary, be tried. Those who are to be called upon again as defendants include S. P. Shotter, chairman of the board of directors; E. S. Nash, president; J. F. C. Meyers, vice president and Messrs. Moeller and Boardman, the latter being employes and officeholders. Messrs. Shotter and Meyers received jail sentences as well as fines. The other defendants convicted merely were fined.

TOURNAMENT FINISHED.

Golf Play at Pinehurst Was Fast and Snappy.

Pinehurst, N. C., January 10.—Maurice Risley, Atlantic City Country Club, today won the President's cup by defeating C. L. Becker, Woodland Golf Club, one up and the final round of the mid-Winter golf tournament here. The match was closely contested.

2,000 PEOPLE ATTEND WILSON'S RECEPTION

Visitors Come Many Miles in All Sorts of Vehicles to be Present.

OLD SOLDIERS AMONG THRONG

President's Two Daughters, His Niece, Dr. Grayson, and Two House Guests Were in the Receiving Line.

Pass Christian, Miss., Jan. 10.—Nearly 2,000 people, residents of this section, paid their respects to President Wilson here late today at a public reception given especially for them at the Presidential cottage.

The guests were welcomed by the President and Mrs. Wilson, who stood on the cottage veranda in the warm, bright sunshine. Mr. Wilson apparently enjoyed the occasion immensely, greeting those who shook hands with him with a cordial smile. Incidentally, it was the first public reception under the present administration.

The President is highly appreciative of the manner in which the resident os this section have scrupulously observed his desire for seclusion and rest and it was in recognition of their courtesy that he tendered the reception on the day before his departure to Washington. The weather today was ideal and the air as balmy as a spring day.

Automobiles, carriages, rickety traps, crude farm wagons, dust covered saddle horses and crowded trolley cars brought the eager people to the reception. Pretty girls, aged Confederate veterans in their gray uniforms, mothers carrying their babies and little children by the score crowded into line and passed up the steps and met the President. A picturesque figure among those who shook hands with the President was Gen. A. C. Oxford, of Birmingham, Ala., who wore a resplendent Confederate uniform. He left his card with the President. On the reverse side of the card appeared these words:

Remarkable Statement.

"If I ever disown, repudiate or apologize for the cause for which Lee fought and Jacskson died, let the lightnings of Heaven rend me."

Standing in the receiving line with the President and Mrs. Wilson were Misses Margaret and Eleanor Wilson, Miss Helen Woodrow Bones, Misses Lucy and Mary Smith, of New Orleans, house guests at the President's cottage, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, United States Navy. Among those who paid their respects to the President today were Col. Robert L. Ewing, Democratic National Committeeman from Louisiana, and Capt. Landry and other officers of the revenue cutter Winona.

The reception was the closing event of an interesting day for President Wilson. As he returned from the Gulfport golf links this morning, men, women and children in crowds greeted him along the road, presenting him with flowers and other gifts. As Mr. Wilson passed the home of former Congressman Bowers, he was given a gigantic bunch of grapefruit, while children all the way presented him with oranges and bananas.

The Presidential party will pack their trunks tomorrow and at 11:18 o'clock tomorrow night will leave by special train for Washington, where they will arrive early Tuesday.

MISS TYLER TOO OLD.

Relative of Former President Cannot Take Examination.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 10.—When Miss Mattie Tyler, 68, a granddaughter of President Tyler, and postmistress at Courtland, Southampton county, got ready today to take the civil service examination recently ordered by Postmaster General Burleson for all fourth class postmasters, she found she was beyond the age limit. She intends to make a fight for the office, however, on the ground of her relationship with the former President. She was appointed by President Harrison and previous attempts to dislodge her from office have failed. The law bars an applicant more than 65 years old when the office pays more than $500 a year.

SIXTY MILLIONS FOR CONFEDERATES

What Passage of Overman Bill Would Mean

ALL SALES PAID CIRCULATION

Opinion of McReynolds of Vital Interest to Daily Newspapers—Overman Introduces Anti-Lobbying Bill—Soil Survey.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., January 10.—An opinion by Attorney General McReynolds, which was made public by the Postoffice Department today, materially widens the department's construction of what constitutes "paid circulation" of daily newspapers. The decision is of great interest to publishers of newspapers in North Carolina and also to advertisers throughout the country.

The principal effect of the attorney general's decision is to permit train, street and counter sales to be included in the semi-annual statements showing the total paid circulation. McReynolds' opinion reverses that of Former Attorney General Wickersham who held that only papers sold to persons who have "agreed to take and pay for one or more copies for a definite period of time" could be included in the semi-annual statements.

$60,000,000 for Confederate Veterans.

Senator Overman will introduce a bill Monday providing that the $60,000,000 tax imposed on cotton belonging to Southern farmers during the period from 1866 to 1868, inclusive, be returned to the States and that it be used as a pension for Confederate soldiers. It is said that because of the inability of the original owners or their heirs to establish their claims, it is thought best to give the money to the old soldiers in order that there may be no hitch in the passage of the bill should it receive favorable consideration in committee.

Anti-Lobbying Bill.

Senator Overman also introduced a bill to punish illegal lobbying and provide that all lobbyists be registered in order that Congress may know who is representing each and every interest who desire to influence legislation.

A statement from the librarian of the Congressional Library shows that North Carolina's quota of employes is nine while only three from the State are employed.

Brunswick Gets Next Soil Survey.

The Department of Agriculture has notified Representative Godwin that the soil survey started in Bladen county is nearing completion and that as soon as the work is finished work will begin in Brunswick county. Work has already been completed in Robeson and New Hanover, which will make four out of seven counties in the Sixth district to be surveyed. When the work is completed, reports will be made in which will be embodied detailed information as to the soils of the areas, their characteristics and what crops they are best adapted to. The reports will also include maps showing the location and the extent of the different types of soil.

A committee from Jonesboro was here in the interest of the candidacy of D. R. Avent for the postmastership.

Anti-Trust Bill With "Teeth."

Representative Webb will introduce a bill providing for anti-trust legislation in accordance with the Democratic platform. It is said the bill will contain "teeth" that cannot easily be extracted by those who desire special privileges.

P. R. A.

RALEIGH TEAM IS COMING

Country Club Decides to Join Cape Fear Country Club in Tournament at Wilmington.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 10.—At a "golfer's smoker" given tonight by President Clarence A. Johnson, of the Raleigh Country Club, it was decided that the club will join in a golf tournament with Cape Fear Country Club, of Wilmington, to be played under Nassau rules in a series of three meets for a silver cup, the third of the series to be played on neutral links in the event the first two meets do not settle the contest, and the first to be played January 19th.

R. D. W. Connor was chosen captain of the team to be sent. The personnel of the Raleigh team will be perfected within the next three days.

Those pledging positively to go were President Clarence Johnson, Richard Bradley, R. D. W. Connor, Gordon Smith, Brown Shepherd, Teo. Webb, H. H. Carr, John Calvert, Mr. Blanton and W. J. Martin. The two clubs will share the expense of the silver cup and the club winning the third tournament will have the cup "for keeps."

Indianapolis, January 10.—Charles A. Korbley, representative in Congress from the Seventh Indiana district, was re-nominated by the Democrats here today.

Nothing like Insurance. See the big ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

TENNESSEE MAN RELEASED.

On Trial for Getting Money Under False Pretenses.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 10.—C. J. Hebert, of Chattanooga, was acquitted today of the charge of conspiracy and obtaining $98,000 under false pretenses.

Hebert was accused of securing $98,000 in the deal by which the defunct Seminole Securities Company secured the majority stock in the Southern Life Insurance Co. Hebert declared that he had honestly earned anything he got and claimed that the companies involved really owed him money.

The jury, after remaining out since 6:30 o'clock Friday night, returned a verdict of not guilty this morning about 10:30 o'clock. Two days were consumed in trying the case.

CUMBERLAND REFUNDING MONEY TO TAXPAYERS.

Rate for 1913 Reduced Six Cents on the $100.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 10.—The commissioners of Cumberland county, at their January meeting, ordered that the tax levy for county purposes for 1913 be reduced from 25 cents to 19 cents on the $100, and that all persons who have paid their taxes be refunded to that extent.

A list of the taxes to be refunded will be made by the county auditor, and Sheriff McGeachy will deduct from each tax collected 6 cents on the $100, while the same amount will be deducted from the sheriffs' receipt.

THE BARGAIN SENSATION OF THE SEASON

This Is of Vast Importance to You!

If You Expect to Buy Any Shoes in the Next Ten Years, Don't Delay. Delay Means Disappointment. A Rousing, Stirring, Wonder Compelling

IT'S RUNNING YET **SHOE** 6 MORE DAYS **SALE** **Sale** NOW GOING ON

24 North Front Street

Free! Free! For Ladies

BEGINNING MONDAY MORNING.

Will give Cash Coupons on every purchase and to the Customer holding Largest Amount in Cash during this week, will present FREE FROM COST a Pair of Our Best Make SHOES, and on top of that a Guarantee of Your Size. Save your Coupons now. Start Monday.

GET THIS FREE OFFER.

Did you hear about? Have you seen it? If not, why not? We opened Thursday, January 8th, at 9 a. m. The crowds there, they came and bought and went home happy over such Good Values They get at Hewlett & Price.

The prices are cut as never before in Wilmington. The goods are going, the cash is coming. A sale with a reason and purpose. Hurry people, prices talk.

Some Shoes Below Wholesale Cost

Free! Free! For Men

BEGINNING MONDAY MORNING.

We will give Cash Coupons, on Every Purchase, and to the Customer holding Largest Amount in Cash during this week will present FREE FROM COST a Pair of Our Best Make SHOES, and a Guarantee of Fit, Your Size. Save now your Coupons and

GET THIS FREE OFFER.

Store Policy It is not enough that this shall be merely a good "Store." It must be best in Shoe Merchandise, in Service Giving, in Broad Liberality of Dealing, in Low Prices and Your Fit Guarantee of Satisfaction which is the part of each and every purchase. Confidence, your confidence, those are the words upon whose deeper meaning this store builds for it's present and future good business. Respectfully, HEWLETT & PRICE.

TO FULLY APPRECIATE THE MARVELOUS VALUES OFFERED VISIT THE STORE IN PERSON

A Sale That Will Make Your Eyes Sparkle. Your Nerves Quiver. Hurry.

The Home of Low Prices In Shoes.

Hewlett & Price

Shoes! Shoes! Just Barrels of Them. See Windows For Our Prices

Wilmington, N. C. 24 NORTH FRONT STREET Wilmington, N. C.

UNITED MISSIONARY CONFERENCE.

Dr. W. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, contributes the following in the interest of the United Missionary Conference to be held in Wilmington January 18th and 19th, which is an interesting and able discussion of the subject:

"The United Missionary Conference, to be held in this city January 18th and 19th, is just one move in the great world-movement in behalf of the 'Great Unselfishness.' We still need such campaigns and conferences. We still need sermons and addresses on Foreign Missions.

"The truth is, I fear, that even today, with all the widening of thought, with all the brilliant generalizations of the philosophers, with all the bands of steel that girdle the planet and bring the continents together, with all the marvels of steam and printing and electricity which make men masters of space and conquerors of time, so that we are all citizens of one city, having Central Asia and Central Africa for suburbs, still we are behind the thought of Jesus Christ. We are not yet as wide-minded as He was. We are still content within the limits of a provincial and parochial Christianity. We still need sermons upon Foreign Missions.

"What we do not realize is that we need them, because we need sermons on Christianity. For Foreign Missions are only Christianity raised to its highest power. They simply mean our duty to our neghbor, when he is removed from the next door across the seas. Our real trouble is that we do not love our neighbor as we should, when we do, it will make little difference in our attitude towards him whether he lives in the next house, or the next block, or at the ends of the earth. Our real trouble is that we are too much in love with ourselves to bother much about where our neighbor lives, or how he lives, so long as he does not disturb us in our love for ourselves. When we learn to love him as ourselves it will make very little difference to use where he lies; and the man who loves his next-door neighbor best and treats him accordingly, will love his neighbor across the seas best also.

"There is no such thing as a charity that really begins at home, ending there. It will expand till it covers the earth. When Jesus said in that wonderful conversation which He had with Nicodemus, 'God so loved the world that He gave His only-begotten Son.' He was not preaching a Foreign Missionary sermon. He was preaching on regeneration, on conversion, on the beginning of the Christian life in the experience of the individual. And He gave him as the foundation principle on which religion rests the statement, 'God so loved the World!' He declared the first step, as well as the last, in the realization of the Christian gospel to be, faith in Foreign Missions, because Christianity is Foreign Missions—losing one's life for the sake of the other fellow in order to find it for the sake of one's self.

"If this be true then, there can be no one who professes and calls himself a Christian who will not be interested, who will not put his shoulder to the wheel in this effort to stimulate and educate interest in Foreign Missions. For he will see that his Christianity itself is at stake. That neither nationally nor parochially nor individually can it prosper or endure, unless it emulates the love of God and makes the World its parish.

"WM. H. MILTON,
"Rector St. James Church, Protestant Episcopal."

MASONIC GRAND LODGE WILL MEET IN RALEIGH.

Wilmington Will be Represented at Meeting—Banquet.

Mr. A. S. Holden, the capable secretary of St. John's Lodge No. 1, and one of the prominent Masons of the State, left yesterday for Raleigh to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons, which will be held in the Capital City beginning Tuesday and continuing through three days. It is expected that Mr. John S. McEachern and other well known Masons of the city will also attend the meeting. Mr. Holden is a member of several committees and will attend the committee meetings before the regular session convenes.

The Grand Lodge holds its annual meetings in Raleigh since the Masonic Temple was erected in that city. Urior to the erection of the building the meetings were held in various cities of the State.

More than a hundred Masons attended an elaborate banquet at St. John's Lodge Friday night, which was given in the banquet hall of the Masonic Temple. The toastmaster was Councilman B. A. Merritt, one of the well known Masons of the city. The banquet was served at 7:15 o'clock and followed the initiation of four candidates into the secrets of Masonry. It was a very enjoyable affair.

Begins Series of Sermons.

Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, will tonight begin a series of Sunday evening sermons on "Brains—Their Value and Use." There will be special music by the Acme Male Quartet. The public cordially invited.

Wm. H. Baxley, manager of the Germania Life Insurance Company of New York, expects to make 1914 the biggest year the company has ever had in the Carolinas. See his ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Where Religious Services Will be Conducted Today.

Fifth Street Methodist church, Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and receive new members. At 7:30 the pastor begins his series of Sunday evening sermons to young men. Subject, "Brains—Their Value and Use." Special music by the Acme Male Quartet. Come and bring a friend with you.

Trinity Methodist church, Ninth and Market streets, Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M., B. M. Wilson, superintendent. Epworth League Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock, conducted by the pastor. To all services of the church the public is cordially invited.

St. James' church, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector—Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. Evening prayer and sermon at 8. Organ and violin recital at 7:45. Everybody welcome. Come and bring a friend.

St. Matthew's Ev. Lutheran church, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Morning service at 11 o'clock, subject, "The First Word of the Lord." Evening service, subject, "Paul's Stand for Christ." Sunday school 10 A. M. Luther League 6:45. Wednesday evening services at 8 o'clock. All cordially welcome.

The Christian Science services are held in church edifice, corner of 17th and Market street, Sunday 11 A. M. Lesson sermon, "Sacrament." Sunday school meets immediately after morning service. Wednesday evening services are held in same edifice at 8 P. M. The reading room adjoining the church building is open daily except Sunday and legal holidays from 3:30 to 5 P. M. The public cordially invited to attend both services and reading room.

Brooklyn Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning subject "Do Your Best." Night subject, "The Red Flag." Junior B. Y. P. U. 10 A. M. Sunday school 3:30 P. M. Woman's Missionary Society Wednesday, 3:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night, and Teachers' meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

The Floating Christian Endeavor Society will hold services at the Wilmington Compress today at 10 A. M. and aboard the Seminole at 2 P. M. (if she is in port.) The business meeting of the society will be held tomorrow, Monday, night at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. T. C. Findley. A full attendance of members expected.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor—At 10:30 Preparatory service for Holy Communion. Preaching service at 11 A. M., subject of sermon, "Keep Yourselves from Idols." New members will be received. Service at 7:30 P. M., subject, "The Master's Call." Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. The public is cordially invited to all services.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy Communion at 7:30 A. M. Service and sermon 11 A. M. Sunday school 4 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon 8 o'clock. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

St. John's Mission, 1313 North Fourth street—Sunday school 9:30 A. M. Service next Wednesday night at 7:30 o'clock. All are invited.

Dr. Samuel R. Maxwell will preach at the Christian church, on Dock street, between Third and Fourth, today, morning and evening. Subject in the morning at 11 A. M. "The Eagle." Subject in the evening at 7:30, "Where is Hell?"

Grace Methodist church, corner of Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M., M. F. Allen, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth Friday evening at 8 o'clock. The public cordially invited to all services.

First Baptist church—Worship at 11 A. M., subject, "God Manifest in the Flesh." At 7:30 P. M., "A Door of Hope." Sunday school 9:45 A. M., J. H. Foster, D. D., pastor.

There will be preaching this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at Castle Haynes by Rev. W. M. Craig, assistant pastor of the First Baptist church. The public cordially invited.

NEGRO KILLED AT ACME.

Vance Beatty Shot by Jesse Davis, Colored, at a "Festibule."

A message was received last night at midnight by the police from the mayor of Acme asking them to watch for Jesse Davis, colored, who, the mayor stated, shot Vance Beatty, colored, at a "festibule" near that place last night. It was thought that he would board a train bound for Wilmington. Policeman H. G. Bullard was immediately sent to Hilton on the police motorcycle but failed to find anyone corresponding in description to the negro wanted.

Plainclothesmen Frank George and B. W. Jacobs also assisted in the search. The negro is described as being ginger cake in color, five feet, 11 inches high, has scar on face, probably right side, had a grey cap and brown trousers with stripe, and blue jumper overalls and wore tan shoes. No particulars of the trouble was given.

Wm. H. Baxley, manager of the Germania Life Insurance Company of New York, expects to make 1914 the biggest year the company has ever had in the Carolinas. See his ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

Have you read the big insurance ad on page 14? (advertisement.)

POLICE KEPT BUSY.

Number of Arrests Made Last Night. All for Minor Offenses.

The police were kept busy last night with the result that quite a number are safely domiciled behind the prison bars for offenses of various kinds, none of them being serious. Henry Willie, colored, was arrested by Policeman A. E. Mund on a charge of shooting a pistol in the city limits; T. R. Rouse, by the same officer for being drunk and disorderly; Oscar Smith, colored, by Plainclothesman Frank George, for being drunk and for assaulting his wife.

Rebecca Moore and Harry Rose, both colored, in which the former was alleged to have thrown a piece of glass at Rose, and the latter in retaliation hit her with his fist. The fracas occurred in Strauss' alley. Policeman T. M. Hall placed them under arrest for assault and for an affray. Matt Green, colored, was arrested by Policeman J. F. Jordan, charged with violating the automobile law. He gave bond for his appearance before the Recorder. James Williams, colored, was arrested by Plainclothesman Leon George, charged with carrying concealed weapons.

"TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS."

They Will Occur as Long as Newspapers Are Printed.

(Tampa Times.)

What editor has not had irate correspondents send him "cussin'" letters or come charging into the sanctum—if there is any such place—and jump on him—figuratively speaking—with both feet for "ruining" that precious production on the cows cropping his shrubbery or his neighbors' chickens flying over his fence!

The epistle may have covered a half column "set solid" and ruinous damage may have consisted of a misplaced comma or a pair of transposed letters or a dropped preposition; but the aggrieved author refuses to be mollified or appeased. He thinks that "printers" are fools or fiends, and either spoiled his chef d'ouvre for want of sense or destroyed it out of pure devilitry.

And then how often do we hear the casual reader say while glancing over a paper, "I don't see what in the world makes these newspaper people so careless. They make perfect nonsense of the most serious matters sometimes, when it would have been just as easy to have had it right."

Perhaps if the same censors knew something of the work of the compositor and the proofreader they would be more sparing in their blame and less severe in their censure.

Just to give them an idea, let us take a few figures: The minimum number of pages the Times ever publishes is 12; each page has seven columns, making 84 columns in the paper; each column has 225 lines; each line has an average of 33 letters, punctuation points and spaces. There are, on an average, in a 12-page issue of the Times about 46 columns of reading matter to approximately 38 columns of advertisements. In the 46 columns of reading matter—taking no account of the advertisements—there are 10,350 lines and 341,550 letters, etc.

When it is remembered that every one of these letters in linotype composition, such as is used on the Times, is made by the touching of a separate key on the machine—if it was hand composition every letter and punctuation point and space would have to be lifted singly from the case and placed in the stick by the fingers—an idea of the ability to error can be faintly formed from the fact that the touch of a single wrong key means a wrong letter, the touching of two right keys in the wrong order means transposed letters.

Can it be expected that men can go on, day after day, making 341,550 separate motions every day—and twice this number some days—and make every one of them right? Yet that is just what it means to set up a newspaper the size of the Times, at the smallest, entirely without errors.

Well, it may be said, the proofreaders ought to correct the errors. Yes, that's what we have them for; and they do correct hundreds. But even they are human, after all, and exercising the utmost care and scanning these columns and lines and letters as closely as possible, two and in some cases three times, errors will get by the best of them. It is probable that the entirely erroriess paper has never yet been printed. As long as the human factor in the preparation of a newspaper continues to be the principal one—and that, of course, must be always—there will continue to be "typographical" errors.

Now that you know something more about the opportunities for and the liabilities to errors, don't you think that you will make some allowance hereafter for the few trifling mistakes that the linotype man makes and that get by the proofreader, even though they may, as you think, spoil your pet production?

MEXICO OWNED BY FOREIGNERS.

While the educated Mexicans have been busy making political speeches in high hats and frock coats, foreign capitalists, American and European, have quietly taken possession of their country.

Whatever the average Mexican does, he touches elbows with the capitalistic foreigner. On a railroad journey he rides in an American train, hauled by American locomotives in charge of an American engineer. In every large town he rides in an American trolley car; if he can read, he does so frequently under electric lights or gas installed by foreign capital. The oil for his lamps and other purposes comes from his own country, but it is owned and pumped out by American or English enterprise. He deposits his money, when he has any, usually in banks which are owned by foreigners, particularly Frenchmen. When the Mexican senora goes shopping, she makes her purchases usually at a French department store. She buys her household supplies in many cases from a grocery shop kept by a Spaniard. The head of the household looking for strong drink, commonly resorts to a cantina managed by a Spaniard. The Mexican buys his hardware and his cutlery at shops controlled by Germans. Even the greatest sources of the nation's wealth, the mines, have practically passed out of the hands of Mexicans. The Mexican miner of the present time is a man who works as a day laborer in mines or smelters controlled by foreigners. A recent exhibit shows that Mexicans own more than foreigners only in houses, lands and live stock, breweries and small retail stores. They also control the theatrical business—the American theatrical syndicate, for some reason or other, not yet having invaded this particular field.—The World's Work.

Be good to your mother, boy. She is the only person in the world who passes sleepless nights trying to figure out some plan whereby she can take your castor oil for you.

Have you read the big insurance ad on page 14? (advertisement.)

BEAUTIFUL HAIR--A CLEAN, COOL SCALP

Use Parisian Sage. It Makes the Hair Soft, Wavy, Abundant—Cleanses and Invigorates the Scalp.

If your hair is anything short of perfect; if it is losing color, too dry, brittle, thin, or if the scalp burns and itches, immediately begin the use of Parisian Sage. The first application removes dandruff, cools and invigorates the scalp, and beautifies the hair until it is gloriously radiant.

Parisian Sage supplies hair needs and does not injure either the hair or scalp. It contains the exact elements needed to make the hair soft, wavy, glossy, and to make it grow thick and beautiful. It is delicately perfumed—not sticky or greasy. Sold in fifty cent bottles only by Robt. R. Bellamy and at all drug and toilet counters.

Parisian Sage acts instantly—one application stops the head from itching and freshens up the hair. Use it daily for a week and you will be surprised and delighted. Parisian Sage is one of the quickest-acting hair tonics known. Everyone needs it.

(advertisement.)

IMPROVEMENT AT LUMBERTON

Town Soon to Have New Fire Fighting Apparatus and Alarm System —News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., January 10.—Steady and permanent improvement is marking the beginning of the new year in Lumberton. Mayor White stated to your correspondent last night that an order had been given for an auto fire fighting apparatus, which will be delivered within the next 90 days. When this new machine arrives a man will be kept on the job all the time so that at the sound of the fire alarm there will be no delay in getting to the scene. An extra hose wagon also will be kept in readiness to move at a moment's notice. A representative of a fire alarm system will be here Monday, when an order will be placed for a new system for the town. The "system" here now is considered worse than nothing at all, for, although it is dead, everybody doesn't know it, and in case of fire, much valuable time might be lost trying to give an alarm. The new equipment for fighting fire and the new alarm system will put Lumberton up in the second class and will, in a very few years, pay for itself in reducing the insurance rate, it is believed. The cost of new apparatus and alarm system will be something like $7,500, while the net saving to the town should be $1,200 to $1,500 a year in insurance reduction. The present town administration is being commended for its progressiveness.

The town has asked for bids for more paving work to be done. Chestnut street is to be paved from the railroad yard to Sixth street, and at the same time the cross streets between Elm and Chestnut will be paved up to and including Sixth. Fourth and Fifth streets will be paved from Chestnut to the river. Chestnut is rapidly becoming one of the business streets of the town and will, before many years, be as good as any.

Now the County Commissioners are accused of following the suggestion in the Scriptures where something is said about giving to him that hath, and to him that hath not—well, he can go where they don't shovel snow. They are charged with giving the late Mr. Abner Nash's unfinished work to two men who already hold good jobs, for more money than the man who had no job offered to do it for. The Board of Commissioners is composed of men who have the reputation of being mighty good ones, and, in the language of Major Anderson, "there must be a reason."

Your correspondent recently has heard two men say that money was tight in this section. The third man need not make the assertion to convince the writer of that fact, as he believes the statement made by the two men, but he saw $15,000 in hard cash going from here to Wilmington yesterday. During the past few days your correspondent has been shown a gold quarter and a gold half dollar, which indicates that gold is on the move. Mayor White is the owner of the golden half, but the quarter belongs out of town.

Her First Show.

Long years ago the father of the writer was a justice of the peace and was occasionally called upon to make "two hearts beat as one." The first marriage the writer ever saw was that of a colored couple, and "our daddy" tied the knot. During his term of office he was requested to go eight miles on the night of January 29, 1872, to marry a couple. The weather was so cold he could not undertake riding, and, accompanied by one of his younger brothers, walked the eight miles to perform the ceremony. It was late when they arrived, but the young couple with many friends were patiently waiting. Since then the writer has often seen the groom, but does not remember seeing the bride, since before her marriage until Thursday, when they came to town to see the picture show. The lady said she was 63 years of age and that was the first show of any kind she ever visited.

"Victory," the great five-reel picture which was shown at the Pastime Theatre Thursday afternoon and night, delighted more people than any other one picture ever shown here. It was impossible for everybody to get in the theatre and many went away disappointed. However, the picture will be repeated just as soon as it can be secured, and shown until all have had an opportunity to see it.

The Deese stables on the corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets, and the blacksmith shop just south of the stables, are things of the past as they have been torn down this week and the timbers are being moved away to be converted into stables and other buildings on farms in the country. It will not be long ere a brick building will take the place of the old stables.

It is really gratifying to note the interest that is being taken by the people of this community, especially the young folks, in the different savings institutions in town. The "Christmas Club" plan inaugurated by the Bank of Lumberton last year, put hundreds of dollars into circulation here at Christmas that would have been gone long before if it had not been for the club. The writer is told that the Christmas Club for 1914 has started off with more than double the membership of last year.

Might Move His Paper.

Editor A. C. Johnston, of the Rowland Sun, was here the first of the week, looking over the situation with a view to moving his paper to Lumberton. It is not learned if he came to any decision. From some remarks heard, your correspondent is of the opinion that quite a number of people in this section would like to see The Advance revived.

Many new students entered the graded school at its opening Tuesday. The attendance at the school increases each year, so that some of the rooms are now badly crowded and it is only a question of a short time when more room will have to be provided, if the children are to be taken care of.

While attending some kind of a society meeting at the graded school building last night, Clarence McNeill, probably 14, and Earl Townsend, perhaps 16, students, exchanged courtesies, using language not fit to write or print. On the way downtown the trouble was ended for the time being when McNeill cut a gash in Townsend which required the attention of a physician, who found it necessary to take six stitches to repair the damage. The next act will probably be pulled off in the presence of the Recorder.

Another Weekly Newspaper?

It now seems that there might be another weekly newspaper venture in Lumberton as we know two or three gentlemen who are seriously considering the matter. If their plans materialize, the paper will be established without buying an outfit, the work being done by contract. If the venture is made, it is useless to say that it will be a Democratic sheet as those interested are of that faith, but will fight any man for office whom they do not think qualified to fill it, and will oppose electing any man to office for life.

Your correspondent is in position to swear that corn meal sold in Lumberton this week at 11 cents per pound. It was just common corn meal, nothing fancy about it, put up like liver pudding.

During the past few days fresh pork has been plentiful on this market. The writer hears of one man who carried a big load back home because he couldn't get his price.

Bethune Goes to Washington.

Mr. W. K. Bethune, business manager of The Robesonian, who several months ago received a government appointment, will leave next week for Washington to take up his duties. Mr. Bethune expects to be away several months. While all Lumberton people will regret his departure, they wish for him great success in the discharge of his official duties.

Mr. J. H. Todd, who has been with the Realty and Insurance Co., for several months, has resigned and will leave in a day or two for his home at Lenoir, N. C., where he has taken a position with a bank. Mr. Todd has made many friends during his stay in Lumberton who regret very much that he will leave.

As already noted, Mr. W. G. Barnes, for the past two or three years stenographer in the law office of McLean, Varser & McLean, has resigned and will leave next week for Raleigh, where he will be with the Corporation Commission.

Bank in New Building.

The Farmers & Merchants' Bank has finished moving and is now at home in its own building, corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets. The McDonald Drug Company will begin moving Monday from the Waverly Hotel building to the building vacated by the bank.

Mr. H. G. Meares, who conducts a fruit and grocery business in a tent on South Elm street, is convinced that cigarettes will make people steal, and he has good reason for his decision. Thursday night some cigarette fiend cut a hole in Mr. Meares' tent large enough to reach through and lift a box of cigarettes. Nothing else was taken. The temptation was there.

Sheriff Lewis says he hates to give anyone trouble but that he must have the taxes for 1913. The sheriff says he has waited as long as he can and now he is forced to do something.

Rural Policeman Eli Phillips is some kind of an officer sure enough, policeman, deputy sheriff and magistrate. He can issue papers, serve papers, marry people and if anybody wants to get shook up let him start something in the presence of Officer Phillips.

Sees Second Town.

Mr. B. S. Brinkley, of Watha, Pender county, was a Lumberton visitor today. He came to visit his nephew, Tom Branch. Mr. Brinkley says he is 65 years old, and that he is now further from home than ever before. The route he came, via Wilmington, puts him 97 miles from home. He said this morning Lumberton was the second town he had ever seen, Wilmington being the other. Mr. Brinkley, like all other visitors, is delighted with Lumberton.

Superintendent McNeill, of the oil mill, told your correspondent this morning that they were just about 100 bales of cotton behind what they ginned last season, but while that was the case with their business, many gins in the country had not ginned more than one-half.

Mr. James D. Proctor, one of Lumberton's most prominent young attorneys, was not forgotten by his friends during the holidays, many sending greetings in different shapes and forms. Truth is, he has not yet had time to go through all of the many interesting books, etc., which he received, but yesterday opened up one of the books which was a surprise from Washington City. It is a copy of the Commissioner of Agriculture's report for the year 1886. That book was made before Mr. Proctor was old enough to read.

Have you read the big insurance ad on page 14? (advertisement.)

FATAL ACCIDENT IN ANSON.

William E. Clark Killed at a Saw Mill at Lilesville.

Lilesville, N. C., January 10.—William E. Clark was fatally injured on Thursday at his saw mill while attempting to put a belt on the driving wheel of the engine. He was carried to Charlotte that night for treatment, but died there early yesterday morning.

He was a popular young man and is survived by five brothers.

PROBATION LAW WANTED

One of Several Recommendations of State Board of Charities in Its Annual Report to Governor.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 10.—The annual report of the State Board of Charities was filed with Governor Craig this morning by Miss Daisy Denson, as secretary, and contains a number of important recommendations. These include the following:

That an effective probation law be enacted for the State and county convicts.

That a board of parole be created to parole and pardon with the approval of the Governor.

That the board of prison directors be appointed as boards of other institutions with alternating terms to assure stable policies.

That the county convict camps be under the State board with executive power.

That the State farm should be developed as the ideal way of utilizing the convicts and the farm equipment improved.

That a hospital be established on the State farm for tuberculosis patients among the convicts.

That some reasonable per cent. of the earnings of convicts be paid to dependents.

That all counties be required to enforce compulsory baths among prisoners.

That all institutions have special equipment for determining and caring for those inmates mentally defective.

Summary of Reports.

The summary of reports shows that 89 counties reporting have 483 jail prisoners, of whom 128 are white men, 12 white women, 294 negro men and 41 negro women. The various counties in the State pay out a total of $151,423 for charities to the dependent poor. Wake is reported as just erecting a $75,000 county hospital for the care of its dependent poor and infirm, and Rockingham has just provided a new $30,000 home. The counties of Bladen, Dare, Pender, Tyrrell, Yancey and Camden have no county homes and the counties of Carteret, Clay, Graham, Currituck, Hoke, Onslow and Polk have homes that are not now in use.

STRIKE BREAKERS IMPORTED

Is Report of Department of Labor's Investigation of Michigan Strike Trouble.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The report of the Department of Labor's investigation of the Michigan copper strike made public here today declares that strike breakers were imported into the copper region by misrepresentations that some were taken to the mines at the point of pistols, that strikers were wounded by firearms in the hands of armed guards, but that no evidence was found of officers being injured by the strikers.

It was pointed out that while many of the smaller copper mining companies in the region were operating at a loss, the Calumet-Hecla company, which employs more than 50 per cent of the men in the region, had "had extremely large profits." With an authorized capital of $2,500,000, of which $1,200,000 was paid in, the report declared that since 1871 the company has paid $121,050,000 in dividends and re-invested $75,000,000 in its property. It pays wages for a 10 to 11 hour day ranging from $2.89 to $3.62 and with an average of $3.28, while the average day wage of the other companies is $2.74. The report also points out the welfare work the company conducts for its employes, such as hospitals, a pension fund and the like.

The report was made upon the investigations of Walter B. Palmer, a special agent of the Department of Labor; John A. Moffitt and John B. Densmore, solicitors for the department, who were sent to the copper region as conciliators.

Secretary Wilson, making public a summary of the report today, declined to say what his next step would be, but intimated that the findings of his investigators might be made the basis of a proposed Congressional inquiry.

No Statement Forthcoming.

Calumet, Mich., Jan. 10.—Mine managers of the copper strike district tonight were disinclined to discuss the Department of Labor's recommendations on the strike situation, saying only partial reports of its contents had reached them. Some of the principal points, however, had come to their attention and these were taken up by A. E. Petermann, of counsel for the Calumet and Hecla Mining Co.; F. W. Denton, of the copper range consolidated. In a statement Petermann said:

"We take it that the charges relating to the alleged shooting of workmen and excessive profits came from Walter B. Palmer, as he was the only one of the three Department of Labor men who visited us who came as an investigator.

"The charge that outside workmen were induced to come to the district through misrepresentation can be disproven. The Calumet and Hecla, for instance, has on its file a signed application for work from every imported man. Furthermore, the word 'strike' was printed in letters half an inch high so that this one word was bound to catch the eye the first thing. Each workman retained a copy of this agreement.

"The charge that men were taken to the mines at the point of pistols is absolutely not true. Guards accompanied the men from the trains, but this was necessary to protect them from the strikers. Mr. Palmer could scarcely have misunderstood this condition.

"The position of the companies on arbitration has not changed. It simply is this, that no proposition for such action can be considered which disregards the rights of 10,000 men working for the company and includes consideration of the Western Federation of Miners.

"Any argument in favor of the strikers from the standpoint of the profits of the Calumet and Hecla is not worthy an answer. The fact that the Federation itself has expressed itself as satisfied with wage conditions proves it is silly.

"Mr. Palmer asked a hundred and ten questions of each company and each company kept duplicates of its answers. We shall take great interest in seeing if facts favorable to the companies have been suppressed or glossed over."

Gone Again.

Houghton, Mich., Jan. 10.—Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, left the copper strike district again tonight. This time he went of his own free will, announcing that he was en route to Chicago with the idea of attending the coming meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor in Washington.

Mr. Moyer traveled on the same train on which he was an unwilling passenger the night of December 26th. The strike is left in charge of R. S. McKennis, of Denver. Charles Tanner, auditor of the union, who was deported with Mr. Moyer and returned with him to testify before the grand jury, remained on the ground.

JAMES W. PRITCHETT, OF WAYNE GETS PARDON.

Has Served More Than Third of 30-Year Sentence.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 10.—After serving more than 11 years of a 30-year sentence in the penitentiary for second degree murder, James W. Pritchett, of Wayne county, gets a pardon from Governor Craig, who has received a touching plea from the prisoner's aged mother, who is about 100 years old. The prisoner himself is now 70 years old. The evidence is that the prisoner was drunk at the time of the killing and did not realize what he was doing. The trial judge wrote the Governor that indications now are that the prisoner was driven to desperation and drink by an unfaithful wife and was in a deplorable condition at the time he did the deed. Furthermore, that he had always borne a good character as an industrious and reliable man. Solicitor Armistead Jones also recommended the pardon. The prisoner's health is broken and he has grown old and unable to work.

After serving nearly three years of a five-year sentence for embezzlement, H. F. Roberts, of Buncombe county, receives a pardon from Governor Craig on condition that he remain of good behavior. The pardon is recommended by Judge Lane and Solicitor Mark Brown and by numbers of the county officers and many citizens. The prisoner was robust at the time he was committed to serve his term, but is now a physical wreck.

The plans of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce for preparing for its campaign against the boll weevil inspire confidence. It wants a fund of $50,000 with which to conduct its campaign and that amount will be none too large. A very great deal of work will be necessary to thoroughly educate the farmers as to what methods to employ to lessen the effectiveness of the weevil—in fact, to practically put the weevil out of business. About all of the farmers of the State know about the weevil but a majority of them perhaps haven't yet informed themselves as to the methods that are the best in fighting it. They have heard of the weevil's coming so long that many of them have come to the conclusion that it will never invade Georgia or that if it does it will not do a great deal of harm. They are mistaken, of course, as they will find out to their sorrow, but it is going to take a great deal of effort to convince them of their mistake, to arouse them to make the necessary preparations for the weevil's coming.—Savannah News.

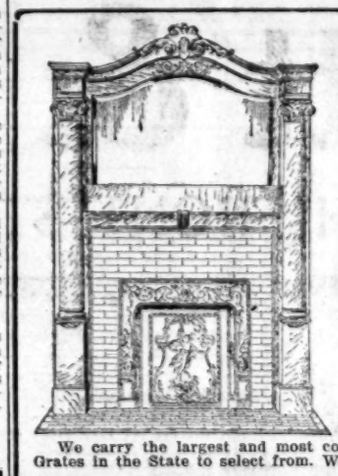
We all like to imagine that we are worked to death. But no man is nearly as busy as he thinks he is.

You may find white blackbirds and singing swans in the world. But you can't find a good woman who will forgive a bad one.

Nothing like Insurance. See the big ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

AMERICAN BOY SHOES

The Upper—Soft as a Glove. The Sole—As Tough as Rawhide, and Will Twice Outwear the Ordinary Shoes
—Sold by—
PETERSON & RULFS



Everything
—from—
Foundation to Roof

Rock Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hydrate Lime, Brick, Shingles, Laths, Slate, Terra Cotta Pipe and Fitting, all sizes. Drain Tile, Asphalt Roofing, Deadening Felt, Slaters' Felt, Building Paper, Etc. Sash, Doors, Blinds and Mouldings.

We carry the largest and most complete stock of Mantels, Tile and Grates in the State to select from. Write for catalogue and prices.

The Builders' Supply Co.
Nos. 7 and 9 Chesnut Street. Wilmington, N. C.

Office Supplies

Loose-Leaf Ledgers and Memo. Books, Y. & E. Vertical Files and Card Index Systems, Typewriter Supplies, Ribbons for All Machines, Inks, Pens and Pencils.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET
'PHONE 26. 32 N. FRONT ST.

Peredixo Cream

The Most Effective Toilet Cream on the Market. Really cleanses, whitens and preserves the skin. Call 55, if you want quick service,

HARDIN'S PHARMACY
126 SO. FRONT ST.

W. B. THORPE & CO.
ANTHRACITE COAL BITUMINOUS
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.
Lime, Cement, Plaster, Etc.
Prompt Service, Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MI-O-NA QUICKLY ENDS INDIGESTION

Do not continue to suffer with indigestion or dyspepsia causing heartburn, dizziness, after-dinner distress, headache, biliousness, pain in the bowers, or sour and gassy stomach. Get effective and lasting relief at once. Buy from any druggist—today—a fifty cent box of Mi-o-na Tablets. They quickly and surely end indigestion and stomach distress, are pleasant to take and perfectly harmless.

Mi-o-na is one of the most dependable remedies for disordered stomachs. It heals the sore and inflamed membranes and is not only a digestive and antacid giving prompt and effective relief, but is a tonic that tones up and strengthens the entire digestive system—the flow of gastric juices is increased, then the food is properly digested and assimilated—you enjoy robust health.

Why suffer stomach distress another hour? It is not only needless but may be dangerous—many serious diseases are the result of neglected stomach ills.

Do not delay—get a box of Mi-o-na from Robt. R. Bellamy, take them as directed, and if you are not entirely satisfied with results—money refunded.

(advertisement.)

Grand Theatre

Four of the latest film creations, including a special two-reel special Vitagraph's
"LOVE'S SUNSET"
Something Extra Fine.

Lubin's Wonderful Film Story
"AN ENEMY'S AID"
Stirring and Dramatic.

Yet another Swell Film is Selig's Picturesque Picture
"NAN OF THE WOODS"

Mrs. Fiske will e seen at the Grand Wednesday and Thursday, 14th and 15th.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 14, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90, ! 8:00 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91, a 1:15 A.M.
No. 81, * 8:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 86, *12:20 A.M.
No. 64, ! 8:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65, ! 6:25 P.M.
No. 45, * 8:20 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P.M.
No. 83, * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 82, * 5:05 P.M.
No. 85, * 3:15 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 84, * 1:40 P.M.
No. 62, * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63, *12:50 P.M.
No. 59, * 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate stations.	No. 60, 10:15 A.M.
No. 43, * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Brailer, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, 10:00 A.M.
No. 57, ! 7:00 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58, ! 9:45 A.M.

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 6th, 1913.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EASTBOUND. Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park.	EASTBOUND. Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	EASTBOUND. Leave Front and Princess for Beach.	WESTBOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington.	WESTBOUND. Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington.	WESTBOUND. Leave Beach for Wilmington.
* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:30 A.M.	* 6:20 A.M.	* 6:15 A.M.	
			* 7:30 " "	* 7:25 " "	
			! 7:50 " "	! 7:45 " "	! 7:35 A.M.
8:55 " "	8:55 " "	! 8:55 " "	*8:01 " "	*7:50 " "	*7:40 " "
* 8:00 " "	* 8:00 " "		* 8:41 " "	* 8:30 " "	
8:30 " "	8:30 " "	8:30 " "	9:36 " "	9:25 " "	9:15 " "
			10:31 " "	10:20 " "	
10:00 " "	10:00 " "	10:00 " "	11:06 " "	10:55 " "	10:45 " "
11:30 " "	11:30 " "	11:30 " "	12:36 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
1:30 P.M.	1:10 P.M.	1:10 P.M.	2:01 " "	1:50 " "	o 1:45 " "
x 1:55 " "	x 1:55 " "		x 2:36 " "	x 2:25 " "	
x|| 2:35 " "			x|| 3:05 " "		
3:00 " "	3:00 " "	3:00 " "	x 3:50 " "		
3:30 " "			4:06 " "	3:55 " "	3:45 " "
x 4:10 " "			x 4:30 " "		
4:30 " "	4:30 " "	4:30 " "	x 5:10 " "		
x 4:50 " "			5:36 " "	6:25 " "	6:15 " "
5:30 " "	5:30 " "		6:11 " "	6:00 " "	
6:10 " "	6:10 " "		6:51 " "	6:40 " "	
6:40 " "	6:40 " "	6:40 " "	7:45 " "	7:30 " "	7:20 " "
7:15 " "	7:15 " "		8:00 " "	7:55 " "	
8:30 " "	8:30 " "	8:30 " "	9:36 " "	9:25 " "	9:15 " "
! 9:15 " "	! 9:15 " "		! 9:56 " "	! 9:45 " "	
10:00 " "	10:00 " "		10:41 " "	10:30 " "	
11:15 " "	11:15 " "		11:56 A.M.	11:45 A.M.	

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour, from 9:00 to 5:00 P. M
Leave Beach, every half hour, from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

* Daily, except Sunday.
! Sundays only.
x Superseded by half-hour schedule Sunday afternoons.
|| This car goes through to Sea Gate; returning, leaves Sea Gate at 8 P. M.
o Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Leaves 9th and Orange strets daily, except Sunday, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open, daily, except Sunday, 2:30 to 5:30 P. M.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
Steamship Navahoe, Fri., Jan. 9th, 1914.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., Jan. 16th, 1914.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., Jan. 5th, 1914.
Steamship Navahoe, Mon., Jan. 12th, 1914.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Jan. 10th, 1914.
Steamship Navahoe, Sat., Jan. 17th, 1914.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
M. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES
(Open to the Public) will be made for
SPECIAL OCCASIONS
Via the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Standard Railroad of the South.
To Points and on Dates Named, With Return Limits as follows—the Amount in Parenthesis Representing the Round Trip Fare from Wilmington. Correspondingly low rates from other points.

Jacksonville, Fla.

January 11, 12 and 13. Return limit January 24, 1914. ($20.95).

Richmond, Va., February 21st, 22nd, 24th and for trains scheduled to arrive Richmond on February 24th. Return limit, March 4th, 1914 ($8.10.)

For rates, schedules, reservations and any further information apply to ticket agents, or write the undersigned

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
Wilmington, N. C.

DR. L. C. ALLEN
OSTEOPATH
47-48 TRUST BUILDING
Office Hours: 9 to 1; 3 to 5. Telephone Connections.
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BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Seaboard Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective January 4th, 1914.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON

No. 19—5 A. M.; arrive Hamlet, 9:00 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:20 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains No. 4, for Raleigh, Norfolk and Richmond, and all points North, and with No. 1, for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, and all points South. At Monroe, with train No. 29, for Atlanta. Daily Sleeper on No. 19, for Charlotte and intermediate Points, open at 10 o'clock P. M.

No. 13—3:45 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:30 P. M. Leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North.

Pullman Chair Car Between Wilmington and Charlotte.

No. 23—5:35 P. M.; arrives Hamlet 9:45 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Raleigh, Norfolk and Richmond, and all points north.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 20—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and Intermediate Points.

No. 24—10:00 A. M., from Hamlet and Intermediate points.

No. 14—11:59 A. M., from Charlotte and Intermediate points.

For further information as to rates, reservations, or folders, call on or 'phone 178.

J. F. DAVIS,
City Ticket Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
E. E. HUNTER,
Division Freight Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
Division Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 am.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars. N and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

NEW WILMINGTON MAP

SOLD BY
Southern Map Company
DRAWING MATERIALS
Southern Bldg. Wilmington, N.C.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders, and postal money orders, for the paper should be made payable, and all communications should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

Sunday, January 11, 1914.

The Spring fashions are on the way.

Big Business is coming in. The water's fine.

Who is going to intervene among Mississippi's politicians?

Buy your ticket to Wilmington to look around and start something.

Advertise North Carolina products by making plenty of them to ship away.

After the war in Mexico then comes reconstruction. We are sorry for Mexico.

Once again, the colored race needs to be saved from some of its radical Northern friends.

No fast man was ever known to keep up with his running expenses. He falls down on nimself too often.

Sooner or later the actions of the Hon. John Lind may speak louder than his words, which, so far, have only been heard by President Wilson.

This thing of fighting on an international boundary ought to look good to the man who wants to "cross over the river and rest under the shade of the trees."

The crane boat Alexander Lavalley was the first steamer to pass through the Panama canal. On Wednesday she made her way from the gulf side to the Pacific coast.

The average citizen of the Third Congressional District will sooner or later have to shake hands with about eight gentlemen who want to be a member of the next House.

Fort Worth packing houses are importing Mexican cattle 1,000 miles by rail and water, and it is a new kind of commerce that is making things lively on the water front at Galveston.

The Houston Chronicle inquires: "If women ruled the world would they heed the cry 'Votes for men'?" Well, they would be perfectly satisfied for the present to cast their "votes for men."

A convention up North has been discussing the ideal wife. The ideas expressed about it by the speakers were extremely flattering to North Carolina girls, because they fill the ideal agreed upon.

The postoffices in dry territory will soon get in the first class. Uncle Sam refuses to carry booze in his parcel post, but he is letting the money order facilities of the Postoffice Department be used to make it easy to order what is wanted.

Even some "gude folk" are certifying that there is nothing the matter with the tango. "Vice is a monster of such frieghtful mien, That to be hated needs but to be seen. But seen too oft, familiar with its face, We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

It is said Tom Taggart, National Democratic chairman in Indiana, is going up against Wilson. For the love of Mike, Tom fails to see that all the trusts have seen that it is no use to try to hold out against the kind of President that the country has needed for 30 years.

The Star felicitates its enterprising evening contemporary, The Dispatch, upon its 19th birthday, which occurred yesterday. Bigger, brighter, aggressive and fearless, it has won for itself a niche in the newspaperdom of the State that it is destined to occupy for years to come, and it is a pleasure for The Star to make this record of its splendid achievement.

Dunn is subscribing stock for two tobacco warehouses to encourage the cultivation of tobacco in Harnett and the surrounding counties. The warehouse is the pioneer of the industry, and if they get the co-operation of the farmers, the industry is assured. Fayetteville, Lumberton, Fairmont, Mount Olive and other towns are moving along the same line, and the prospects are that the growing of bright tobacco will be considerably extended in eastern North Carolina the coming season. The prosperity of some of our eastern towns is based upon cotton and tobacco, which seems to be a good combination for the farmers. They should not overlook the peanut as a ready cash crop.

CORN AND THE TARIFF.

The importation of farm products under the new tariff gives us a new opportunity to study economic problems as they arise. Heretofore, America has been an exporter of food products, but now that production has fallen below the demand at home, we find ourselves importing corn and beef. It is not only interesting but practical for us to observe the results, and so far as our importation of corn goes, here is something illuminating from the editorial columns of that great commercial and economic journal, the New York Journal of Commerce:

"The importation of corn from Argentina affords a good illustration of the effect of removing duties, at least from natural products of the country which are of prime necessity. Heretofore the United States has produced the entire supply for the needs of its own people and has usually had a surplus for export. In such a condition, the tariff had practically no effect upon price, because there was no chance of competition of the foreign product in the domestic market. Where there was a short crop prices rose, affecting not only the grain, but the cost of food animals fed upon it. With the short crop of last year and the almost simultaneous removal of tariff duties the opportunity came for competition from countries producing at low cost a surplus for export.

"The result has been the coming of cargoes of corn from Argentina in considerable quantity. The annual yield of that country in the latest years has been less than 300,000,000 bushels, while that of the United States is normally ten times as much. Last year's crop showed a shortage of at least 500,000,000 bushels below the recent average, or about twice the entire Argentine crop. The effect of this was an advance in price and it rose to 86 cents a bushel at New York in September. The coming of less than 8,000,000 bushels from Argentina has caused a decline of 15 cents since that time, which shows the effect of a relatively small addition to the supply in the time of serious deficiency. This is a substantial relief to consumers and has a material effect upon the trade and upon transportation, as it checks somewhat the Eastern movement and meets it in some measure by an unwonted movement westward to the nearer interior points.

"This tariff effect upon natural products is quite different from that upon manufacturers. Such crop products are raised but once a year and brought into the primary markets during a short period. By no effort can the annual supply be then increased, and the price will be determined by a year's demand, unless affected by importation. That is what makes it always to a certain extent speculative and gives such importance to exchange calculations. The production of manufactures is continuous, and prices respond readily to variations in supply and demand. Supply can increase with demand and demand will fall off with diminished supply and rising price. There will be a continual tendency to adjustment in both directions. The lowering of duties will stimulate competition in production as well as in trade. The benefit may come in cheaper production as well as larger supply. As the production of corn depends so largely upon climatic conditions, the present importation from South America does not necessarily imply any falling off in future domestic crops, which may again become profitable at lower prices and stop foreign competition."

Since the agricultural interests of the country are specially concerned in this question and as it is one that equally affects consumers, we have reproduced the entire editorial of our valued contemporary. It shows how a low tariff affects prices, and it gives us a good illustration of how even the tariff question may affect the farmers of the country in a direct way.

THE GOVERNMENT'S RAILROAD.

The United States government last year made a profit of $2,179,175 on its one railroad. The government owns the stock of the Panama Railroad, paralleling the canal, and the line is operated by Uncle Sam. His railroaders made what appears to be a good showing for your old Uncle last year. The sixty-fourth annual report of the Panama Railroad Company, which was issued on Thursday, shows that in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1913, the operations resulted in a net income in the amount named above.

The profit was figured up, after all the cost of operations and maintenance, and fixed charges of $113,585, as well as charges for depreciation of rolling stock and floating equipment, had been met. These figures include the operation of the steamship line owned by the railroad and operated on the Pacific side. The gross operating revenue of the company for the year was $6,750,321, and the operating expenses were $4,609,321, leaving a net balance of $2,050,342, compared with a net of $1,684,606 in 1912. The increased profit the past year over the previous year was $365,736.

The net profit on the steamship line was $221,489. The total operating revenues of the company's steamship line was $2,151,157, an increase of $153,754, over the previous year, or 7.70 per cent. as compared with the previous twelve months. The railroad earned a net revenue of $702,939 in four months, and the steamship line a net revenue of $95,781.

Those who favor government ownership of railroads might point to this to show how well Uncle Sam can run a railroad, but it must be remembered that he was building a canal and furnished most of the business for his road. He did business with himself, but the profit would have been with private owners if Uncle Sam had not owned the road. Since, however, he has completed the canal and will have a waterway competing with his railroad, it is reasonable to expect that the railroad's business will decline.

Colonel George W. Gethals, the chief engineer of canal construction, was president of the Panama Railroad Company and that also counts in the successful management of the railroad.

The pot of gold is at the end of a good road, if it leads to a good market.

TILE DRAINAGE DEMONSTRATION.

Mr. J. F. Herring, farm demonstrator in New Hanover county, has been stressing the importance of tile drainage along with the general subject of ample drainage for the lowlands peculiar to this section. He is approaching the farmers from all angles calculated to promote scientific farming, and now that he is to have a demonstration of tile drainage, it is hoped the farmers will attend and note its advantages in farm operations.

Mr. Herring announces that Mr. F. R. Baker, of Raleigh, drainage expert connected with the State and government farm demonstration work, will be here to give a tile drainage demonstration, on Tuesday next at 2 P. M. It will take place at the farm of Mr. J. A. Orrell, on Masonboro Sound, and the expert will not only point out the localities that need tile drainage but show how to properly lay the tiles in order to secure the completest results.

It has been amply proven by experiments that tile drainage has greatly increased the productivity of land, and, besides that, a covered drainage system permits the top soil to be cultivated, whereas open drains take up just that much land, while affording ditch banks upon which weeds and grass grow to the disadvantage of a cleanly cultivated piece of land. Moreover, ditches constantly need cleaning out, while drainage done by tiles properly laid is permanent and saves work and expense.

The trouble, however, with many fields is that sections of them that ought to be drained do not even get the benefit of the shallow ditch drainage that would be of advantage in certain localities that produce poorly because they are too wet or subject to overflow or water that stands too long.

It is a capital idea to take lessons in drainage and become convinced of its necessity, and there is no better way than to hear Mr. Baker on the subject and see him give a practical demonstration of the most approved method of utilizing tile drains to the best advantage. We are making progress when we take up all the subjects that will increase our knowledge of agriculture and the means of getting the most profit out of our operations on the farm.

THE WAY A CITY GROWS.

The Star's announcement that Messrs. Woodall & Shephard, druggists, would remove from Charlotte to Wilmington, has given great satisfaction in this city, and it is needless to say that those enterprising Charlotte business men will receive a cordial welcome here. We knew them in the Queen City and we can say that Wilmington will be a gainer at Charlotte's expense. The firm which is to cast in its lot with Wilmington's business circles is composed of progressive gentlemen and the addition of such live newcomers from such a progressive city as Charlotte is a matter upon which this city can well be congratulated.

There is room in Wilmington for all lines of business, for the city is growing and the opportunities here are constantly enlarging for the home establishments as well as those business and manufacturing enterprises which come into this prosperous and rapidly developing community. It is in this way that a city keeps on increasing its business and growing. There is no standing still, and so far as Wilmington is concerned there will be no let-up in the progress and development.

In the new drug firm, Wilmington will not only get an up-to-date establishment, but will have more live men added to those who already are live factors in making a great Wilmington. Their coming here is due to the suggestion of Mr. C. N. Evans, president of the Atlantic Trust & Banking Company, and this is a good place to say that while we boost it is a good idea for each booster to follow Mr. Evans' fine example and go out and bring them in. If all Wilmingtonians will do that, Wilmington will grow by leaps and bounds.

The missing girl! What a shudder runs over us when we read of the mysterious disappearance of a girl. Fancy the pangs in the home circle, the gloom at home and the anxiety and despair of those whose girl has stolen away, who has been stolen, or who has slipped to the ocean to end her precious life without so much as saying good-bye. There was poor Jessie McCann, the beautiful New York girl, whose body was found floating in the surf after weeks of living death for the loved ones at home. The mystery of it! Nevertheless, such things happen nearly every day in the cities. "The missing girl" stories are the most distressing and pathetic tragedies in life.

A doctor who is a Congressman says grape juice contains more alcohol than beer, hence as a temperance drink it's beer for him. Probably a great many innocent bystanders got stuck on grape juice without knowing why. Well, if it's pure juice, all it has to do is to ferment to become wine. We thought everybody knew that, but is "grape juice" grape juice?

It will be a difficult matter in the future to finance a combination which proposes to do a landslide business by eliminating competition by absorbing it or stifling it by immoral methods. All capital will get a square deal when illegitimate combinations are successfully outlawed.

CURRENT COMMENT.

According to the Savannah Press, Chatham county, Georgia, recorded one divorce for every marriage during the past year. "All this divorce business did not originate at home, however, but was swollen by the portion of the South Carolina trade which came there," says the Charlotte Observer. Georgia is much to blame for setting up a divorce mill at South Carolina's doors and seducing our good, respectable people into the prevailing paths of marital looseness and infidelity.—Augusta Chronicle.

A Savannah judge has made a ruling to the effect that "blind tigers" are a nuisance, and issued temporary injunctions against certain sellers of the ardent, on that ground. We doubt whether the dictum, unless founded upon a special statute, will stick in the special locality. A nuisance is a matter evidential, rather than legal. The gist of the matter is what the community thinks of it. The existence of "blind tigers" in Savannah, in the numbers in which they exist, is good evidence of what the community thinks of them.—Columbia State.

It will be a long time before Americans will be able to realize fully what a tremendous stride is represented by the establishment of a systematized money and banking fabric in place of the chaos which so long has troubled us. It will require years, indeed, after the organization is perfected, to get a thorough comprehension of the improvements wrought. The panics that might have come without the new system, but that will not come because that new system makes them avoidable, will not impress their lessons as in the past. People will understand, at the end of a generation without panics, that it is a long time to have escaped them, but how many will stop to place the credit where it belongs?—New York Press (Prog.)

None of the men who work hardest for public buildings in their districts ever base their campaign on that issue as opposed to an adequate navy. They keep the navy in the background. They simply feel that it is in the air that people of the West want public buildings at government expense—$50,000 postoffices for cities with only 25,000 population—and work on that theory when they come to Congress. Some day, however, young politicians in the West, will sweep the old order of rural statesmen off the boards by opposing petty postoffice appropriations and pressing the patriotic issue of an adequate navy to defend the honor and prosperity of the United States against any foreign foe.—Washington Post.

Special Values Offered for

Only One Week

Owing to the extreme warm weather, during December, we find ourselves a little overstocked on a few numbers in Blankets and Comforts, which we put the knife in pretty deep, to move them in a hurry.

200 Blankets, extra strong, double weight, Saxony fleece; standard, 64x76; grey; Special at $1.48

$1.25 Edgewood Blankets, 60x76, white; Special at 89c

$2.50 Woolnap Blankets, standard, 64x76; white, pink and blue border; Special at $1.98

$4.50 Extra fine Wool Blankets, 66x80, white, with pink and blue border; Special values $3.75

Special finish, extra fine Wool Blankets, 70x80, white with blue border; our $6.00 sellers; Special values; sale $4.98

Comforts—Good, heavy, reversible fancy colored cover; our $1.00 seller; Special Value Price 83c

$1.25 Comforts; Special Prices 98c

$2.50 Full Regular Comforts, good silkaline cover, cotton filled; Special Value Price $1.89

$3.00 Value; Sateen Cover; Special Value Price $2.25

Rugs, Art Squares and Matting, at Special Prices This Week.

Shoes to Fit the Whole Family at a Bargain.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

Carhartt Overalls and Work Gloves, Pants, Shirts.

At last your patience will be rewarded!

Our First Annual WHITE GOODS SALE will start MONDAY, JANUARY 12th, at 9 o'clock, at J. W. H. FUCHS' Department Store, and continue for SEVEN DAYS.

We are making every effort to make this sale the Biggest Bargain Event Wilmington has ever known. The prices we are quoting on every article will certainly sell them. Be sure and be here Monday at 9 A. M., when the doors are first opened. You know the large crowds that attend our sales. Come make your selection before the assortments are broken.

UNDERMUSLINS GREATLY REDUCED.

Ladies' 50c Muslin Gowns 39c

Ladies' $1.00 quality low neck and short sleeve Muslin Gowns 83c

Ladies' White Crepe Gowns, low neck and short sleeves, neatly trimmed with lace edging; they are really worth $1.25, for 83c

Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underskirts, values up to $1.50, for ..... 39c, 89c and $1.19

$1.25 Princess Slips 79c

Ladies' 25c Drawers 19c

Ladies' Umbrella Drawers 39c

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS.

Lot No. 1 ..... 8c

Lot No. 2 ..... 11c

Lot No. 3 ..... 21c

Ladies' and Misses' Corset Covers, values up to 85c, for 19c, 39c and 69c

HALF PRICE

On our Entire Stock of Ladies' and Misses' Long Coats and Sport Coats.

SHEETS, PILLOW CASES AND BED SPREADS.

75c Bleached Seamless Bed Sheets, full size, for 68c

50c Bleached Sheets 38c

10c to 12 1-2c Pillow Cases 8c

15c Pillow Cases 11 1-2c

85c White Bed Spreads 68c

$1.50 White Counterpanes 97c

$2.00 White Counterpanes $1.79

LACE CURTAIN BARGAINS

We have just received a new shipment of Lace Curtains in all the new designs and patterns and we will place them all on sale at Deeply Cut Prices

A Few Items Worth Noticing, from our Cotton and Woolen Goods Department.

Yard-wide 10c Bleached Domestic, on Monday and Tuesday, selling per yard 7 3-4c

Special all day Monday, 15c Lonsdale Cambric, per yard 11c

Norwood Cambric, 27 inches wide, a limited quantity, for, per yard 6 1-2c

One lot of Lawn Dimities and Checked Muslins, values 10 and 15c. per yard, for ..... 7 1-2 to 11c

25c Flaxon 18c

15c Flaxon 12c

Extra sheer quality Nainsook, 38 inches wide, per yard 12 1-2c

15c English Long Cloth 11c

$1.00 quality all wool Cream Serge, 48 inches wide, for 79c

75c White Wool Ratine 47c

45c White Serge, for 28c

Special Reduction Will be Made on Our Entire Stock of Silks and Woolen Dress Goods.

Ladies' and Misses' Skirts, Petticoats, Shirt Waists and Coat Suits, at Bargain Prices.

You Can't Afford to Miss the Big Bargains in the Men's and Boys' Clothing Department.

Men's $25.00 Suits $17.48

Men's $15.00 Suits $11.48

Men's $12.50 Suits $8.98

Men's Overcoats in all the new styles, from ..... $8.48 to $18.98

Boys' Suits made in all the new styles, Norfolk or plain Coats, with full College Peg-Top style, Knickerbocker Pants; prices per suit, from ..... $2.98 to $9.98

EXTRA SPECIAL

We will give One-Fourth Off of the Regular Price on our entire stock of Men's and Boys' Hats.

COAT SUIT SPECIAL.

All Coat Suits for Ladies and Misses at Half Their Original Price.

$30.00 Coat Suits $15.00

$25.00 Coat Suits $12.50

$20.00 Coat Suits $10.00

FOR REAL BARGAINS

Watch Our Show Windows, which Will be Changed Three Times a Week.

J. W. H. FUCHS'
DEPARTMENT STORE
28 to 30 South Front Street — Wilmington, N. C.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT

Will Offer Some Exceptionally Big Bargains in Men's, Ladies' and Children's Solid Leather Shoes.

THE BERRY ACREAGE

Carolina Fruit & Truckers Journal Predicts Increase

Interesting Forecast Based on Reports of Correspondents and Growers From All Over the Trucking Belt.

In a thorough and comprehensive forecast, based on reports from correspondents and prominent growers all over the trucking belt, the Carolina Fruit and Truckers' Journal, Mr. Z. W. Whitehead editor, in its issue of January 10th, out yesterday afternoon, predicts an increased acreage for the coming year not only in strawberries, but in peaches, dewberries, plums, canteloupes, watermelons, grapes, etc., throughout the East Carolina trucking section.

The Journal also ventures the prediction, that with favorable weather, the strawberry movement out of this section for the coming season will be from 1,500 to 1,600 cars, an increase of about 20 per cent. over last year's output.

In the forecast Mr. Whitehead calls attention to the new berry-producing territory in Brunswick county, which heretofore has received no attention from the growers on account of lack of shipping facilities. He points out that while the plants being set out will not produce greatly this season, the ultimate result will be to largely increase the berry output of the great trucking section for which Wilmington is the clearing house.

The forecast as appearing in The Journal, is as follows:

"We are printing on the preceding pages of today's Journal special reports from leading growers and other authorities at about all the more important strawberry and vegetable shipping points throughout the fruit and trucking belt of North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia, touching more especially on the increase and decrease of the berry acreage this year as compared with last year in the territory tributary to Wilmington for one hundred miles in every direction. Here and there will be noted a slight decrease in the acreage, but in practically as many other cases there are reported increases, with the result that one about offsets the other. In addition to that there are being set out about 500,000 strawberry plants in Brunswick county at different points along the W., B. & S. Railroad, covering Southport, Bolivia, Brunswick, Winnabow, Town Creek and Lanvale, a section in which no strawberries have heretofore been grown for market.

"Of course, in this latter territory the plants being set out now will yield very little fruit the coming Spring, but the acreage will thus be increased for the present and succeeding years. Along the Seaboard Air Line between Wilmington and Hamlet and Hamlet and Sanford, there will be an increase in acreage, not only in strawberries but in peaches, dewberries, plums, grapes, canteloupes, watermelons, etc. Taking everything, therefore, into consideration, we would say that there will be an crease in the strawberry acreage this year over last of approximately 10 per cent. at the very least. Shipments of this luscious fruit the coming season then should be at least 15 to 20 per cent. in excess of last year's movement with anything like favorable weather conditions, for the reason that last year we had snow and cold waves alternately almost every week during the strawberry movement. In spite of these facts, however, shipments by express and in carload lots continued longer than any season we have had before in years.

"As a result of the cold wave and snow last Spring the berry crop was cut short approximately 20 per cent. It is for this and other reasons that we predict an increase in the shipments of an equal amount the coming season. This would give us a strawberry movement of approximately 1,600 carloads. As a matter of fact, the yield per acre last year, as a result of the adverse weather conditions, was smaller, acre for acre, than ever before recorded in this territory. The total movement in refrigerator cars and by express aggregated 1,323 cars and our prediction for 1914 will be for a crop of anywhere from 1,500 to 1,600 carloads. The fields have been well cultivated since the harvesting season last Spring and owing to the very mild weather during the Fall and Winter months thus far, the plants are looking unusually healthy and vigorous and give every evidence at this writing of a most abundant yield this Spring. This much is borne out by the many reports. In fact, many of the growers are now endeavoring to make two acres yield them as much as three acres did several years ago, and on this basis it is easy to see that there is a good chance for exceptionally satisfactory crops the coming season.

"In New Hanover county, the lettuce crops, as reported by Mr. J. P. Herring, the county farm demonstrator, will be approximately forty to fifty per cent. over last Spring, which means that lettuce buyers and commission merchants will find in this immediate territory a source of immense supplies, sufficient at least to take care of their requirements on a more favorable freight rate than any other section can offer. At other points nearby, it will be seen from our reports, that there is an increased acreage, notably at Rocky Point, Wallace, Teachey's, Bolivia, Southport and elsewhere. And there is another thing to be considered, and that is, there is no finer lettuce made or grown anywhere than around Wilmington and throughout this section, where transportation facilities will enable the buyer or commission merchant to land a carload in Washington, Richmond, Baltimore, New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other Northern and Eastern cities quicker and cheaper than from any other point in the producing territory of the South.

"But our special reports today cover a wide territory and will interest all who are connected directly and indirectly with the fruit and vegetable trade at home or at a distance, embracing such points as Wilmington, Chadbourn, Conway, Teachey's, Hamlet and many other points along the Seaboard Air Line: Rose Hill, Magnolia, Mt. Tabor, Charleston, Spout Springs, Clinton, New Berlin, Vineland, Olivia, St. Helena, Burton, S. C.; Burgaw, Rocky Point, Sanford, Willard, Green Sea, S. C.; Mt. Olive, Calypso, Newbern, Florence, S. C.; Aberdeen, Homewood, S. C.; Southport, Bolivia, Castle Haynes, Wallace, Winnabow, Ashton, Lake City, S. C.; Goldsboro, Bladenboro, Fair Bluff, Scott's Hill, Clarkton, Southern Pines, Warsaw, Currie, Atkinson, Fayetteville, Floris, S. C.; Clarendon, Faison, Grists, Watha and Norfolk, Va.

"The deductions, therefore, we draw from all these reports is that we will not only have a slightly increased acreage in strawberries this year over last, but an increased yield of at least 20 per cent. for 1914 over 1913, and especially if we have anything like strawberry weather during February, March and April when the season opens up. Last year the yield per acre was the smallest on record, which accounted in a large measure for the shortage in the crop output, due primarily to the warm and sunshiny weather in February and the cold and frosty weather in March and April. Prices, however, ruled very satisfactory, shipments starting in with April 2nd, and continuing until June 19th."

Don't get dinner at your home, but come to Southern Cafe for your Sunday dinner. (advertisement)-2t

THE CRIMINAL TERM ENDS VICTORIA OPENS TOMORROW

Civil Calendar Will be Taken Up in Superior Court Tomorrow—Several Judgments Yesterday.

With the trial of one case, that against J. H. Vereen, white, charged with false pretense, who was declared not guilty, and the passing of judgment in several others which had been taken under consideration by the court, the criminal docket in Superior court was completed yesterday at noon, and next week will be devoted to the trial of civil matters.

The Vereen case did not go to the jury, Judge Allen ordering a verdict of not guilty after hearing the evidence. The action grew out of some plumbing which the firm of Prease Bros., did for the defendant.

In the cases against Messrs. B. F. King, Jr., and S. Seigler, Jr., against whom the jury returned a verdict of guilty several days ago on charges of destruction to personal property, Judge Allen gave the defendants the opportunity of replacing a fence which they had destroyed on a lot to which they claimed title, but which was in possession of Joseph Britt.

Judge Allen ordered that E. A. Todd for whom a bench warrant was issued yesterday, but which was not served on him by reason of the fact that he is in the Harper Sanitarium for treatment, be compelled to give bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the next term of court. The warrant was issued for Todd following the filing of an affidavit by Policeman J. F. Smith that Todd tried to intimidate him as a witness in a case charging Todd with conducting a disorderly house.

M. H. Croom, who was placed under arrest Friday on a capias on the charge that he has violated his agreement in connection with the plea of nolo contendere which he entered in a case charging him with retailing at a previous term of court, was ordered by Judge Allen to give bond in the sum of $200 in addition to the $500 bond which he is already under, for his appearance at the next term of court.

Judgment was suspended on payment of costs in the case against Mr. W. W. King, who was indicted several days ago on a charge of conducting an undertaking business without license. Mr. King entered a plea of nolo contendere.

The civil cases on the calendar, which was arranged several days ago, are for the most part of a minor nature, and few suits of any importance will come up at this term. The calendar for tomorrow is as follows:

J. E. Thomas vs. W. P. Mallet; J. C. Stevenson Co., vs. A. C. L. R. R. Co.; Gill-Herman Co. vs. F. M. McKoy; S. L. Smith & Son vs. J. F. Woolvin; W. A. Harrell vs. Mary A. Duguid, et al.; Henry Slater vs. Mary A. Duguid, et al.; Roger Moore Sons & Co., vs. Mary A. Duguid, et al.; Samuel Bear, Sr., & Sons, vs. Gorton Pew Fish Co.; Geo. W. Kelly vs. Wilmington Lumber Co.; A. E. Blake vs. A. C. L. R. R. Co., (two cases); Empire Tie Co. vs. H. A. Brown; Wilmington Iron Works vs. Coharie Lumber Co.; Sam Blossom vs. W. G. Baldwin; E. H. Holmes, agent, vs. W. R. Hall, et al.; F. W. Kuhl vs. John H. Smith; Orlo Lea vs. Marx Nathan, et al.; E. Estelle Sprague vs. Marx Nathan, et al.; F. W. Kuhl vs. Thomas M. Green; N. E. Galagher vs. F. A. Bissinger; Witte Fruit Co. vs. Nelson & Co.

DEMONSTRATION WILL BE OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

Expert Will Show Proper Method of Laying Tile Drains Tuesday.

In a statement given to The Star yesterday, Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator, announces that on next Tuesday Mr. R. F. Baker, an expert from the State Agricultural Department at Raleigh, will give a practical demonstration of the proper methods of laying tile drains. The exhibition will be given at 2 o'clock in the afternoon at the farm of Mr. Jno. A. Orrell, on Masonboro, and it will doubtless draw a large attendance, for importance of proper drainage is being recognized by farmers all over the country. Any one interested in the question is cordially invited to attend the demonstration.

Mr. Herring's statement is as follows:

"Tuesday, January 13th, Mr. R. F. Baker, of Raleigh, will give a demonstration of how to properly lay tile drains, at the farm of Mr. J. A. Orrell, on Masonboro. it is hoped that every farmer who can will see this demonstration.

"The yields of most of our farms would be increased 50 per cent by tile drainage. Therefore every farmer should be interested enough to see and talk with Mr. Baker about this important work.

"Remember that the testimony of all who have used tile is that it will increase your yields 50 per cent, and then ask yourself if it will not pay you to see this demonstration.

"J. P. HERRING."

MRS. MINNIE CROOM DEAD.

Respected Lady Passed Away Yesterday Morning at Hospital.

Friends and relatives will be grieved to learn of the death of Mrs. Minnie L. Croom, wife of Mr. Oscar Croom, who passed away early yesterday morning at the James Walker Memorial Hospital after having undergone a serious operation. She was greatly beloved by all who knew her, and the sad news of her death will be a shock to her many friends.

Besides a husband she is survived by three daughters, Misses Josie, Mary and Katherine Croom, and five sons, Messrs. Tom Croom, of Durham; and Murray, Jesse, John and James Croom, of Wilmington. The bereaved family will have the tender sympathy of a host of friends in their sorrow.

Funeral services will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock from the residence, No. 1102 Market street. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

OPENS TOMORROW

Wilmington's Newest Theatre Now Complete in Every Detail—High-class Vaudeville.

The Victoria, Wilmington's newest theatre, built by Mr. J. M. Solky, will open its doors to the public tomorrow afternoon with four big vaudeville attractions besides two of the latest and best films of moving pictures. This handsome playhouse which has been in course of construction for the past several months is one of the most modernly equipped in the entire South and is complete in every detail.

Mr. J. M. Solky, the owner, has spared no expense in providing it with every convenience possible for an amusement house to have. For a number of years he has been running the Grand Theatre, one of the popular moving picture shows of the city, and is thoroughly acquainted with what the public desires in the way of a theatre. When he determined to build a first-class vaudeville house he was careful to consult with those who had had long experience in the business before making his plans with the result that it would be hard to improve on the edifice he has constructed, especially for a playhouse. Its cost runs into the thousands and in attractiveness of design and convenience of arrangement it surpasses anything of its kind in this section.

Located on the north side of Market street, just west of Second, it is in a central section of the city, making it easy for a large part of the populace to reach it. It runs back to an alley so that there will be no trouble experienced in unloading the large scenic floats that will accompany the various attractions.

It has great depth which allows plenty of room for a large auditorium as well as a very large stage. The auditorium and balcony will seat 1,100 people. It is fitted up with opera chairs that are comfortable and easy of access. There are two wide aisles which permit those visiting the theatre to leave quickly and without inconvenience. Another feature that will meet with the approval of the public is the acoustics which are well nigh perfect, and permit a whisper on the stage to be heard to the fartherest corner.

The stage exemplifies the latest and best to be had in the way of scenic effects. It is sufficiently large to allow any production that may be brought to the city to be played. There are nine sets of curtains covering a wide range of scenery, including both outdoor and indoor scenes. Details have been so worked out that the doors have locks and knobs which make them practical and at the same time lends a degree of realism that is most striking.

The stage as well as the auditorium is perfectly equipped with lights. The stage, of course, has a greater variety these including the footlights with their scores of bulbs, border lights, bunch and flood lights, making it possible to give the proper effect for sunrise, sunset or moonlight as the occasion may demand. The scenery for the stage was painted at the noted Colmer studio, Washington, D. C., and is the very latest.

Over the large stage is the dressing rooms. These are furnished with all modern conveniences and are comfortable and pleasant. Like the auditorium they are heated with gas. Arrangements have been made for perfect ventilation.

Mr. Solky has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. L. A. Peck as manager. He has had years of experience with some of the leading vaudeville houses of the country. It is his aim and purpose to please the public and he will spare no efforts to this end. In keeping with his policy of making it pleasant and attractive he has decided to have lady ushers. This is a happy idea and is bound to assure polite and charming attention.

As has already been announced The Victoria is allied with the B. F. Keith vaudeville enterprises and will, therefore, have all its vaudeville attractions direct from the Keith circuit. This alone is a sufficient guarantee that they will be first-class in every particular. There will be three performances daily. In the afternoon at 3:30 o'clock there will be a matinee, the doors opening a half hour earlier, and at night there will be two performances, one beginning at 7 o'clock and the last one beginning at 9 o'clock. There will be four big acts at each performance besides two reels of the latest photoplays.

The public is assured of a first-class vaudeville house in Wilmington, and this will no doubt be responsible for a liberal patronage from the first. The initial performance will be the matinee tomorrow afternoon. The vaudeville acts will be changed twice a week.

IN BUSINESS FOR HIMSELF.

Mr. Norman W. Lynch Will Not Return to Wilmington With Store.

The only possible regret there could be in connection with the transfer of the mammoth Woodall & Shepard drug store to Wilmington, as previously announced, is the fact that Mr. Norman W. Lynch, an old Wilmington boy and head prescription man for the firm, will not return here with the company. Mr. Lynch, whose smiling countenance everybody expected to see show up with the W. & S. forces when they reached here, has recently purchased an interest in the Hospital Supply & Drug Co., of Charlotte, and will be associated with that concern upon the transfer of the Woodall & Shepard business here. The Charlotte News says that Mr. Lynch has made a large number of friends in Charlotte during his residence there and that he will remain is most satisfactory information to his many friends in the Queen City.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. D. M. Davis Files Voluntary Petition in Federal Court.

Mr. D. M. Davis, proprietor of the Pure Food Market, No. 201 Market street, through his attorney, E. K. Bryan, Esq., filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in Federal Court here yesterday.

The petition sets forth that the petitioner is indebted to various persons and firms and is desirious of settling his affairs. He prays to be adjudged bankruptcy, claiming his personal property and homestead exemptions as allowed by law.

In the schedule filed with the petition, his liabilities are given as $8,749.60 and his assets as $11,025.

Mr. S. P. Collier, clerk of the Federal Court here, referred the matter to Geo. H. Howell, referee in bankruptcy, and the hearing will probably be held tomorrow.

Take care of your eyes. Good eyeglasses, properly fitted, will help you. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, at the Masonic Temple, will test your eyes and furnish you the kind of glasses you need. No charge for consultation. (advertisement.)

WORK OF TRAVELERS' AID

Inauguration of Movement Abundantly Justified by Results Attained—Some Facts Given.

Wilmington is noted for its progressive spirit and strangers frequently remark upon the many and varied ways in which both men and women are working to make it an ideal city in which to live. One of the latest movements which has met with the warm approval of visitors to the city is the establishment of Travelers' Aid work at the union station.

The movement is supported at present by a few voluntary subscriptions and by the following organizations: St. Mary's Guild, St. Agnes' Guild, St. Cecilia's Guild and the Young Woman's Auxiliary of St. James Episcopal church, the Parish Guild of St. John's Episcopal church, the Sanctuary Society and the Children of St. Mary's Society of St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, the Missionary Society of Grace Methodist church, the Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church, Hebrew Relief Association, Whatsoever Circle and the Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters and North Carolina Sorosis. The latter organization being non-sectarian and the largest one contributing, offered to take over the business management until a regular society is formed.

This work was started in New York only a few years ago and now they employ 28 or more agents and have a well organized office force. Many other cities, large and small, have realized the value of the work and have also undertaken to carry it on. This year a National organization will likely be formed and it will then be possible for a person to travel anywhere and still be under the protection of the society.

To those not familiar with the scope of the enterprise the following outline of the work will be of interest. The society seeks to reach the individual at a time when there is need for rescue. It stands ready day and night to help travelers, regardless of age, race, creed, class or sex. There are many pathetic cases of disaster daily recorded in the public press furnishing overwhelming testimony to the need of protection in the course of travel. The aim of the society is to make provision so that no girl need arrive or remain friendless in any city, and to make it possible for a girl, woman or child to travel anywhere in the United States and still be perfectly safe. It is absolutely non-sectarian in organization and work.

Although December was the second month for the work in Wilmington the report of the agent shows that there have been 263 cases assisted. Among these were three young ladies traveling alone and reaching the city on night trains. Their friends failed to meet them and they were cared for by the lady in charge at the union station. In a number of instances women were directed to reputable boarding houses. Several women were taken ill while waiting for trains and were cared for.

A number of children changing trains here were looked after and placed in charge of the proper conductors. The particulars of these cases are all interesting but, of course, it can be readily seen by the thoughtful that in some cases they cannot be made public. The agent, however, is always on the lookout for girls who, either from inexperience or from misfortune, are in need of assistance.

NORTH CAROLINA WINES.

The Sale of Wilmington Winery Interests Editor Harris.

In the Charlotte Observer of Friday, Editor Wade H. Harris interestingly discusses the recent sale of the Bear winery of Wilmington, and he goes on to discuss further in a general way the subject of grape growing and wine making in eastern North Carolina. Editor Harris says:

"Wine making in North Carolina is an industry of far greater proportions than is generally supposed. The recent sale of Sol Bear & Co.'s establishment in Wilmington to the Garrett interests of Norfolk, calls the matter to mind. The Sol Bear Winery is one of the largest wine-making concerns in the South and is the main stay of the scuppernong cultivation in the coastal plain section of the State. Absorbing this industry, Mr. Paul Garrett becomes the undisputed king of wine making in the South. The addition of the Bear trade to his Norfolk business gives him a practical monopoly of the industry in eastern North Carolina. There are a number of smaller wine plantations in the State, the largest in Cumberland county, while there are many individual growers in Bladen, Pender, Columbus, Robeson and other counties. The Bear establishment, however, was the market for the bulk of the grapes grown in that part of the State. The Garrett firm will continue the Bear business as an annex to the Norfolk corncern. In the mountain section of North Carolina the red wine industry is assuming proportions of commercial importance, the Tryon vineyards being even now quite famous for the quality of their product. Vineyards set out several years ago at Switzerland ought to be coming into service next Summer. The development of grape growing has been retarded by fears that the prohibition sentiment would militate against it, but this is an industry which has been wisely exempted from the operations of the law, barring a few desirable restrictions, and there is no reason why it should not receive the same degree of encouragement as apple culture. As the law now stands, grape culture ought to become one of the largest of the State's industries and it could be made a source of immense revenue to vineyardists. Like our cottonseed oil which comes back to us under the label of olive oil, the white wines of the East and the red wines of the West, have been coming to us in some instances with foreign labels and at foreign prices."

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Harriet H. Bellamy to David H. Scott and wife, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on west side of Third street, 154 feet north of Castle, 44x165 feet in size; Walker Taylor and wife, to Board of Education of New Hanover county, for $5,000, lot on southeast corner of Fourth and Meares streets; M. H. Cromwell and wife to Moses Bear, for $100 and other considerations, lot on south side of Queen, 158 feet west of Third street, 33x132 feet in size.

To Install Officers.

Stonewall Lodge, Knights of Pythias, will install officers for the ensuing term tomorrow night. Lodge Deputy J. F. Head, will officiate, assisted by the following: L. L. Boon, G. V. C.; J. R. Hanby, G. P.; J. C. Davis, M. at A.; E. L. Matthews, G. K. of R. and S.; J. J. Hopkins, G. M. of F. After the installation refreshments will be served by the officers-elect. All members are urged to be present.

SAVE--It's Easy

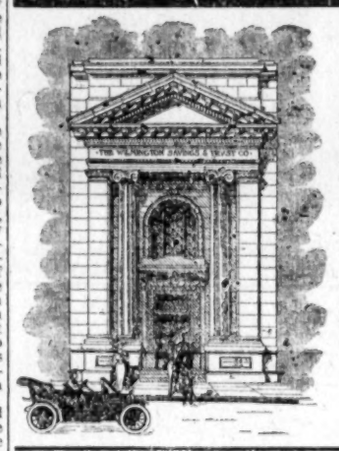
MERELY A MATTER of spending less than you earn. Keeps growing easier, too — becomes surprising after you have practiced at it for a while. People fall into the habit of spending money thoughtlessly, and imagine they cannot save. Cultivate thoughtfulness and carefulness and you are bound to succeed.

Accounts can be started with any amount, from $1 upward.

The PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

"THE HOME OF SAVINGS"

THE MEASURE OF ACHIEVEMENT



The measure of achievement is not the size of one's income. That may be only the measure of one's extravagance.

The real measure of Achievement is the DIFFERENCE between your income and your outgo.

To achieve a substantial margin, to get ahead with certainty, the best way is to have an account with this bank—the OLDEST and LARGEST North Carolina Savings institution

Let us Help you become independent.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY

110 PRINCESS STREET.

OPENING OF NEW CHURCH.

Sunday School Will be Organized at St. Paul's This Afternoon.

The new St. Paul's Episcopal church at Carolina Heights will be opened for the organization of a Sunday school this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. All the children of the neighborhood are invited to be present as well as adults who are interested in the work.

This is the first step that will be taken towards regular services in St. Paul's and the co-operation of the people living near the church is urgently requested in order that the work of the church may be a success.

The church was completed late in December and already several services have been held in the new edifice which is one of the most modern and best equipped of any of the churches in the city. It is located in mington and the prospects for a large one of the growing suburbs of Wilgrowth in membership are most promising.

DR. WELLS WILL SPEAK.

Meeting for Men at Y. M. C. A. This Afternoon—Special Music.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will be the speaker at the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon at 4:45 o'clock. "Without Christ," will be the subject of his message that he will bring. He is an earnest and forceful speaker and his address will be well worth hearing.

There will be special music by the Y. M. C. A. orchestra. Messrs. W. R. and A. L. Dosher will sing a duet which will be one of the enjoyable features. These meetings have proven to be most helpful and inspiring to those who attend, and it is gratifying to the Y. M. C. A. officers that the attendance is rapidly increasing. The public is cordially invited to attend the service this afternoon.

S. A. L. Trains Detoured.

While the Hilton bridge is being repaired the Seaboard Air Line Railroad is detouring its freight trains over the Atlantic Coast Line from Wilmington to Goldsboro, thence over the Southern to Raleigh, where the cars are placed on its own tracks. Freight trains are run both ways so that its freight service will not suffer any serious delay on account of the accident last Wednesday.

Are you insured in the Germania Life Insurance Company? See their ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

CROMWELL GIVES BOND

Depositions of Officers Taken Yesterday in Regard to the Hilton Bridge Accident.

The British steamer Cromwell, Capt. Winklen, which was involved in the recent bridge mishap at Hilton bridge, yesterday cleared and will sail this morning for Pensacola, Fla., after having completed discharging her cargo of fertilizer material for the Swift Fertilizer Works here.

Before clearing the port Capt. Winckles, for the owners of the ship, through J. O. Carr, Esq., their attorney, gave bond in the sum of $75,000 for the protection of the suits brought against the vessel and the Wilmington Towing Co., for the recovery of an aggregate of $60,000 damages to the transportation lines growing out of the bridge accident. This bond was given with the National Security Co., through Mr. W. A. Dick, of this city, the agent, and was for the defense of the action in the following amounts: Wilmington Railway Bridge Co., $45,000; Atlantic Coast Line $12,500, and Seaboard Air Line, $17,500. The vessel was cleared by Mr. Henry Whyte, agent, and she expects to reach Pensacola under charter on January 20th.

Before the vessel cleared the depositions of the officers of the ship with respect to the accident were taken before Mr. Meares Harriss, Notary Public, in the office of Mr. Carr, beginning yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All of the witnesses swore that the accident was unavoidable. Their testimony showed that the vessel was approaching the opening in the draw in a straight course and just before reaching it, she sheered to the starboard; that orders were immediately given to move the engine to the stern, to drop ancnor and stop the tow boat, all of which was done. When the vessel came in contact with the bridge, it was testified that there was no jarring, the ship simply pushing the bridge from its abutments.

The depositions as taken yesterday constitute between 100 and 200 typewritten pages. The attorneys present were J. O. Carr, Esq., for the ship; Robert Ruark, Esq., for the Wilmington Towing Co.; Thos. W. Davis, Esq., for the Atlantic Coast Line, and Hon. John D. Bellamy, for the Seaboard.

GOVERNMENT MAY BUY RIVER SUCTION DREDGE.

Departmental Inspector Made Investigation of Craft Yesterday.

The United States government is contemplating the purchase of the Bowers Southern dredge, No. 9, which has been at work on the Cape Fear for a number of months, and is now moored alongside the marine railway for repairs, according to a statement made yesterday by a government official. The dredge cost originally $179,000, but it is understood that it has been offered to the government at a sum much below this amount. The deal, however, if it is carried through, will involve a sum considerably in excess of $100,000.

As stated, the dredge is now at the marine railway for repairs before being placed in operation again. It is likely, however, that the deal, if it is closed at all, will be made before it goes to work again. It will continue to work on the Cape Fear channel in any event.

It will be remembered that several months ago that all bids for dredging in the Cape Fear were turned down on the ground that they were excessive in price. At that time it was stated that it was likely that the work would be done by the government. In line with that policy a large sea-going dredge was ordered from Boston to begin work on the ocean bar the first of the year. The purchase of dredge No. 9 would mean that the government will also do its own dredging on the river channel.

A departmental inspector was in the city yesterday making an inspection of the craft for the Department of Engineers. It is supposed that following his report the government will either accept the offer of the Southern Bowers Company or decline to purchase the dredge.

MR. J. H. WRIGHT DEAD.

Passed Away at Home in This City Friday Afternoon—Funeral.

Mr. J. H. Wright, an aged citizen of this city, died at his home, No. 109 Magnolia avenue, Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. He was 74 years old. Surviving him besides his wife are one daughter, Mrs. Estelle McCaw, of this city, and two sons, who live at Waycross, Ga. He had lived in Wilmington for many years and had many friends who were deeply grieved to learn of his death. The remains were taken on the early morning train yesterday to Washington, D. C., where the funeral and interment will take place.

United Missionary Conference

To be held in Wilmington Sunday, January 18th, Monday, January 19th, for the purpose of inspiring and enlisting members from all denominations in the Missionary Campaign launched by the Laymen's Missionary Movement.

Prominent Speakers will attend.

Watch the local columns of the papers for full information.

(Space donated by Henry Haar.)

SOCIETY

Miss Irene King left yesterday for Lakeland, Fla., where she will be the guest until April 1st of her brother, Mr. W. L. King, at the Hotel Kibler.

* * *

The Young Women's Auxiliary invite the public to attend the Parish supper Tuesday, January 13th, at St. James Parish House, from 6:30 to 8 o'clock.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Housewives' League will be held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the club room of the Elks' Temple. A full attendance of all the members is requested.

* * *

Tickets for the reading and interpretation of "Tomorrow", by Mme. Labadie at the Boys' Brigade on Wednesday evening have been placed on sale at Bunting's drug store and at Yates' and DeRosset's book stores.

* * *

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Household Economics Department of Sorosis held in the Masonic Temple Friday afternoon Mrs. C. H. Fore was elected as chairman for the remainder of the year to succeed Mrs. B. T. Hopkins, who resigned.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. Haywood Clark have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Clark, one of this season's debutantes, to Mr. Gordon Smith, of Raleigh. The wedding will take place in April, after which they will make their home in Raleigh.

* * *

Mr. Abe Link, of Athens, Ga., will arrive in the city today. On Wednesday he will wed Miss Mabel Root Vineberg. Others here to attend the nuptials are Dr. A. Vineberg, of Washington, D. C.; Mr. Sol Vineberg, of Montreal, Can.; Mr. and Mrs. Max Klein, of Albany, N. Y.; and Miss Carrie Abram, of Norfolk, Va.

* * *

Mr. John Sceliz, director of the Wilmington Dancing Academy, is back from Norfolk, where he took a special course of instruction in all the latest fancy dances and is now prepared to teach the latest steps, including the hesitation waltz, at his Terpischorean school at the Hibernian Hall. Mr. Sceliz also intends to give private lessons by appointment.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Chesley C. Bellamy, who have made their home in the western part of the State for the past several years, have returned to Wilmington and are making their home with Mr. Bellamy's mother, on Market street. Mr. Bellamy is a well known young attorney, a son of the late Marsden Bellamy, Esq., and with Mrs. Bellamy is being cordially welcomed by their many friends.

* * *

The Vivian Social Club was delightfully entertained Friday evening at Garden City, the home of Miss Minnie Decover, with a buffet supper. Among those present were Misses M. and K. Bergen, Elizabeth Sweeny, Lucile Boushee, Lucile Page, Annie Quinlivan, Catharine Bremer, Minnie Decover, and Messrs. James Maxwell, J. Sweeny, Jr., V. C. Ray, J. Weathers, W. Quinlivan, C. Bergen, J. Hall and W. Moore.

* * *

The T. F. F. Club entertained Friday evening at the home of Miss Alice Justice, No. 723 Chesnut street. A most enjoyable evening was spent playing different games after which delightful refreshments were served. Those present were Misses Wilma Ek, Mary Cavanaugh, Vannie Craig, Alice Justice, Henrietta Lewis, Alberta Creasy, Glen Craig, Louise LaNier and Gladys Craig and Messrs. Alfred Hall, Kenneth Partin, Thomas Lewis, John Bonitz, Hugo Rowe, Harry Merritt, John French, Harry Boone and Aubrey Morse.

* * *

January 15th has been designated as National Constitutional Amendment Day to be observed by all White Ribboners as a day of fasting and prayer for victory in this campaign, and in view of this fact the president of the local chapter of the W. C. T. U., has arranged an attractive programme to be observed at the First Baptist church next Thursday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. J. H. Foster, and perhaps other ministers, will speak, and there will be special music. All who are interested in the cause are urged to attend.

* * *

The Dorcas Society, of St. Paul's Lutheran church, held a celebration of the founding of the organization Thursday afternoon which was a most enjoyable affair. Following the rendition of a splendid programme of songs, instrumental music and recitations an enjoyable luncheon was served. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. J. H. Dreher (re-elected); vice president, Mrs. J. H. Rehder; recording secretary, Mrs. H. L. Vollers; corresponding secretary, Mrs. L. Freimuth; treasurer, Mrs. Will Rehder.

* * *

MAKING PREPARATIONS FOR FALL FLORAL FAIR.

In connection with the Fine Arts and Industrial Exhibit which will be given under the auspices of North Carolina Sorosis next Fall, it is planned to have a floral fair which will likely be one of the most attractive features of the exhibition. In order to stimulate interest in this feature there will be prizes given for the best display of roses, shrubbery, vines bulbs and other plants. Prizes will also be given for the best yards and lawns kept during the year, for the best window garden plants grown by the school children, and also for the best gardens kept in the country.

In order to be eligible for the prizes those intending to compete should begin getting ready to grow their flowers and plants. It will soon be time for planting garden seed while for such flowers as roses and bulbs and others plans should be made real soon.

All the plans for the fair have not yet been worked out by Sorosis but sufficient progress has been made to assure the holding of a floral exhibit that will be a credit to both the city and the county. The ladies feel under great obligation to the Tidewater Power Company for their promise of substantial help in contributing prizes for the exhibit. This is in line with the policy of this corporation, they having aided very materially in making the fair the past Fall such a brilliant success.

* * *

AN ENJOYABLE RECEPTION TO BRIDE AND GROOM.

One of the enjoyable social events of the week was an informal reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Sheehan, who were married on New Year's day at New Haven, Conn., given at the home of Mr. Sheehan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Sheehan, at No. 806 Chesnut street, on Thursday evening. There were nearly a hundred guests present at the delightful occasion. As they arrived they were met at the door by the parents of the groom and others, and formally introduced to the bride and groom.

The home was beautifully decorated with bamboo, Southern smilax and potted plants, the color scheme being pink and green. Refreshing punch was served during the evening in the dining room. Other refreshments consisting of ices and cakes were served by Misses Marguerite Sheehan, Glayds LeGwin and Esther Cole. In the guest room were displayed a large assortment of presents to the bride and groom, consisting of silverware, cut glass, furniture and other articles.

It was well towards the midnight hour before those present dispersed to their homes after having spent a most delightful evening in the hospitable home. There was nothing formal about the occasion and the spirit of good fellowship prevailed.

The bride before her marriage had visited in Wilmington and made many friends here who are glad to welcome her back to the city as Mrs. Sheehan. Mr. Sheehan holds a position in the Atlantic Coast Line freight office and is one of the most popular young men of the city.

* * *

MME. LABADIE DRAMATIC INTERPRETER OF ABILITY.

Mme. Labadie, who will give "Tomorrow," a love story by Percy Mackaye, at the Boys' Brigade on Wednesday evening, January 14th, is a dramatic interpreter, and stands in the same class with such artists as Mrs. Scott Siddons and Charlotte Cushman. The following from the Post-Intelligencer, of Seattle, Wash., where she recently appeared, will be of interest:

"Percy Mackaye's fine dramatic poem, 'Tomorrow,' interpreted last night at the Metropolitan by Mme. Harriet Labadie was an artistic triumph as well as a financial success. It was Mme. Labadie's first appearance in Seattle, and the play selected was one to challenge the best gifts of this celebrated artist.

"Never since Mrs Scott Siddons and Charlotte Cushman held audiences spellbound with their portrayal of the different characters in a drama has there appeared a reader of such high attainments. Scenes, atmosphere, characters and the deeper significance of the poet's theme, none of them were lacking.

"It was not a drama read, but a drama lived, fully and completely, in the imagination, with the absence of those many discordant notes which necessarily appear in the most perfect representation of plays performed by a full company.

"Some one has said that a great play is for the library and not the stage. 'Lear,' 'Macbeth,' 'Enoch Arden,' can never satisfy the heart and mind in performance as they do in the stillness of the study conned from the printed page. This satisfaction Mme. Labadie supplies in a high degree.

"Percy Mackaye has been bold enough to choose a subject which, had the poet failed in the least particular to signify the loftiest aspirations of his genius, must have terribly repelled or signally failed to interest.

"But he has made a noble plea for the future children of earth in an argument of simplicity and power, and a drama of noble proportions.

"With a great botanist for the central figure he has shown that what Burbank has done for plants, and science has done for animals, should be, in a higher sense, the aim and loving endeavor of this generation for all future people.

"Mme. Labadie interpreted each character in the play with subtle distinction, was reserved, honest, sincere and flowed from one character into another with exquisite delicacy and fine discernment.

"An audience that filled the pretty Metropolitan followed the development of the poem with evident delight and at the close recalled the reader several times."

* * *

BOYS AND GIRLS BUSY PRACTICING FOR PLAY.

Under the wise direction of Mrs. Burgess, the boys and girls of the city are rehearsing daily in the Elks' Temple for the Mother Goose operetta, "The House That Jack Built," which will be given in the Opera House on January 30th and 31st. The play will be given under the auspices of the Ways and Means committee of Sorosis, and anyone on the committee will be glad to give any information desired.

The committee is composed of Mesdames Robert Ruark, chairman; G. W. Whitehead, L. B. Sasser, W. E. Etheridge, M. H. Shepherd, L. D. Potter, E. H. Munson and Miss Katie C. Grainger.

The Sorosis is very much indebted to the Elks for the use of their spacious and comfortable parlors for the rehearsal. Two chaperones are always present at the rehearsal. Those appointed as chaperones to attend the rehearsals are Mesdames W. G. Whitehead, W. M. Parsley, C. N. Evans, P. Q. Moore, J. M. Solky, J. B. Cranmer, R. B. Slocumb, J. C. Wessell, C. H. Gore, E. M. Gray, B. T. Hopkins, W. M. Creasy, Richard Price, J. C. Shepard, W. M. Beery, and Miss Sarah P. Hines.

The Music committee is composed of Mrs. W. A. French, Mrs. J. D. Edwards and Miss Maud Bulluck.

Mrs. Burgess, who is training the young folks, recently gave a similar play at Columbia, S. C., and the following is what the Columbia State had to say of her work:

"In the wide auditorium of the McMaster school, with its colonial yellow walls and many green-shaded windows that frame lovely autumn landscape pictures, 200 boys and girls were singing Mother Goose nursery rhymes the other afternoon—and dancing them, too!

"A casual observer would have said: 'But I didn't know butterflies could sing.' That was because all the pink and blue and red hair ribbons of the girls fluttered above the long rows of seats, for all the world like a swarm of butterflies.

"Whether the opera accomplishes anything else—though, of course, it is bound to—it is doing a great deal for the children in making them better acquainted with their voices and the rhythmic possibilities of their bodies in dancing. Mrs. Burgess explains the 'stage pictures' and story, as she goes along, and, when the children understand, they sing and dance so much better.

"'You bet it is refreshing to hear the glory of "Old King Cole" and the "Queen and Knave of Hearts," extolled—however politics in Mexico and elsewhere may boil and bubble,' said one person. 'There hasn't been enough of this sort of thing—the cultivation of local talent," said another onlooker. 'Why, I remember such things in my own childhood and youth—and they stand out like red letter days.'

"There is simply nothing in the world sweeter than a fresh young chorus of children's voices. Mrs. Burgess is working up a very pretty enthusiasm among the little folk—and the child-world of Columbia, just now, is circling around the rehearsals for the opera.

"'What is the "House That Jack Built"?' asks somebody. Well, the music of the opera was written about eight years ago by Jesse Gaynor, of the Gaynor Opera Company, New York, and the libretto is by Mrs. Alice C. D. Riley, a collector of folk lore stories and ballads. The opera has been played all over the country for eight years. Mr. Gaynor has representatives in the East, West and South. Mrs. Neva Summers Burgess has the Southern territory.

"Mrs. Burgess was asked to give to Columbia by the Woman's Building Company. Her methods of training and handling large numbers of children are the latest and most approved. And speaking of 'success,' Mrs. Burgess says there may be such a word as 'failure' in the dictionary, but it is never written on the same page with 'The House That Jack Built.' It is always a 'success.'

"Mrs. Burgess is heart, soul and body in the work—very much body, if one could see her training the dancers for the opera; and very much heart and soul, when one hears her talk. She is a trained kindergarten teacher, a settlement worker, a musician—both vocal and instrumental—and, above everything else, a dancer. She says the country is not 'dance-mad,' but 'dance-glad.' In her settlement work she used dancing as a medium of uplift and she believes in it.

"In 'The House That Jack Built,' there will be several folk lore dances, particularly a Swedish dance in costume. On the stage, in this play—which is not a 'little' but a very 'big thing', indeed—the folk are going to walk right out of the old Mother Goose story book, exactly as they are in the pictures. There isn't going to be any up-to-dateness about it, at all, in that respect. The only up-to-dateness is going to be in the snap and swing. And all of the Moeher Goose people are going to be there, too— all women together in a most magical way.

"For the past ten years Mrs. Burgess has given her life up to training children, and she thinks fairy stories and jingles and myths are the proper diet for the little minds. Naturally, this opera is going to be a 'big thing' when about 200 children and grown-ups are working in it."

* * *

WORK OF MINISTERING CIRCLE OF KING'S DAUGHTERS

The public will be interested in the following report made by Mrs. W. A. Towne, the retiring secretary of the Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters at the annual meeting on Thursday last.

There is no worthier charity than that of the District Nurse, who stands ready and willing to minister to the sick and aid the suffering poor of Wilmington.

To carry on this work, which broadens in scope each year, is the object of the Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters. Recognizing the kindly and generous support of the Wilmington public they feel that a full account of their work should be published.

The cost of maintaining the district nurse, including necessary expenses such as drugs, dressings and supplies, amounts to about $1,000 yearly. There is need for an additional nurse, but the society does not feel justified in assuming the added financial responsibility.

The report is as follows:

"The Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters tendered the office of Secretary to me on the 4th of January, 1912, Miss Elliotte Emerson being elected treasurer. The president, Miss Lucile Murchison, and the vice president, Miss Sarah Kenan, were serving their second term. Miss K. Olivia Smith was visiting nurse.

"A resume of the work accomplished during the past two years is most satisfactory; and upon retiring from office, I take pleasure in making a few comparisons in order to show that our organization is not standing still, but, on the contrary, is surging forward in the march of progress.

"At the time that I assumed the duties of this office, there were 33 resident members, and four non-resident. We now have on our books five new names as resident members, and the zeal with which they work would indicate that the spirit of a King's Daughter is not lacking.

"It is with sorrow that we have entered upon the pages of our Record Book the deaths of two of our members, of whom it can be truly said, their "clothing is of wrought gold," for each was faithful to her obligations in the way best fitted to her life and health.

"The first important step for the year 1912 was the adoption of a constitution and by-laws, which placed the society on a more stable basis. This was most ably and intelligently carried through and prepared by our former president, Miss Lucile Murchison, whose keen interest stimulated others to greater effort under her capable leadership.

"In 1912 there were 11 meetings during the winter and spring months. Two sales, netting aproximately $395. One entertainment, (Damrosch Orchestra) $118; Library on beach $29; Donations, $35.

"On January 7, 1913, two new officers were elected, as follows: Mrs. George Cotchett, president, Mrs. C. VanLeuven, vice president. Under their splendid management, we have a most excellent record established for the past year.

"We cannot go on to other items without first expressing our regret at the prolonged illness of our vice president, and the wish that she may soon be restored to health and again take up her share in our work.

"An important change occurred in 1913, when Miss Smith was forced to resign as visiting nurse, owing to the death of a member of her family. While we regretted exceedingly Miss Smith's departure, we were most fortunate in securing as her successor Miss Armstrong, who has proved her worth in the noble work accomplished.

"Before leaving, Miss Smith greatly encouraged our society by her report regarding the improved hygienic conditions of the homes of the poor whom she visited, and a higher standard of health and cleanliness among the children.

"There were 13 meetings of the Circle held in the year 1913.

One sale netting approximately $233

Three entertainments:

U. N. C. Dram. Club	$304.00	
Orton Picnic	192.00	
Baseball Game	219.15	715.15
Beach Library		14.00
Sale of Flowers		36.00
Metropolitan Nursing		43.00
Donations		181.00
Total year's work (approx.)		$1,122.15

"The Memorial Fund has increased in a very satisfactory manner, and at present shows a balance of over $1,000. I might remind you that this fund is to be used as a permanent endowment to perpetuate the memory of those of our members who have departed this life.

"The introduction of Metropolitan Life Insurance Nursing in connection with our regular work was considered and tested for three or four months. It proved to be of financial aid to our visiting nurse as well as to our Circle, without interference and not overtaxing her strength. It was adopted at our last meeting for the year 1914, and we are hoping for good results.

"The last and most important change is the decision to re-join the National organization of King's Daughters, which is the mother of our society, thus ending any further discussion as to our legal right to the name. It is definitely understood, however, that this does not obligate us to connect ourselves with any State work which, though excellent in itself, is more than we can assume in view of the increased yearly expenses of our own work.

"The average attendance at our meetings has been 15, which is not so satisfactory as we would like to see it; and with our enlarged membership, we are hoping for fuller meetings during 1914.

"In beginning the New Year, we face increased responsibilities and additional expense as our work expands, and it behooves each of us to shoulder her share of the burden so that it may be said of us, like the King's Daughter of David's Psalm, 'With gladness and rejoicing they shall enter into the King's palace.'

"Respectfully submitted,

"ANNIE deROSSET TOWNES."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. E. Johnson, of Fair Bluff, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Judge George Rountree returned yesterday from Elizabethtown, Bladen county, where he has been conducting court the past week.

—Mr. B. F. Wellons, of Smithfield, was in the city yesterday to attend the show at the Academy.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Friends of Mr. J. W. H. Fuchs, who has been confined at his home, No. 412 South Second street, will be glad to learn that he is improving rapidly and will be able to be out again in a few days.

—Messrs. W. H. and A. A. Dock, who have been connected with the Fleet-Davis Company, give official notice elsewhere in today's paper that they have severed all their connection with the firm.

—There was only one case tried by the Recorder yesterday, this being that of Anthony Stewart, white, charged with assaulting Lynn Smith, also white, with a knife. Judgment was suspended upon payment of the costs.

—The annual meeting of the Cape Fear Club will be held next Saturday night at 8:30 o'clock, in its handsome new club rooms, Second and Chesnut streets. The meeting is for the election of a president and two members of the governing board whose terms have expired.

—The monthly meeting of the County Board of Health will be held in the offices of the Health Department at the court house Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. There are a number of matters of some importance to be considered and the session will probably be a busy one.

—Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, will preach tonight the first of a series of Sunday evening sermons. His message tonight will be to young men, and his theme will be "Brains, Their Value and Their Use." Special music will add interest to the service. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

—Chief of Police Nathan Williams received a telegram yesterday morning from Sergeant R. E. Glover, of the police department of Portsmouth, Va., asking him to locate, if possible, E. T. Olsen, who is supposed to be in this city. His father died suddenly in Portsmouth and his relatives were unable to get in touch with him. Chief Williams was unable to find anyone here by that name.

INDEPENDENT CLUB TO GIVE BANQUET.

Big Event is Planned for Tuesday Night in the Woolvin Building.

Tuesday night the Independent Club of New Hanover County will give a banquet on the third floor of the Woolvin building to the members and their friends, and it is expected that the event will be attended by several hundred. Refreshments are being arranged for and the evening will no doubt be a very pleasant one to all. Talks will be made by a number of the members of the club.

The membership of the organization is reported to be increasing very rapidly, and the officers hope to have 500 members in a short while. Mr. C. C. Chadbourn is president of the club and Mr. Jos. A. Price is secretary.

While nothing official has yet been given out, the rumor persists that the club is to publish a weekly paper voicing its sentiments in matters affecting local affairs. Mr. Geo. F. Cochran, formerly of The Star, is still in the city and the reports have it that he is to edit the club organ. It is also understood that local printing establishments have been asked to figure on printing the paper, and that an effort will be made to get the first issue out next Saturday.

YOUNG CHILD DIES.

Three-year-old Son of Mr. and Mrs. Earle C. Dickinson Passes.

A telegram yesterday brought the sad news of the death of little William Litchfield Dickinson, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Earle C. Dickinson, of Tampa, Fla., formerly of this city. Miss Bessie Gore and Mr. Milton Gore, sister and brother of Mrs. Dickinson, left yesterday afternoon for Jacksonville, where they will meet the bereaved parents and accompany them to Wilmington with the body. Mrs. Cuthbert Martin, mother of Mrs. Dickinson, was with her until Wednesday when she returned to the city. It was thought at that time that the child was much better. The funeral arrangements will be made later.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

Representative Kellum Says He Will Not Run for Recorder.

Representative Woodus Kellum denied yesterday that he was contemplating running for Recorder for this county. The Jacksonville Enterprise last week carried a statement to the effect that he would run for this office. Mr. Kellum stated that there was absolutely no foundation for the report. He said that he had not definitely decided to run for anything, but that if he was a candidate for any public office it would be for re-election as the representative from this county to the Legislature.

The woman who wears Kryptoks doesn't show her age. They are double vision in one solid piece—graceful and improve the appearance. In one lens you get far and near vision. Many delighted wearers. Come in and see what they are like. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free.
(advertisement.)

Are you insured in the Germania Life Insurance Company? See their ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

FIVE NUMBERS YET.

Dates Announced for Boys' Brigade Lyceum Attractions.

Subscribers to the Boys' Brigade Lyceum Course will be interested to know that there are still five numbers on this course and that definite dates have at last been secured on three of these. The five numbers still to come are Elias Day, humorist and impersonator; The Ernest Gamble Concert Party, The Boston Musical Club, The Beulah Buck Ladies Quartette and Ross Crane, cartoonist and clay modeler. All of these are among the very best attractions of their kind that is handled by the Alkahest Bureau.

This explains the reason for the dates being so much later than usual. They have all been booked so far ahead and so very generally that it is impossible for them to reach Wilmington at an earlier date than those assigned, these being Elias Day, February 6th; Ernest Gamble Concert Co., February 9th, and The Boston Musical Club, February 20th. The other two dates have not yet been received. Elias Day is considered one of the greatest impersonators and humorists in America and certainly is the best sent out by the bureau. The Ernest Gamble Concert Party was here on last Winter's course and proved so very pleasing that the local management immediately secured a return engagement. The Boston Musical Club is composed of eight people, four ladies and four men. They present vocal and instrumental music, a ladies quartette and a male quartette, and if report is true these people are musicians of real merit. The Beulah Buck Ladies Quartette will probably appear during March and Ross Crane early in April.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

Officials and Committees of Clarendon Lodge.

At a meeting of Clarendon Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias, held Tuesday evening, the following officers were installed by Acting Lodge Deputy Jas. D. Nutt: C. C., A. C. Boney; V. C., F. J. Hashagen; P., Rev. A. D. McClure; M. at A., R. L. Meares; K. of R. and S., J. F. Littleton; M. of T., W. J. Toomer; M. of E., J. W. Smith; I. G., C. F. Craig; O. G., G. A. Warren.

The following committees will serve for the next six months: Joint Hall, N. T. Maxwell; Auditing, J. T. King, J. D. Nutt, S. F. Garrison; Trustees, Rev. A. D. McClure, N. T. Maxwell, R. L. Meares; Relief, First Ward, Dr. A. D. McClure; Second Ward, W. C. Galloway; Third Ward, S. F. Garrison; Fourth Ward, F. J. Hashagen; Fifth Ward, J. F. Littleton; General Relief, Col. Walker Taylor.

Wm. H. Baxley, manager of the Germania Life Insurance Company of New York, expects to make 1914 the biggest year the company has ever had in the Carolinas. See his ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

NEW TREATMENT FOR BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH AND HEAD COLDS

Vick's Vap-O-Rub Croup and Pneumonia Salve Relieves by Inhalation and Absorption. No Dosing.

When Vick's "Vap-O-Rub" Croup and Pneumonia Salve is applied externally, the body warmth releases vapors of Pine Tar, Camphor, Thymol, Menthol and Eucalyptol. These vapors are inhaled direct to the lungs and air passages where internal medicines cannot go. They loosen the phlegm, open the air passages and stimulate the mucous membrane to throw off the disease germs. For Catarrh and head colds melt a little in a spoon and inhale the vapors, also apply well up the nostrils. For asthma and hay fever follow the instructions given above and also rub Vick's well over the spinal column, thus relaxing the nervous tension. Vick's is not a "cure" for these diseases, but it has at least the merit of containing no harmful habit forming drugs, and it is sold by all druggists on thirty days' trial. If it fails to relieve in your case the purchase price will be immediately refunded.

For sore throat, tonsilitis, deep colds, and bronchial troubles, apply hot wet towels over the chest and throat to open the pores of the skin. Then rub Vick's well in and cover with a warm flannel cloth. The next morning the phlegm is loosened, head is clear and in addition the absorption of Vick's through the skin has taken out that tightness and soreness. At all dealers—25c, 50c and $1.00.

TAME SHOW FOR $2.

Lillian Russell Aggregation Give 50-Cent Performance.

About the tamest 32 show that has been shown here this season was pulled off at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon and night when the much heralded Lillian Russell and her aggregation of vaudeville performers presented a variety of acts that at best would be what one would expect for 50 cents or less. Lilian Russell was supposed to be the star attraction of the show, but it must be said in justice to the audiences present that she failed to measure up to their expectations.

Those who simply desired a look at her and wanted nothing more, perhaps were satisfied. She attempted to sing, but it would be better for the show, if she desisted.

Most of her part on the programme was in the form of moving pictures, such as one sees at a five cent theatre any day in the week. True, it was Lillian Russell in the pictures, and she was there to point out the striking features in them. There was a disrobing scene which evidently was aimed to thrill the inquisitive, but even that would not have caused the most Puritanical more than a passing shock.

Kramer and Bellclair, exponents of physical culture, looked well on the stage, and really did some excellent stunts of their kind, but there was nothing startling. One would expect to see that sort of thing and many more at a 50-cent circus.

Marguerite Farrell, in her singing and dancing was just plain ordinary and nothing more. Ben Linn, in his comedy singing and dancing scored the only decided hit of the show.

For those who like the tragic when it is contrasted with singing and dancing, William Farnum in the last two acts of "Virginius," was good. He did his part well and, although it was heavy, was really about the best thing about the attraction.

Bert Melrose, the dare-devil clown, did some stunts that caused the audience to have the creeps, but was slow and silly. He failed to appear last night on account of illness. One of the clever parts of the show was the dancing of Rose and Arthur Boylan. They gave all the latest styles of dancing and some that have not been chronicled in the papers.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

C. C. Ketchum Had Swim in Bank's Channel Friday.

Mr. C. C. Ketchum, a young man of Wrightsville Beach, had a narrow escape from drowning in Bank's Channel Friday afternoon when in crossing the channel his craft filled with water from the heavy choppy sea. He was probably a half mile from land and it required a hard half hour of work before he finally reached the beach. He was swept down by the tide and finally was able to land at a point near the Carolina Yacht Club.

He had started out on a duck hunt and had almost reached the marshes on the sound when the boat sank. He had his pockets filled with shells and this made it hard for him to swim. There were two men on Wrightsville Beach, he states, who saw him, but they failed to render him any assistance beyond throwing a few chunks into the water. He is about 21 years old and is a son of Mrs. E. J. Ketchum.

WILL INITIATE CANDIDATES.

Knights of Columbus Will Have Interesting Meeting Today.

The local council of the Knights of Columbus will initiate 40 candidates into the order at a session to be held this morning at 9 o'clock. State Deputy Warren V. Hall, of Charlotte, will have charge of the exercises. Previous to the initiatory work, those attending the session will go to St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral for high mass. Lunch will be served in Woolvin hall by the Ladies' Saunctuary after the meeting.

The degree work will take place in Hibernian Hall on Third street.

One Hundred
OSTERMOOR
MATTRESSES

Regular Price $18.50

We will sell This week only at $13.50

Now is your time to buy a High Grade Mattress at a Big Reduction.

JUST ARRIVED

A car load of Fine Bedroom Furniture, all of which has been marked at Attractive Prices.

Come to see us. We can furnish your home
—Everything from a Teaspoon to a Piano.

Sterchi-Bancroft-Rich Company

Financial and Commercial

COTTON WAS IRREGULAR

An Early Decline Was Practically Recovered and Close Was Steady.

New York, January 10.—The cotton market today showed considerable irregularity following yesterday's big advance. An early decline was practically recovered and the close was steady, net one point higher to four points lower, with near months relatively firm. There appeared to be a desire of realizing at the start. Somewhat disappointing Liverpool cables and reports of business failures from Pittsburgh and two or three other sections of the country seemed to inspire some renewal of bear pressure as well as profit taking by recent buyers and after opening steady at a decline of two to ten points, active months sold about six to ten points net lower. Offerings were well taken at this decline, owing to a continued good demand from commission houses and purchases of March by prominent spot interests and rallies followed with March leading the advance and selling a couple of points above last night's closing figures in the late trading. Fall River sales of print cloths for the week were estimated at 200,000 pieces, compared with 115,000 last year and the week's curtailment was placed at about 90,000 pieces compared with 80,000 last year.

Spot, quiet; middling uplands, 12.50; middling gulf, 12.75; sales, none.

Cotton futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Jan	12.09	12.13	12.07	12.14
Feb	12.09	12.10	12.10	12.20
Mar	12.40	12.48	12.39	12.48
Apr				12.37
May	12.30	12.33	12.27	12.33
June	12.28	12.28	12.28	12.30
July	12.23	12.28	12.21	12.28
Aug	12.03	12.10	12.01	12.11
Sept				11.76
Oct	11.60	11.66	11.60	11.67
Dec	11.55			

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12 15-16; net receipts, 18,382; gross receipts, 18,382; sales, 500; stock, 285,108; France, 9,616; continent, 15,335; coastwise, 973.

New Orleans—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 11,145; gross receipts, 11,147; sales, 1,730; stock, 271,755; France, 5; continent, 17,072.

Mobile—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 783; gross receipts, 783; sales, 50; stock, 58,055; coastwise, 81.

Savannah—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 5,005; gross receipts, 5,005; sales, 1,036; stock, 153,686; continent, 224; coastwise, 911.

Charleston—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 226; gross receipts, 226; stock, 46,003.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 832; gross receipts, 832; stock, 32,544.

Norfolk—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 1,921; gross receipts, 1,921; sales, 845; stock, 64,223.

Baltimore—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 6,887; stock, 6,887; coastwise, 223.

New York—Quiet, 12.60; net receipts, 50; gross receipts, 5,029; stock, 100,236; coastwise, 4,560.

Boston—Quiet, 12.60; net receipts, 247; gross receipts, 5,537; stock, 6,756; Great Britain, 3,076; continent, 95.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.85; stock, 4,980.

Texas City—Net receipts, 4,953; gross receipts, 4,953; stock, 19,989; France, 3,948.

Brunswick—Stock, 3,661.

Jacksonville—Net receipts, 503; gross receipts, 503; stock, 2,501; coastwise, 938.

Aransas Pass—Net receipts, 1,915; gross receipts, 1,915; stock, 2,383; Great Britain, 3,358.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 46,052; Great Britain, 6,634; France, 13,569; continent, 32,726; Japan, 4,000; stock, 1,062,936.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 46,052; Great Britain, 6,634; France, 13,569; continent, 32,726; Japan, 4,000.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 7,244,919; Great Britain, 2,024,036; France, 1,797,994; continent, 2,425,698; Japan, 216,838; Mexico, 20,119.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 8,390; gross receipts, 8,390; shipments, 7,773; sales, 452; stock, 189,097.

Augusta—Steady, 13¼; net receipts, 476; gross receipts, 744; shipments, 1,749; sales, 781; stock, 90,108.

Memphis—Steady, 13¼; net receipts, 1,197; gross receipts, 2,616; shipments, 4,557; sales, 3,800; stock, 252,166.

St. Louis—Quiet, 13.00; net receipts, 200; gross receipts, 4,848; shipments, 4,660; sales, 200; stock, 30,918.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,837; gross receipts, 1,837; shipments, 1,477; sales, 450; stock, 24,071.

Little Rock—Quiet, 12¼; net receipts, 504; gross receipts, 504; shipments, 1,810; stock, 53,458.

Total today—Net receipts, 12,598; gross receipts, 18,933; shipments, 22,326; sales, 5,083; stock, 639,818.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 10.—Flour—Dull.

Wheat—Steady. No. 2, red, $1.00, nominal; No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.00.

Corn—Firm.

Hides—Steady.

Petroleum—Steady.

Wool—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Leather—Firm.

Turpentine—Firm. Machine barrels, 48c.

Molasses—Firm.

Butter—Weak.

Cheese—Firm.

Sugar—Raw, firm; Muscovado, 2.73@2.76; centrifugal, 3.23@3.26; molasses sugar, 2.48@2.51; refined, quiet.

Coffee—Spot, quiet. No. 7, Rio, 9¾; Santos, No. 4, 12¼; mild, dull; Cordova, 13@16, nominal.

Peanuts—Steady and unchanged.

Freights—Steady and unchanged.

Potatoes—Steady and unchanged.

Cabbages—Steady and unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Only moderately active with small price changes, but the undertone was very steady, on further covering, and in sympathy with lard, closing one net lower to five points higher. Prime crude 573 sales; prime Summer yellow spot, 6.80; January, 6.85; February, 6.97; March, 7.12; April, 7.23; May, 7.34; June, 7.41; July, 7.49; August, 7.60; Prime Winter yellow, 7.00@7.75; prime Summer white, 7.00@7.50.

WHEAT A SHADE UP.

Chicago, January 10.—Corn disappointed the bulls today and failed to climb. Speculative futures were active, but merchandising call had dwindled almost to nothing. Trading in the pit closed easy at the same as last night to 3-8c up. Wheat finished a shade net higher, oats unchanged to 1-8c advance and provisions with a gain of 7 1-2 to 15.

Wheat—May, 91⅝; July, 87¼.

Corn—May, 68⅞; July, 65⅛.

Oats—May, 39⅝; July, 38¼.

Pork—January, 21.15; May, 21.37½.

Lard—January, 10.90; May, 11.20.

Ribs—May, 11.45.

Wheat—No. 2, red, 90@97; No. 2, hard, 88⅛@89½; No. 2, Northern, 88½@89½; No. 2, Spring, 88@89.

Corn—No. 3, 59½@62; No. 3, white, 65; No. 3, yellow, 61½@63.

Oats—Standard, 39½@40.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, January 10. — Spot cotton, small business; prices, firm; middling fair, 7.67; good middling, 7.33; middling, 7.05; low middling, 6.81; good ordinary, 6.15; ordinary, 5.81.

Sales, 3,000, including 2,500 American and 300 for speculation and export. Receipts, 28,000, including 27,600 American.

Futures closed quiet and steady. January, 6.72½; January-February, 6.73½; February-March, 6.75; March-April, 6.76½; April-May, 6.70; May-June, 6.75½; June-July, 6.72; July-August, 6.68½; August-September, 6.57; September-October, 6.39; October-November, 6.30; November-December, 6.26; December-January, 6.25; January-February, 6.25.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REPORT

The Stock Market Found Incentive to Speculate in Union Pacific Announcement.

New York, January 10.—The stock market found incentive to speculation this week in the announcement of the Union Pacific's plan for distribution of its Baltimore and Ohio stock. This in conjunction with other recent announcements indicating a disposition on the part of corporations to adjust their affairs to meet the views of the Federal government gave rise to hopes that public opinion toward corporations henceforth would be more favorable. In this connection there was lively interest in the President's forthcoming special message to Congress on trust legislation.

The coming hearing of shippers' objections to the proposed five per cent. increase in freight rates will test the force of the railroads' case, already presented. Arguments for the increase was seen in the severe losses in net earnings for November, with a worse showing expected for December as guaged by the increase in idle freight cars. The market effect of these losses was, however, modified by expectations that the railroads would be victorious.

There was a similar modifying effect for the poor statistical showing in current returns from Iron, Steel and Copper. Hopeful sentiment is recorded in both these trades.

Expansion in merchandise imports for December directed attention to tariff law influences. The expected January relaxation of money markets proved marked. Reflex of funds to New York was strong with gold from Canada included. Demand for bonds improved but foreign exchange rates rose. Corporations are said to be negotiating large temporary loans, indicating further postponement of long-trm issues.

The problem of funding government note issues weighs on the market for capital in Paris with the delayed French loan an obstacle. Mexican and Brazilian difficulties disturb both Parish and London.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Cromwell (Br.), 1,977 tons, Mitchell, Pensacola, Fla., Henry Whyte, agent.

Str. Charlton Hall (Br.), 3,001 tons, Robertson, Perth Amboy, N. J.; Heide & Co.

Str. Cherokee, Devereaux, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

Schr. Blanche H. King, 1,021 tons, Williams, Charleston, Mafflitt & Wood.

Steamed.

Str. Barrsfield (Br.), 2,615 tons, Blackmore, St. Johns, New Brunswick, Heide & Co.

Str. Sliedrecht (Dutch), 1,951 tons, Tenesma, Guifport, Heide & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Hesperides (Br.), 2,104 tons, Lee, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Glenaen, (Br.), 2,065 tons, Taylor, Heide & Co.

Str. Mascara (Br.), 3,201 tons, Simmons, Heide & Co.

Str. Croydon (Br.), 2,381 tons, Clayton, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Schooners.

Schr. Benjamin F. Poole, 1,000 tons, Mafflitt & Wood.

Barkentines.

Barkentine Crimley, 698 tons, Neeland, Mafflitt & Wood.

Barges.

Barge Mattie L. Johnson, 582 tons, Johnson, Mafflitt & Wood.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, at 44 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.70.

TAR — Firm, at $2.50 per barrel; in casks, 10c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.00 per barrel for hard; $3.00 per barrel for dip, and $3.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 39½c.; rosin, $4.80; tar, $2.20; crude turpentine, firm, at $3.25@$4.25 to $4.25.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	59
Tar	(—)
Crude Turpentine	4

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 98 barrels; crude turpentine, 5 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, nominal for middling. Same day last year, nominal.

Receipts, 832. Same day last year, 531 bales.

Total receipts since Sept. 1, 337,834 bales. Total receipts, same time last year, 281,401 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10.

Atlantic Coast Line—231 bales cotton.

Seaboard Air Line—593 bales cotton.

Str. Alice—8 bales cotton.

Str. Whitlock—59 barrels rosin.

Schr. Annie B—4 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—832 bales cotton; 59 barrels rosin; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 10th.)

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, new, 60 to 70c. Very dull.

PEAS—White, $2.50 per bushel; good demand.

BEEF—Native, dressed, very dull, 6 to 8c.

PORK—Small, 9@11c.

WOOL—Burry, 11 to 12c. per lb.; free 17c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 14@16c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Old hams, 25c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, good demand. Grown, 40 to 45c.; Spring chickens, 15@35c. per head.

EGGS—28c. per doz.; very dull.

TURKEYS—Live, on foot, 18c per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 10.—The Peanut market is weaker under the influence of heavier receipts than anticipated. Quote:

North Carolina—Machine picked, 85 to 90 cents per bushel.

Spanish—Machine picked, $1.10 to $1.15 per bushel.

Virginias—Machine picked, 65 to 70 cents per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.

Petersburg, Va., Jan. 10.—Spanish—Farmers' Spanish, firm, at $1.25 per bu.

Virginias—Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. to 4c. per lb. Fancy Handpicked, 3½c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Prime, 3c. per lb. Shelling Stock, 2c. to 3c. per lb.

New York, January 10.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $32,189,100 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $19,999,550 from last week.

STOCKS HAVE POOR START

But Picked Up Again When It Was Apparent That New Haven Held Firmly.

New York, Jan. 10.—The stock market today made a poor start on account of a sharp break in New Haven. Refusal of the Massachusetts Supreme court to sanction the proposed issue of $67,000,000 New Haven convertibles caused the stock to drop 3 1-4 to 73. Trading was active for a time, but no attempt was made to unload large holdings and the price began to mend, closing at 75.

Opening prices elsewhere showed small declines, but as soon as it became apparent that New Haven was being held firmly in hand, the whole list began to pick up and at the end of the day most representative shares were on a level with, or slightly above yesterday's close.

The monthly United States steel figures which appeared after the close of the market, showed a decrease in unfilled orders of 114,239 tons, which was in excess of expectations. This was the 12th successive decline in unfilled orders.

Aside from New Haven securities the widest movements of the day were in specialties. Texas company jumped 5 1-2 to a high record of 142 on rumors that the company was to be taken over by Standard Oil interests. Tobacco stocks relapsed after yesterday's advance. New York Central made a new low record price for its present movement, dropping to 89 1-8, within a fraction of its low market for 20 years.

Expectations of a huge cash gain as a result of the return flow of money following January 1st disbursements were fully met in today's bank statement. The actual cash gain exceeded $28,000,000 and the surplus was swollen by $20,000,000.

Bonds were firm. Total sales, par value, $2,586,000. United States 2s advanced 1-4, the 4s registered 3-4, and the Panama 2s 1-2 on call on the week. United States 3s declined 1-4 and the 4s coupon 1-2. Total sales stocks were 138,500, including American Tobacco 400; Lehigh Valley 1,200; L. & N. 200; N. & W. 1,500; S. A. L. 600; do preferred 200; Sou. Ry. 2,700; do preferred 700; T. C. 500; V. C. C. 200.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	71⅞
American Agricultural	53
American Beet Sugar	24
American Can	31⅛
American Can, pfd	91½
American Car and Foundry	44⅝
American Cotton Oil	38¼
American Ice Securities	22
American Linseed	9½
American Locomotive	32⅝
American Smelting and Ref	63½
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	98½
American Sugar Ref	105
American Tel. and Tel	119
American Tobacco	245½
Anaconda Mining Co	33⅞
Atchison	94⅝
Atchison, pfd	98
Atlantic Coast Line	118
Baltimore and Ohio	90⅜
Bethlehem Steel	30½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	88¼
Canadian Pacific	208
Central Leather	28
Chesapeake and Ohio	60½
Chicago Great Western	11½
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	100½
Chicago and North Western	128⅝
Colorado Fuel and Iron	30
Consolidated Gas	130½
Corn Products	9½
Delaware and Hudson	157½
Denver and Rio Grande	16½
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	26
Distillers' Securities	17½
Erie	28⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	30½
General Electric	140½
Great Northern, pfd	126
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	35¼
Illinois Central	107⅜
Interborough-Met	15½
Interborough-Met., pfd	61⅛
Inter-Harvester	105
Inter-Marine, pfd	13¼
International Paper	8⅝
International Pump	6
Kansas City Southern	24¾
Laclede Gas	93
Lehigh Valley	149⅜
Louisville and Nashville	135
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	125½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	20
Missouri Pacific	25½
National Biscuit	122
National Lead	45
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	10
New York Central	89½
New York, Ont. and Western	26
Norfolk and Western	100¾
North American	68
Northern Pacific	109½
Pacific Mail	24
Pennsylvania	110½
People's Gas	123⅜
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	83¼
Pittsburg Coal	18
Pressed Steel Car	28
Pullman Palace Car	151½
Reading	169⅝
Republic Iron and Steel	20
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	80¾
Rock Island Co	13⅜
Rock Island Co., pfd	20¼
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	7
Seaboard Air Line	18⅝
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	48½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	27½
Southern Pacific	91¾
Southern Railway	24¼
Southern Railway, pfd	78
Tennessee Copper	32¾
Texas and Pacific	14½
Union Pacific	157½
Union Pacific, pfd	84¼
United States Realty	55
United States Rubber	58¾
United States Steel	59½
United States Steel, pfd	107¼
Utah Copper	49
Virginia-Carolina Chemical	30
Wabash	2⅞
Wabash, pfd	8⅞
Western Maryland	31⅜
Western Union	58½
Westinghouse Electric	66
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5¼
New Haven	75
L. and M	226¾
L. and M., pfd	113¾
Lorillard	108
Lorillard, pfd	110

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, January 10.—Cotton goods closed the week steadier and slightly higher. Linens are firm. Heavy weight burlaps were easier. Next week many meetings of wholesalers of dry goods will be held in the city and many large buyers are expected.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 10.—Turpentine—Firm.

Rosin—Steady.

Savannah, Jan. 10.—Turpentine firm, at 45¼. Sales, 411; receipts, 136; shipments, 220; stocks, 29,834.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,348; receipts, 1,872; shipments, 335; stocks, 170,886. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, 3.92½; G, H, 3.95; I, 4.00; K, 4.60; M, 5.50; N, 6.35; W G, 6.55; W W, 6.85.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, January 10.—Money on call, nominal; no loans. Time loans, weak; sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent.; ninety days, 4; six months, 4¼@4½. Mercantile paper, 4¾@5¼. Sterling exchange, strong; sixty day bills, 4.8375; for demand, 4.8695. Commercial bills, 4.82¾. Bar silver, 57¾. Mexican dollars, 44. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, firm.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

January 11, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 58 degrees; at 8 P. M., 52 degrees; maximum, 62 degrees; minimum, 54 degrees; mean, 58 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .01; rainfall for the month, to date, .06.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday 9.4 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Sunday, colder; Monday, fair; light to moderate North winds.

The Fort Calendar, Jan. 11.

Sun sets	7:18 A. M.
Sun sets	5:22 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 4 min.

Tides.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	9:23	9:34	4:12	5:02
Southport	7:02	7:25	12:51	1:41
Masonboro Inlet	6:51	7:14	12:31	1:21

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

January 10, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest Last Night.	Precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	50	32	.0
Asheville	clear	42	34	.0
Atlanta	clear	52	38	.0
Augusta	clear	60	38	.0
Birmingham	pt. cldy	52	36	.0
Boston	clear	42	34	.0
Charleston	clear	72	58	.0
Charlotte	clear	56	46	.0
Chicago	cloudy	28	22	.01
Galveston	clear	64	52	.0
Jacksonville	clear	76	62	.06
Memphis	pt. cldy	42	32	.0
Mobile	clear	70	58	.0
Montgomery	clear	64	48	.0
New Orleans	clear	58	62	.0
New York	clear	42	36	.02
Oklahoma	clear	44	30	.0
Palestine	clear	56	42	.0
Pittsburg	snowing	32	32	.0
Raleigh	clear	52	46	.0
Savannah	clear	74	62	.0
Shreveport	clear	52	40	.0
St. Louis	pt. cldy	36	24	.0
Washington	pt. cldy	44	42	.0

A DOCTOR FOR SICK CHURCHES

In the "About People" department of the January Woman's Home Companion appear a portrait and sketch of Dr. Charles Stelzle, a "Social Engineer," who has developed a system for advancing church efficiency in town and country. He is caller "a doctor for sick churches." Following is an extract from the article:

"Why do churches lose ground? What is to be done when, in the face of conscientious effort, there is still a continuous falling off in attendance, interest, and support? To discover what is wrong with ailing churches and to prescribe the different remedies applicable in different cases is the task to which the Rev. Charles Stelzle and his associates are scientifically applying themselves as experts in church service.

"Mr. Stelzle has long been known as a social engineer with a remarkable record of success in establishing closer relations between workingmen and the church and better relations between employers and employees. Born in the most thickly populated tenement district on the East Side of New York City, a newsboy, and from his sixteenth to his twenty-fourth year an employee in the largest machine shop in the city, he has had unusual opportunities for studying industrial and social problems from the standpoint of those most intimately concerned. He established and was for two years superintendent of the unique Labor Temple, which through true social service enlisted the interest of working people of many races and creeds in a section from which many churches had withdrawn, defeated by changes to which they could not adapt themselves. In the last ten years he has addressed more than half a million workingmen on the relation of the church to the labor movement, and through his writings published in three hundred and fifty labor papers has reached millions more. As pastor of a great institutional church in the Middle West, as a leader in the Men and Religion Forward Movement and in other official capacities he has gained first-hand knowledge of the problem confronting churches of different denominations in many parts of the country. Mr. Stelzle says that he has found earnest church workers too frequently inclined to confine themselves to routine methods that may have been highly successful elsewhere, but that are not adapted to their own emergencies. His methods of promoting church efficiency are based on surveys of individual conditions."

SET FIRE TO CAR.

Edison Once Discharged by a Railway Conductor

In the January Woman's Home Companion a contributor names ten great men of our time and gives many interesting facts about them. Among these, of course, is Thomas A. Edison who is briefly described as follows:

"Thomas Edison is one of the greatest inventive mechanical geniuses who ever lived. His life story is outwardly uneventful. He was born in Ohio in 1847, and at twelve became a train boy; he took advantage of an empty express room in a car and printed a little newspaper called 'The Grand Trunk Herald,' and also carried on chemical and electrical experiments there. These came to an end when he set fire to the car accidentally, and was dismissed by the angry conductor.

"He learned telegraphy and practiced it in several cities, coming after a time to New York. There he invented a printing telegraph machine, known as 'the ticker,' to record stock quotations. This brought him in forty thousands dollars and enabled him to set up his famous laboratory in New Jersey.

"His first really great invention was the quadruplex telegraph, which makes it possible to send four messages over one wire at the same time. Next came the carbon transmitter. Edison's third great work was the discovery of the carbon filament for the incandescent light, and his next the phonograph, which has developed into extended and various use. His work on the cinematograph has brought moving pictures into a conspicuous place not only for amusement but for education."

Are you insured in the Germania Life Insurance Company? See their ad on page 14. (advertisement.)

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrators, with will annexed, of J. B. Mercer, deceased, this is to notify all creditors to file claims with W. D. McCaig, Wilmington, N. C., on or before December 14th, 1914, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

Persons indebted to the estate will please make payment to undersigned.

This December 13, 1913.

W. D. McCAIG,
C. ED. TAYLOR,
de14-law6t Adm'r C. T. A.

THE SELFISHNESS OF UNMARRIED WOMEN.

In the January Woman's Home Companion appears an article entitled "The Girl Who Does Not Marry," in the course of which the author makes the following comments on the selfishness of unmarried women and tells the following story:

"The temptation to be selfish is, I believe, stronger for the unmarried girl than for the one who is married. There are many such girls. I know one who will never marry and whom the world in general would call a very saintly person. She has devoted her life to her aged parents, and spent herself lavishly for a nephew and niece, but her devotion has had something too personal, almost fanatical in it. By constantly sacrificing herself she succeeded in making her parents a very selfish pair of old people. Not content with that, she dedicated herself quite as extravagantly to the nephew and niece. For them she slaved; and came, in time, to believe that they were wholly dependent on her efforts, whereas there were others closely connected with them who would gladly have rendered them what might have been a more wise service. But 'Aunt May' was by this time wholly possessed by the idea that she was necessary to the children. A more keen observer would have seen that it was, rather, the children who had become necessary to her. By her unthinking admirers it was often said: 'May is so unselfish! She lives for nothing else but those two children.'

"But as time went on the selfishness in the mask of unselfishness began to show its true face. The opportunity came for the boy and girl to have advantages and pleasures apart from 'Aunt May.' A favorite uncle proposed sending the boy for three months to a summer camp entirely away from her, and another aunt wished to give the girl one year in Europe. But 'Aunt May' was by this time so 'devoted' to the children that she could not endure to be separated from them. Others (again the unthinking) said: 'Well, May has certainly earned the right to keep them? But those who had eyes to see saw the sorry spectacle of selfishness so well masked as unselfishness that even the woman herself, a woman with a fine mind she is too, was cheated and deceived by the disguise. The two young people for whom she would give her lifeblood are now the ones who are being sacrificed."

HELPFUL SUGGESTION

Where to Keep Your Stockings in a Small Apartment

In the January Woman's Home Companion appears a department called "The Exchange" in which readers contribute helpful household suggestions which are the results of their personal experience. A Massachusetts woman, who has evidently lived in a small apartment in a great city, tells, as follows, about a device she invented for storing stockings in the cramped quarters of a city apartment:

"When living in a small apartment where drawer space was limited, I tacked tape around the sides of a bureau drawer at intervals, making each loop large enough to hold a neatly folded pair of stockings. By placing my husband's stockings on the left side and mine on the right, silk stockings at the front and old ones at the back, each pair could easily be selected without disturbing the other contents of the drawer very much."

Warner's Feature—Three Reels, "The Hand That Condemns." A Thrilling Detective Story. "The Bravest Man."

BIJOU

MONDAY.

—5 CTS—

"Girl From the Sunny South"—Tuesday.

REMINGTON, MONARCH and SMITH-PREMIER

We Sell Them All! Write, or Call on Us.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.

'Phone 878.

No. 17 Princess St.

ja7-1mo

To Our Friends and Patrons:

Wishing You A MERRY CHRISTMAS

Jos. H. Watters

220 N. Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

RAPALJE & LOUGHLIN

CIVIL ENGINEERS

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS TOWN PLANNING

SOUTHERN BLDG. WILMINGTON, N. C.

HEATING STOVES THAT HEAT.

Heaters at Prices to Suit Everybody

PECK & HOLLOWAY

Everything in Hardware.

THE FOARD STORE

HARDWARE

—29 SO. FRONT ST—

Well, here I am again, trying to reduce the high cost of living. Last week I offered you 5 per cent Off on Ranges and 10 per cent on Heaters. What shall I offer you this week?

Oh, well, come on down and see me. I'll sell you anything at Less Than Wholesale Prices.

CABLE RANGES CABLE HEATERS.
WESTERN CARTRIDGES.
FISHING TACKLE SPORTING GOODS.

—CASH ONLY—

Salesmen:— Mr. C. D. Foard, Mr. Carl Marshburn, L. L. HANBY.

20% OFF REGULAR PRICE 20%

SOLKY & CO.'S SUITS SURELY SATISFY

WHY? BECAUSE THEY ARE MADE BY STROUSE & BROS. and B. KUPPENHEIMER CO.

20% OFF ON ALL FALL SUITS 20%

AND OVERCOATS FOR MEN AND CHILDREN

20% OFF. 20% OFF

NO. 9 NO. FRONT ST. 'PHONE 617

We Authorize Your Grocer

TO GUARANTEE

To deliver to you twelve perfect, large, clean, sanitary eggs for a dozen when you buy

"RIDGEFIELD BRAND"

Our fancy Ridgefield Brand Elgin Creamery Butter has no equal. Order by name.

Independent Ice Co.

Cold Storage Department.

—TRY—

CAPE FEAR OIL COMPANY'S GASOLINE

WATER WHITE 150° OIL, LUBRICATING OILS, GREASES and OIL SOAP.

THERE ARE NONE BETTER.

ALBERT H. MARSH

Public Accountant and Auditor

AUGUSTA, GA.

Established 1908.

Accounts Audited. Correspondence Solicited.

Systems Installed.

Prominent Local References Given.

GEN. VILLA LEADS ATTACK

(Continued from Page One.)

each man, seemed to take from the Federal generals their last vestige of hope.

None of the weired scenes in the moonlight while the horde of rebels was pouring into Ojinaga and Federals were rushing about in disorder was more intensely pathetic than that of Gen. Mercado, an old campaigner in various revolutions which appeared at the river bank and informed an orderly of the United States army that he wished asylum in a foreign country.

Gen. Mercado was taken to Major McNamee, the commanding officer, who held him pending orders from Brig. Gen. Bliss.

Major McNamee was convinced at a late hour that many of the Federal soldiers had not succeeded in reaching United States territory, but had scattered on the Mexican side and probably would come over later if they were not captured by the rebels.

Cavalry Didn't Cross.

A later report received by Major McNamee was that the Federal Cavalry did not cross to the American side, but probably succeeded in getting into the interior of Mexico.

Despite the report that General Orozco crossed to this side at a remote point and escaped to the Texas mountains near here, Major McNamee was informed that Orozco and General Yniz Salazar had remained with their cavalry and possibly had not crossed.

Orozco and Salazar are under Federal indictment in this country for violation of the neutrality law.

Orozco was prominent in the Madero revolution, but later started a revolution against Madero, when the latter became President. With the exception of those wounded or killed, the Federal garrison was composed of four thousand soldiers. The escape of 700 cavalry would leave 3,300 soldiers to be accounted for.

How many of these crossed or if they are, Major McNamee said he probably would not learn until daylight the border patrol was ordered to remain out all night, rounding up Federal refugees.

In the little adobe village on the Mexican side at midnight there reigned among the victorious forces a scene of merriment. Fires were built, such music as could be improvised, and a crowd of rebel soldiers, still grimy with the smoke of battle, surrounded General Villa.

This man, who six months ago entered the revolution in obscurity and with nothing more than a borrowed revolver, but who later captured Juarez and then occupied Chihuahua, a city of 35,000 population, was hailed as a leader destined to depose Huerta.

It is understood that as soon as he clears from the border any possible remaining fugitives from Ojinaga, General Villa will return to Chihuahua and there resume his plans for carrying the fight southward in the heart of the republic.

Rebels Begin the Attack.

Led by General Francisco Villa just before sundown, the rebel army advancing from the southeast and west, drove back the Federal outposts, captured 50 men and opened a heavy rifle fire on the Federal trenches, backed by shrapnel from the rebel field guns.

General Villa had with him 1,000 men while Generals Herrera and Hernandez led 1,200 from the west, from a base at ...e village of San Juan. The main body of rebels, comprising about 4,800 men, advanced along the river road from the east.

Steadily creeping toward the Federal fortifications high on the plateau where Ojinaga stands, the rebels occupied positions within four miles of the village, before they met resistence.

The Federal outposts opened fire, their rifle volleys being supported by the fire of a few machine guns. The rattling return fire of the rebels soon silenced the guns of the outpost. The scattered Federals were thrown into disorder and attempted to retreat, but 50 were captured and seven others threw away their rifles and jumped into the river, swimming to the American side.

Garrison Effected.

The rout of the Federal outposts had an immediate effect on the Federal garrison. Many other outposts were withdrawn, cattle were driven into the village and women and children were hurriedly dispatched across the river to American territory. General Francisco Castro, of the Federal forces, after a council of war with General Mercado, ordered all Federal field guns into action. These guns were posted on the edge of the Ojinaga plateau overlooking and commanding the lower plain across which the rebels were advancing. A few Federal soldiers who crossed the border after the opening of the action were arrested and disarmed by the United States troops. Shortly after nightfall the rebels had gained positions around the town almost as close as they occupied during the previous six days of fighting.

General Villa said he would defeat the Federals at all costs. He declared the present attack did not have for its object the possession of Ojinaga but was for the purpose of destroying what remains of the northern division of the Federal army. The rebels are reported to have replenished their supply of ammunition, while the Federal army, cut off from communication except through the United States, has been unable to add to its stores.

Both rebels and Federals kept their shooting well on the Mexican side of the river. The patrol of United States troops were ordered out to care for refugees and to be prepared to take care of the situation in case the Federals were driven from the Mexican side.

Shot Across the River.

The rebels still were bombarding the Federal garrison at 9 o'clock tonight, at which hour several shells had fallen on United States territory.

The entire border patrol was ordered out because numerous Federal deserters had already crossed and more were expected.

General Mercado, of the Federal garrison, sent a note to General McNamee, of the 15th U. S. Cavalry, asking if the Federals might send across the border some guns for which they had no ammunition. Major McNamee replied that any guns sent across would be seized and held in this country and that the men bringing them would be disarmed and forced back to the Mexican side.

General Mercado sent over seven wagon loads of government documents under the escort of a wounded lieutenant who also brought his personal effects.

The wagons were pulled out of the river and taken into the United States army camp.

May Change Orders.

Washington Jan. 10.—Surrende of the Mexican Federal generals at Ojinaga to the United States military authorities at Presidio and the flight of their soldiers to this side of the border, may confront the War Department with the necessity of changing orders to Gen. Bliss with reference to foreign soldiers crossing the border.

Secretary of War Garrison on January 2nd instructed Gen. Bliss to extend aid to wounded soldiers seeking asylum, to permit refugees to cross the river if necessary to save lives, to disarm them and hold them as refugees as long as it would be dangerous to force them back.

With regard to what will happen if a large number attempt to come over," Secretary Garrison said at that time, "I can only say that, unless the orders are changed (which of course, they may be if the exigency calls for a change), these men will be treated as I have stated. How long they will be permitted to stay and all other hypothetical questions I am unable to answer."

Huerta Raising Money.

Mexico City, Jan. 10.—Mexico has bought a packing house and has arranged to raise funds for the payment of war material already contracted for and for other purposes. This is provided for by a presidential decree authorizing the issue of bonds of the interior public debt at 6 per cent to the amount of 25,000,000 pesos, it being stipulated that the value of the pesos shall be based on the pound sterling and shall not exceed 24 1-2 pence (about 50 cents). It also is stipulated that the bonds may be sold at 85.

The packing house purchased by Mexico is that known as the Mexican National Pancking Company, organized and directed by John W. DeKay, of New York. The price has not been made public, but is said to have been between $4,500,000 and $6,000,000.

No explanation appears in the document as why the Mexican government considers it should own a packing house. The item regarding the raising of money for arms and ammunition is explained in the decree by the frank statement that the government has been unable to get money to make necessary payments. It is assumed here that the holder of the packing company stock and the arms manufacturers have agreed to accept the bonds at 85.

Experts Express Opinions.

Washington, January 10.—Scarcity of ammunition is believed by military experts here to be the reason Constitutionalists, under the leadership of General Carranza, are moving to renew the siege of Guaymas, on the west coast of Mexico. Deliberation with which the Constitutionalists are moving on Ojinaga also is explained by reports that they are short of ammunition.

Heretofore rebels have relied for supplies upon ammunition captured from Federals, but this source recently has been cut off and so far as is known the only resources now possessed are the rapidly-diminishing stocks captured at Torreon many weeks ago.

The appearance near Guaymas of General Carranza, therefore, is believed to be part of a plan to obtain ammunition by capturing a seaport where consignments of arms and ammunition can be received from countries other than the United States.

No developments in the political situation in Mexico were reported today. From the Navy Department announcement was made of the assignment of Major Smedley D. Butler to command the marines of the third division of the Atlantic fleet now lying off Vera Cruz. Major Butler has been on duty in the canal zone and with ten other officers was detached from Camp Elliott, Panama, for duty in Mexican waters.

JOHN L. KENNEDY DEAD.

For Many Years a Prosperous Merchant of Fayetteville.

Fayetteville, N. C., January 10.—Mr. John L. Kennedy, a retired dry goods merchant of this city, died at his home on Rowan street, Thursday evening. Mr. Kennedy, who was in the 45th year of his age, had been in ill health for some time. Eight months ago he sold his business, said to have been the best paying retail business in Fayetteville, and retired from active participation in affairs. He was known as one of the most honest men in Fayetteville.

Mr. Kennedy's father, Capt. Charles Kennedy, died just three weeks before his son. In addition to his wife and mother the deceased left seven brothers and sisters, Messrs. E. J. Kennedy, of Fayetteville; C. W. Kennedy, of Fort Myers, Fla.; W. W. Kennedy, of Bessemer, Ala.; Mrs. E. E. Bristow and Mrs. W. H. Hubbard, of McColl, S. C.; Mrs. Talbot McLaurin, of Clio, S. C., and Mrs. J. D. Breece, of Fayetteville.

NEW DANCES BARRED.

At University of Indiana by the City Authorities.

Bloomington, Ind., January 10.—The tango, the fish walk, the kitchen sink and similar modern dances are barred from Indiana University, according to announcement today made by President William Lowe Bryan.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

FARM FOR SALE—In heart of Snead's Ferry village. Within half mile of eight months' school. Three churches. In easy reach of beautiful New River and the oyster beds. Good boating and fishing throughout the year; 50 acres; 40 cleared. All under fence. Fairly good 6-room house, barn and stables. New hay house, 25x40. Number of fruit trees. Land light sandy loam. Will make any kind of crop. Can be bought for $50.00 per acre, within next few days, or before rented. All or one-half cash. For further particulars, write O. F. Justice, Snead's Ferry, N. C. ja11-1t*

FARM FOR SALE—40 acres good land; fruit trees; grape vines; 3 room dwelling; tenant house; one-half mile of depot, Ivanhoe, N. C. Bargain to quick buyer. Address "Bargain," care Star. ja11-1t*

STRAYED—Young bull terrier about five months old; white, with short tail. Reward for return to 412 South Third street. ja11-1t

FOR SALE—Bird pup, pointer, male white and liver, five months old. Entitled to registration. First check, fifteen dollars gets him. F. B. Van Sant, Fair Bluff, N. C. ja11 1t*

FOR SALE—Three incubators, two 155-eggs and one 50-eggs. Also two hot air brooders. T. J. Gore, R. F. D. 1, City. ja11-1t

JUST TO REMIND YOU where to get your lumber tomorrow. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. ja11-1t

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—Gentleman from Maryland will invest some little money with services. Must bear close inspection. Or will accept a position on either salary or commission. Address Postoffice Box 333. ja11-1t*

FOR SALE—One five H. P. Stover stationary gasoline engine. Can be seen at foot of Hanover street. 'Phone 656. ja11-1t

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, including bath. Good location. Price, reasonable. Apply at 205 N. Seventh street. ja11-1t

WANTED—Room and board in private family by young man of good habits. Address "Woodsap," Box 517, City. ja11-1t*

AGENTS WANTED—In every town in North Carolina, where we are not already represented, to devote all, or part, time, to sell the best accident and sick benefit policy on earth. Past experience unnecessary. Regular job with big commissions. For further information, address Business Men's Mutual Casualty Co., Home office Winston Salem, N. C. ja11-su3t

FOR RENT—New up-to-date home, Carolina Heights, and 414 Chestnut street, both thoroughly modern. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess. ja11-1t

TO RENT — Two beautiful bedrooms, nicely furnished. Electric lights, bath (hot and cold); rooms are connecting, but will rent separately, if desired. Use of 'phone 1776-J. 209 So. Second st. ja11-1t*

HOW WOULD YOU like to shingle your house with No. 1 juniper shingles at a price less than the regular wholesale price? See Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. about it. ja11-1t

WANTED—Young man desires position as clerk in grocery or dry goods store. Have had experience. "R. L.," care Star. ja11-1t*

LET US TELL YOU about houses built in record time with our lumber. Delays are expensive. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. ja11-1t

SUNSET PARK LOT cheap. Have a lot in Sunset Park on which $115 has been paid. Will be sold for $50, and balance due. Address P. O. Box 349, City. ja11-1t*

SALESMAN—Experienced in any line, to sell general trade. Unexcelled specialty proposition. Commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Continental Jewelry Co., 297-2 Continental Building, Cleveland, Ohio. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT—Furnished room, all conveniences. Bath room attached. Hot and cold water, use of telephone; only one half block from Union station. Apply 205 Red Cross street. ja11-1t*

SALESMAN — For general mercantile trade in North Carolina, to sell a new proposition of merit. Attractive commission contract for 1914; $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., Wholesale Jewelers, 198-2 Carlin Building, Cleveland, Ohio. ja11-1t*

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in New Hanover county, seven and a half miles from city. Half mile off from macadam road. 40 acres cleared, balance of about 60 acres timber. Clay subsoil in its entirety; 6 room house; store and out-houses. This land is cheap to buy at $100 per acre, and $50 per acre will close the deal. King & Seigler. ja11-1t

FOR SALE—Lot 49x150 feet on Fourth street, between Greenfield and Martin; all city conveniences. This property needs no recommendation. Address "1431," care Star. ja11-1t*

ANNOUNCEMENT — Ladies' tailoring and dress-making done by Mrs. Kate Bass, 514 Dock street. Call or 'phone 1341-J. Orders filled promptly. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT—Two large, neatly furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; 119 Orange street; 'phone 1767-J. ja11-1t*

MANICURIST—The Orton Barber Shop has secured the services of a young lady expert in the service. Special attention will be given ladies, as well as gentlemen. Orton Barber Shop. ja11-1t*

FOR SALE—One boat, 32x8 1-2 feet, very cheap. Also that elegant rowboat on Spring Lake, at Lingo City. 'Phone 314. Oliver Carter. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT — Nicely furnished room, with all modern conveniences. With or without board. 210 North Sixth, or 'phone 1432-J. ja11-1t*

TO RENT—One nicely furnished room, use of hot and cold bath, 'phone. Near business district. Address "B," care Morning Star." ja11-1t*

WE PAINT to beautify, using the utmost care in harmonizing the colors; and to preserve — employing none but the best and most durable materials and the highest priced skilled labor. Extra value means a little higher first cost, but greater economy in the end. ja11-6t

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced and capable, desires a position. Can handle any kind of business. A-1 references furnished. Address "Experience," care Star. ja11-1t*

REFINED FRENCH LADY, speaking with true Parisian accent, desires to give French conversation lessons. Beginners also taken. Apply Mrs. M. B. Hatchell, 501 South Second street. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT — Three nice connecting rooms with all conveniences, furnished or unfurnished. 505 South Fifth street. ja11-1t*

FOR SALE—Small farm; good for dairy or poultry and truck, half mile from city. Market street road. Geo. H. Ward, 808 N. Fifth street. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished connecting rooms, modern conveniences, between Chestnut and Princess, on Sixth street. Apply 117 North Sixth street. ja11-1t*

A YOUNG MAN of temperate habits wishes to change his business position. An experienced double entry book-keeper, and also excellent collector. Address "W-3," care Star. ja11-1t

$100 TO $600 per month selling our high grade oils, greases, pure linseed oil paints and varnishes. Do not be satisfied. Get our proposition. Inland Oil Works, Cleveland, Ohio. ja11-1t*

$100 TO $160 per month selling high grade and general lubricating oils, greases, paints and exclusive specialties. Salary or commission. Fairfax Refining Co., Cleveland, Ohio. ja11-1t*

FLORIDA EAST COAST fruit and truck farms, $1 per acre per month. Healthy climate. Finest orange and grape fruit land. Prosperous colony making good. Main line railroad. Write for description. Agents wanted. C. V. Nichol, Roseland, Florida. ja11-1t*

MEN AND WOMEN in spare time can start highly profitable business, assuring success if properly conducted. Advice for red stamp. Royal Sales Company, Macon, Ga. ja11-1t*

FOR SALE—At Elizabethtown, N. C. third February, antique rosewood and mahogany furniture. A. G. Stith. ja11 2t*

FOR SALE—Two shares preferred stock at $100.00 each and one share common stock at $50. Good discount offered. Fitzhugh Whitfield, Att'y, Clinton, N. C. ja11-2t*

WANTED—Master mechanic, $125; hardware shipping clerk, $125; hardwood grader, $85; car builder, $3; woodsman, $90; grocery clerk, $75; planer machinist, $3.50. McRae, 316 1-2 Franklin st., Tampa, Fla. ja11-1t*

LARGE CANADIAN mail order house wants men everywhere in the U. S. to show samples. Will pay $15 weekly. Outfit free. Dominion Grocery Co., Windsor, Ontario, Canada. ja11-1t*

WANTED — Railway mail clerks and clerk carriers. Thousands needed. Splendid salaries. Examinations soon. I conducted examinations. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 47-D, St. Louis, Mo. ja11 su3t*

BEAUTIFUL HOME for sale on south Fourth street, in vicinity of High School. If you desire a Home in this splendid location, see us Monday. Watson & Applewhite, 210 Princess st. 'Phone 65. ja11-1t

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms. Bath, heat and electricity. 723 Chestnut street, Wilmington, N. C. ja11-1t*

WANTED — Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, near down town. "Y," care Star. ja11-1t*

YOUNG COUPLE wants 3 or 4 rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping, or will board with refined private family. Address "T. W. S.," care Star. ja11 3t*

CASTLE STREET PROPERTY is rapidly increasing in value. We have two houses for sale on lot 78x120 feet, between Seventh and Eighth streets. The price and terms are right; if interested, let us know. Watson & Applewhite, 210 Princess st. ja11-1t

COTTAGE FOR SALE—On South Front street, one-half block from car line; six rooms; lot 35x132 feet. Price less than $1,200. Watson & Applewhite, sole agents. ja11-1t

FOR SALE — Three fine male French poodle dogs. If interested, call at 1112 North Fourth street. ja11-1t

GREENFIELD TERRACE—We have a few desirable lots left in this beautiful subdivision, which can be bought on the easy-payment plan. This property is steadily increasing in value, and is in great demand. Get yours now, before prices increase. Watson & Applewhite, 210 Princess. ja11-1t

DESIRABLE PROPERTY is in great demand. Why not list the Real Estate you have for sale with us now. We are selling for others at a profit, and can do the same for you. Watson & Applewhite, 210 Princess streeet. ja11 1t

AN ELEGANT SUBURBAN HOME for sale, and only 17 blocks from the City Hall; large lot; house has 8 rooms, with all improvements. See Watson & Applewhite; 'Phone 65. ja11-1t

AN IDEAL HOME on South front street, north of Church, eleven rooms, with modern conveniences, large lot. This should appeal to the discriminating home-seeker. Open for inspection, from 3 to 6 P. M. See Watson & Applewhite; 'Phone 65. ja11-1t

WANTED—Position by experienced lady steenographer. Will work for reasonable salary. Address Box 425, or 'Phone 1788-J ja11-1t*

FANCY DANCES given at Hibernian hall every night. Private lessons by appointment. For further information, call at the hall at 3:30 P. M. ja11,14,15-3t

30 ACRES LAND FOR SALE, 750 feet road frontage near Masonboro Sound; Price exceedingly low. Telephone L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. ja11-1t

20 ACRES LAND—4-room house, 5 acres cleared, 5 miles city; Castle Haynes road. Bargain for quick purchaser. Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess street. ja11-1t

COTTAGES FOR SALE—7 rooms, large lot, Sixth near Ann, $3,750; 15th and Dock, $3,000, and others. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess. ja11 1t

LARGE HOUSE on Queen near Third; rents $15; price, $1,800. Cottage on Fifth near Bladen. Moore's Agency helps you to own your home. Ask them for particulars. ja11-1t

FOR RENT—910 North Third; 214 South Eighth, 8 rooms, $20.5-room cottage, Winter Park, $12.50; 5 rooms, Fourth and Dawson, thoroughly remodeled, $15; 1403 and 1310 Castle, new. L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess. ja11-1t

FOR RENT—Stores, 21 South Front; 8 Grace, 11 Princess. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. ja11-1t

LOTS AND LOTS of them, any kind, anywhere, for sale by Moore Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess st. ja11-1t

$100 CASH—Balance, weekly basis, buys two 4-room houses, good renters. Have sold two past few days, on Moore's special financing basis. Telephone 332. L. W. Moore, Real Estate. ja11-1t

FOR RESULTS list your property for sale or rent with L. W. Moore, Real Estate, 123 Princess street. ja11-1t

WOOD—All kinds, finest in the city, at prices to suit. Ask those who use it. Phone 850. John H. Whiteman. ja11-1t

SWITCHES made from combings and cut hair, $1.00. Switches cleaned and waved, 25c. Mrs. Sykes, 120 S. Ninth street. ja11-1t*

FOR RENT—One room and board, for nice young man. Good location, one block from car line. Apply 16 South Seventh street. ja11-1t*

WANTED—Position by young man, well connected and willing to work. Best references. Opportunity to show what can do is all asked. Address "Willing," care Star. ja11-1t*

LOST—Plain gold watch fob with English half sovereign piece on end. Finder will please leave at Star office for owner. ja11-1t

WE WILL SELL YOU a good building lot, in a desirable locality, on the installment plan, and will also help you in securing a loan with which to build the house. This is an opportunity that the home-builder cannot afford to miss. Talk the matter over with James & James 'phone 163. Orton Hotel Building. ja11 1t

WE HAVE SEVERAL attractive propositions in small houses that will net the purchaser a good income. Small amount of cash required. James and James; 'Phone 163. ja11-1t

DESIRABLE THIRD street property for sale, centrally located; fronting 60 feet over 100 feet deep. This property will pay 10 per cent. on money invested. See Wilder & Metts, Agents. ja11-1t

150 ACRES of clay subsoil land for sale, about 40 per cent. of tract cleared; one mile of car line, fronting macadamized road. Price $40.00 per acre. For particulars, apply to Wilder & Metts. ja11-1t

HAVE YOU NOTICED the seven-room, slate roof house now under construction at Fifteenth and Dock? It's for sale. Price, $3,500.00. Good terms. Apply to Wilder & Metts. ja11-1t

FOR SALE—A modern 8-room house, almost new; one of the best neighborhoods; less than $5,000.00; can arrange easy terms. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

$2,750.00 CASH buys a cottage on Walnut street. Lot 41x96. Good renting locality. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

$1,000 CASH buys 8 room cottage house, good neighborhood. Lot 38x165. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

FOR RENT—211 Red Cross street, nine rooms; all modern conveniences, $40.00. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

FOR SALE—That valuable water front now occupied by the Astypdodyne Co., at half its value. Fronts 201 feet on river and 1,700 feet deep. Has A. C. L. spur track. Can arrange good terms. For particulars, see James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

$275. CASH, rest in Building and Loan, buys 14 per cent. investment in northern section of city. Call and see us Monday. James Owen Reilly. Fire Insurance and Real Estate. ja11-1t

FOR SALE—One of the best motor cars in the city. Four passenger, in perfect condition. Will sell at a bargain to cash buyer. Address "Motor," care Star. ja10-3t

BOARDERS WANTED—Can accommodate several boarders. Good table. Good neighborhood. Apply 305 N. Fourth street. ja10-2t*

WANTED—Nice room and board, with private family, by refined young couple. Must be good residential section. Address stating terms, Box 522, City. ja10-2t*

FOR SUNDAY—Orange, sherry, chocolate, vanilla ice cream. Pure sweet cream, 50c. quart. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co. 'Phone 485. ja10-1f

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED—No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address National Co-Operative Realty Co., V-744 Marden Building, Washington, D. C. ja4-su4t*

MEN AND WOMEN wanted for government jobs, $65 to $150 month. Vacations, steady work. Parcel post and Income Tax means many vacancies. Common education sufficient. "Pull" unnecessary. Write immediately for free list of positions now available. Franklin Institute, Dept. 289-J, Rochester, N. Y. de28su 5t*

WANTED—Salesman to sell well-known line of fruit ciders in small country towns, 25 per cent. commission; $35 weekly drawing account. Oldest cider firm in the United States. Red Cross Company, 204 S. Main street, St. Louis, Mo., Dept. 6. de28su-1t*

A LUDDEN & BATES piano for sale cheap. Been used but little. 114 Grace street; 'phone 452. ja9,11,13-3t*

TAILORING—I am now ready for business with the latest in Fall and Winter suitings and fancy trouserings. All the latest in styles and other matters pertaining to the tailoring line. Leger Meyer, The Practical Tailor, 109 Princess Building, Second floor. sei-su-1f

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet Y-1319 tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. ja4,7,11,14,18,21,25,28-8t*

OYSTERS—Oysters—Oysters. New River and Norfolk oysters. Nice dressed turkeys, chickens and geese. Fancy tomatoes, celery, lettuce, cauliflower. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'phone 72. ja10-1f

BOOK-KEEPER—Young man, competent and experienced, wants position. Good references. Address "Mac," care Star. ja9,11-2t*

FOR SALE—Planing mill. We offer for sale in a growing Eastern N. C. city of ten thousand people a well equipped Planing Mill property. Splendid little city, growing fast, good country trade, excellent shipping facilities. Good opportunity to add stock of Building materials. This plant is offered for sale because the owner lives elsewhere and can't give it his personal attention. Address Box 167, Burgaw, N. C. ja4,6,9,11-4t

DO YOU WANT A DOG? If you live in the country and want a good terrier dog, you can get one by appying at The Star Office after 3 o'clock today. We have one that is useless to us, and if assured that he will receive good treatment, will give him away. Apply for "Bones," care of The Star. ja9-1f

TEACHER WANTED for special school district No. 3, white, near East Arcadia, N. C. Position to be filled at once. Write at once, with full particulars, to A. O. Trust, East Arcadia, N. C. ja9-3t

FOR SALE—Modern eight-room house on high one-acre lot at Winter Park Gardens, 21-2 blocks from station. H. F. Farrow, at Champion Compress. ja8-1f

WANTED—Several thousand cull railroad ties delivered in Wilmington, or can send flat to landing. Also three or four miles 25 or 30 lb. railroad iron and small engine. If prices are right, can sell by communicating with the Kure Land and Development Co., Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C. ja8-1f

FIFTY MULES just arrived and for sale at Kentucky Horse and Mule Co., 17th and Dock streets; F. T. Mills, Manager. ja7-6t

FOUND — RABBITS, quail, chickens, fresh eggs, N. C. hams, fresh pork and dressed beef, at C. D. Glibert's; 'phone 772. ja7-1f

FOR XMAS PRESENTS see Uncle Charles. A full line of high grade jewelry, comprising diamonds, watches, bracelets, mesh bags, cuff links, etc. Our prices are right. 16 So. Front street; 'phone 642. de19-1f

A GOOD CHANCE for a hustler. For rent, one brand new store, 30x40, all glass front, next to Seventh and Castle streets. Also 7-room dwelling, over the store; all modern conveniences. Apply to J. B. Fales, 518 Castle st. de17-1f

THIS COLUMN is more eagerly scanned each morning by Wilmington men and women than is the most engaging piece of news, local or otherwise, in any part of the paper. You're the loser if your announcement is not found here. One cent a word; minimum charge, 25c. Cash to accompany all orders. oc15-1f

CENT A WORD invested in this column means dollars for the small business man who doesn't care for the larger advertising. Reduction by the week or month. Give it a trial. You reach the people who buy everything from pin hooks to push carts. oc15-1f

FOR RENT—Commodious room, with two single beds, suitable for gentlemen, near bath room. Also nicely furnished bed room for gentleman or couple. Block from Postoffice. 'Phone 773. No. 216 North Second street. no30-1f

THE GILBERT HOUSE combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all cars. Cars to depot. Electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Rates to regular and table boarders. A. M. Gilbert, Prop. no6-1f

FOUND ANYTHING? It's a moral obligation you owe the owner to let him know, in this column, pay for the advertisement and receive the property. oc15-1f

TOMORROW

Already having our fair share of the checking accounts of the powerful business concerns of this city

We especially invite the accounts of the young business men—the men who are just stepping into the arena of affairs—the Young Merchants—Manufacturers—Brokers—the men who are starting today and who will be the business powers of tomorrow.

American National Bank
WILMINGTON, N. C.

MEN'S AND LADIES'
BED ROOM SLIPPERS
BOYS', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S "BUSTER BROWN" SHOES.
MEN'S AND LADIES' FINE SHOES.
CARL F. STRUNCK & CO.
128-130 SO. FRONT ST. 'PHONE 800-J.

The New Murchison Bank Bldg
Ten Stories—Corner Front and Chestnut Sts.
Offers convenient offices with best modern appointments and service. Artesian water in every office. Fireproof vaults on every floor. Three high-speed elevators, one geared for freight. Offices, $12 month and upward. Ready October 1st.
For further particulars and floor plans, apply on the premises.

LET IT BE UNDERSTOOD
that if you use our BELLE OF WILMINGTON FLOUR your bread, cake and pastries will be whiter, lighter and more nutritions. Our customers regard BELLE OF WILMINGTON as a perfect Flour for all-round purposes. You will like it—you can't help it.
J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Distributors
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Repairing of Watches and Jewels
Special Designs furnished for the remodeling of Old Jewels into the New Art. Satisfactory Service Guaranteed.
A. O. Schuster
Jeweler
104 N. Front St.

NOTICE!
Messrs. W. H. and A. A. Dock, who have been connected with the Fleet-Davis Co., wish their friends to know that they have severed all connections with the above firm. ja10-3t

"Everything for the Office"
Globe-Wernicke Filing Cabinets and Book-Cases.
Art Metal Steel Office Furniture.
Royal Typewriters.
American Adding Machines.
The Dictaphone.
Loose-Leaf Ledgers and Blank Books of all kinds.
Typewriters' and Stenographers' Supplies.
C. W. Yates & Co.
Market street.

Safe Deposit Boxes
A special feature of service here, is the renting of the most approved Safety Deposit Boxes, in the new steel vault. These boxes are of the most modern and secure construction, yet we rent them to patrons of the bank at minimum figures of $1.50 and up per year.
Should you care to inspect them we will be pleased to have you make the fact known when you next call at the bank. Our boxes have two keys, and contain inside boxes which may be taken to the homes or offices of the rentors as convenience occasionally makes desirable.
On What You Save This Bank Allows 4 Per Cent. Interest, Compounded Quarterly.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Company
Trust Building -:- Front and Market Streets.

TEACH the children to save the small Amounts. Pennies, Nickles, Dimes will grow into Dollars, when they are older.
CITIZENS BANK opens an account for you in amounts of 5 cents or more.

SOUTHERN HOTEL
—EUROPEAN—
FINEST CAFE IN THE CITY
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
Special Attention to Ladies. We Invite You to Call.

New Guano List
Agents' New Guano List for 1914 Ready. Write or see
Cooper Guano Company
W. B. COOPER, President.
Wilmington, N. C.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

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IN THE SPORTLIGHT

News and Reviews of the Week in the World of Sports.

Very few baseball fans realize how much difference the jumping of Joe Tinker to the Federals may make in the National League pennant race of 1914. It is likely to upset the order that would result with him in the line-up of the Brooklyns.

A close study of the Dodgers' line-up makes them appear much stronger than they seem at a casual glance. They have a star outfield with Zach Wheat, Carey Stengel, Bill Collins and others on deck. They own a pitching staff of ability with Nap Rucker, Ed Reulbach, Pat Ragan, Bull Wagner, Frank Allen and Elmer Brown as the leaders. Strength behind the bat is supplied by Otto Miller and Bill Fischer. And the infield is a beauty in three of the four positions, Jake Daubert being in a class by himself at first base; George Cutshaw ranking with the best of the league's second basemen and Red Smith of the J. Carlisle cognomen, standing among the star third basemen.

This bunch of talent, capably managed, as should be the case under Wilbert Robinson, bids fair to foot up as well in the different positions as any outfit in the circuit. To appreciate the worth of Robinson, one needs only to consider the coincidence that in 1904, when Bobby joined the Giants as McGraw's assistant, the local club won the pennant and repeated when he was on the job the following year; that Robinson quit in 1906 and stayed retired clear through 1910, in which stretch the New Yorkers failed to reach the top once, and that in 1911 he re-joined McGraw and the Giant forces then won three successive flags with Uncle Wilbert doing the assistant managerial stunt.

It will be noticed that in the foregoing Brooklyn line-up no mention is made of the man who will play shortstop. With Tinker on the job, the team would have perhaps the best man in the league. Without him, either Enos Kirkpatrick, a mediocre man, or Gagnier, from Newark, will have to be used. And this means exactly the difference between strength and weakness at this important position. When all is said and done, a shortstop is about the one most important man on a modern baseball club. Catcher and pitcher may be more important positions, but under present conditions a battery man can not be in the game every day, whereas a shortstop can. Give a ball club power at this important station, then suddenly take away that power and substitute weakness and you have quite a different looking team.

Figuring on a basis of what occurred last year, the Dodgers, with Tinker playing, would appear to have a royal chance for the flag. The team was shot to pieces last season by injuries to six men, previous to the first of which it battled for first place almost on even terms with the Phillies. In spite of these injuries, the team led the league in batting for the season. With all that batting power used properly, and with Tinker's potent bludgeon added, the team loomed as the best run-getter of the entire array. But without Tinker? Perish the thought.

There is one man who certainly is not sad over the action of Tinker. He is John J. McGraw. The passing of Tinker gives McGraw added likelihood of piloting his Giants into a fourth straight pennant, a better chance to do a thing that no manager in modern baseball ever has been able to accomplish. Tinker's going once more makes the Giants look like the best bet for the gonfalon, with the Phillies, Cubs and Pirates providing the competition.

What in the world has become of Connie Mack and the Athletics? In the midst of all this talk and noise about this player and that, and other Winter league things ,hardly a word has there been from any member of the world's champions. Occasionally there will appear a little item telling that one of the players "arrived at his home here to spend the rest of the off-season with his folks," but that has been about the extent of it. While other teams keep well up in the limelight by trades and such, the Athletics somehow manage to stay in the background almost always. Connie Mack believes that a baseball team should play baseball—and that is about all his team does. Yes, that's about all. But it certainly does that well. Ask Frank Chance, John McGraw and a few little fellows who have attempted to manage American League clubs the last few years.

If the Feds really mean business we will soon be in the thick of the most interesting problems of a decade. Many are curious to see just how the fight on the reserve clause will come out. Also just how much fragrant kale will be needed to launch a rival organization.

To enter into a strictly first-class organization and hold its own, both as to players and as to ball parks, the new league will need something well over $10,000,000, which, absorb it from us, Mawrus, is quite a collection of change.

Here's another kink—if there isn't enough big league talent to fit out two major league circuits with the proper lining, how the h—otel bill will the present crop be stretched to cover three? We know of at least two ball clubs in the big show that would use another athletic or so before attaining what might be termed "class." Nor is it necessary to mention any names in this connection.

A federal league in Abyssinia that would draft our crop of white hopes would be the most important adjunct to civilization known since the anti-toxin cure was established and set going.

The greatest single addition to science in 1913, a point overlooked, was established by Rube Benton of the Reds. He proved that in its most virulent form there is no ivory to be classed in durability with the front end of a street car whizzing down hill.

McGraw and the Giants have against them for the coming season the law of modern play that no manager shall win four pennants in a row. It hasn't been done in twenty-five years—not even by the all conquering Cubs and Mackmen.

He has against him the thrill of victory dulled and worn away by three seasons of success—the psychology of which unhorsed Cubs, Tigers and Mackmen after three winning years. After a year of defeat, both Cubs and Mackmen rallied again and won their fourth flag, but they needed a jolt to get going at old speed.

Against this McGraw has: first, McGraw; second, speed; third, machine strength. Yes, the Giants must again be listed as advanced favorites.

The only two clubs with a fair show of heading off the Giants are Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. And the only show these two clubs have rests in their getting away at top speed and fighting for every foot of the stretch ahead—for McGraw has a better ball club this season than he had last when he led the field by ten games. All in all the N. L. dope, regardless of prejudice or partisanship, again points to McGraw, according to the leading judges—not because he carries

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

FARMER RADFORD DEFENDS THE HEN

High Prices of Eggs Not Due to Shortage.

PRODUCTION IS SUFFICIENT

Legislative and Governmental Aid is Asked in Providing a Cold Storage System — "Reckless System of Distribution."

(By Peter Radford, Lecturer National Farmers' Union.)

Fort Worth, Texas, January 10.—The queen of the American barnyard has had more revolts among her subjects during the past few weeks than perhaps at any time during her rule on the Western hemisphere, and lest the historian of the nation's poultry yard do her an injustice in recording the insurrection, I want to make a few observations in her behalf.

The consumer should not be taken too seriously; he is always complaining. Many times he has called King Cotton a tyrant, has rebelled against the steer and the hog, and in mutinous moods, he has refused to eat bread, but his seditions do not last long. Responding to the wail of the consumer, the Federal Department of Justice investigated the hen as unceremoniously as though she were a Wall Street millionaire; the housewife has railed at her and passed resolutions questioning her business integrity and the press has carried sensational stories accusing her majesty of disloyalty to her subjects, until the friends of the hen have cried out "God Save the Queen." When the consumer raises a howl, the entire machinery of government is set in motion and the power of the press rushes to the rescue. The consumer is a great talker, but he is not the whole thing, and what he has to say should be taken with a grain of salt.

Whose Ox Is Gored?

If patriotism and justice were the motives that actuated the investigations and resolutions which the hen has been subjected to on account of the high price of eggs, why is it the low price of eggs has never received the attention of these public-spirited citizens? Should not the farm housewife feel as deeply outraged when she is compelled to sell eggs at a low price as the city housewife when she is compelled to pay a high price? Is it not a question of whose ox is gored?

It would be interesting to know when and where the hen entered into an agreement with the consumer to furnish eggs on demand at prices fixed by the city housewife. Can anyone produce the document? Why should she be arraigned before the highest tribunal in the land and humiliated by inquisitorial proceedings and her conduct subjected to review by mere consumers whose knowledge of the poultry business has been acquired at the breakfast table?

During all this furor the hen has stood upon her constitutional rights, cackling merrily as she laid fifty million eggs per day and producing wealth approximating more than a half billion dollars per annum. The farm value of the poultry products produced per annum in the United States is equal to the annual gold production or the annual petroleum supply of the nation and is equal to the value of the iron ore production of the United States.

The Hen Not at Fault.

There are many causes which have contributed towards sending the cyclone of high prices raging through the market places, but in my opinion, they are largely artificial and I am sure did not originate in the poultry yard.

The pure food law has forced large quantities of ancient stock, usually available in emergencies, to be dumped. The Italian hand of the speculator casts its shadow over the wreckage and our faulty system of distribution has snapped in its weak places. All these forces of trade have combined to bring about a riot in the market places, but the hen has entered no conspiracy against the consumer. As a rule she has been doing her duty. Perhaps she may have hesitated to perform the full service allotted her by civilization, as we all sometimes do, but she has been on the job all the time and no court can sentence her to lay more eggs or fix a price for her products.

Where The Farmer Fails

Our reckless system of distribution must stand the brunt of the blame for loss to the producer, but there are other causes wholly within the control of the producer. By proper housing and balancing the rations of the hen, the egg producing season can be more evenly distributed throughout the entire year, and the importance of using cold storage plants minimized.

(Continued on Page Thirteen.)

THE MOVIE WORLD

Items Concerning Players and Their Achievements.

TRIAL AND TRIBULATIONS OF A CAMERA MAN.

Has it ever occurred to you who are really interested in the "Movies," who the one person is that is responsible for the clean-cut, clear and beautiful pictures which are exhibited in our moving picture theatres of today? If not, I will tell you who that person is. He is a poor, insignificant little person who is so seldom ever heard of; he is usually called a camera man, but at times is called everything on the calendar. After the production of each scene it is he to whom the director says, "Was that scen all right?" And if he says "Yes" the word is shouted "Strike!" at which time the actors all disappear, to change their costumes for the next scene. The property boys clear the stage, the carpenters strike the scenery, and arrange for the next act. Now after this has been done, if for any reason this poor camera man should find some little photographic error, then he is called other than a camera man. He is asked to seek employment driving a truck, or something else even more strenuous. They will stand, at times, for poor acting and a weak scenario, but never for poor photography. There is absolutely no excuse for that person. Why, I remember one time a certain director wanted me to finish some scenes in Van Cortland Park, after all the street lamps had been lighted for the night. He was working for speed, and I trying to get results, and when I told him it couldn't be done, he said: "Well, it's damn funny Pathe takes them at night! I don't see why we can't."

That is only one of the many incidents of the so-called camera man's daily life.

I remember one last Summer which is quite amusing, and which impressed me greatly at the time. I was with one of the Western companies. We were making a scene of life on a ranch. It being necessary to use some real wild horses in this particular scene, the director said to me: 'Now, Charlie, I insist on having this close up, so as to make it appear just as sensational as possible; and if the horses should start directly for you, just pick up your camera, and sidestep, and he will go right on by you," inasmuch as I was fifteen hundred miles from home, without sufficient funds to return, I decided to do as I was directed. Sure enough, the horse started directly for me. I picked up my camera, and side stepped all right, but he side stepped the same way I did, so I dropped the camera, took my hat in one hand, and did a marathon to the nearest fence, winning by a neck. I was terribly excited at the time, and gave in my notice, but after being reimbursed with a good dinner, I took it as a joke.

But never, during my whole experience as a camera man, were my feelings more hurt than when we were making a scene in front of the Museum of Art, in New York City, and while the scene was being rehearsed I stepped inside with several of the young ladies to look over some of the famous paintings by old masters. One of the ladies called my attention to one, The Horse Fair, painted by Rosa Bonheur, and asked for my opinion. Of course, thinking that my criticism would be taken as a joke, I said: "Well, it looks slightly out of focus, has entirely too much foreground, and the definition is bad." They looked at each other for a moment, and then said: "Why, Mr. Kaufman, I see you haven't one bit of artistic temperament." And I said: "No, I can't say that I have. I had a friend that had that once, and he was always broke." By that time the director had called us to make the scene.

I sincerely hope that I have made it clear to you that the life of the so-called camera man is not as rosy as some may have pictured it, and I might offer as a suggestion to you young and ambitious photographers who are so eager to break into the Moving Picture game, that you first investigate thoroughly the requirements of the business, otherwise your adventure might prove fatal.

Staging Plays on Busy Streets.

After one man was hit by a street car and two other were miraculously saved from being run over by automobiles the Keystone Moving Picture Company was forced to cease making a comedy picture on the main thoroughfare of Los Angeles by the attempts of an excited citizen to turn in a riot call.

Permission had been given to the company to take a picture entitled "His Sister's Kids" on Broadway, Los Angeles. The busiest time of the day was chosen by Director Mack Sennett, so that he could take advantage of the

(Continued on Page Ten.)

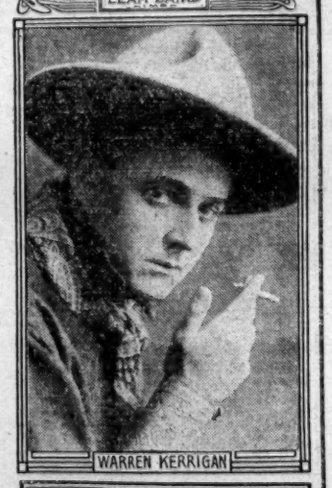
BIJOU BIJOU

THE HOME OF MUTUAL MOVIES.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL" IS COMING.

EVERY ONE OF THE FAMOUS STARS SHOWN HERE WILL POSITIVELY APPEAR AT THE BIJOU THIS WEEK.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL" WILL APPEAR EXCLUSIVELY AT THE BIJOU. SHE WILL SHOW ALL THE VERY LATEST FASHIONS.



MONDAY, JANUARY 12.

"The Hand That Condemns"

A new kind of detective story by the Warner Feature Players, full of intense situations, presented by an all-star cast. If you enjoy a photo drama that sparkles with action and is punctuated by the brilliant work of a star cast, by all means see "The Hand That Condemns." The settings are laid abroad, and there is a punch in every scene that will grip and thrill you, depicting as it does the tragic story of a son's ingratitude.

"THE BRAVEST MAN."

A Majestic feature film, dealing with desperadoes, a sturdy old ranchman and his family.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 13.

"The Girl of the Sunny South"

A magnificent photoplay in four parts, adapted from the famous play by Travers Vale. Fairly exuding the enchanting atmosphere of that fascinating period, the days before the civil war, "The Gi rlFrom the Sunny South" is as fresh and welcome as the flowers that bloom in the Spring. The atmosphere and motion obtained from this setting in the days of chivalry is unrivalled.

"WILLIE'S GREAT SCHEME.

A "Crystal" introducing again the bewitching, captivating Pearl White, in a leading role.

"THE TURKISH RUG."

A Crystal comedy.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14.

"A Florentine Tragedy"

A powerful adaptation of the great play by the Warner players, featuring the great English stars, Constance Crawley and Arthur Maude. You have never before had the opportunity of witnessing a photoplay so superb in all its details—so beautifully staged—as this great feature. There's a punch in every scene, a gripping plot that will hold your interest. The final tableau—a duel—is so realistic that it will fairly draw you from your seat.

"THE ANARCHIST."

An "Imp" feature play, featuring the popular favorites, King Baggot and Leah Baird. Baggot is the anarchist, and Leah Baird is his sweetheart, and is sought by another man.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 15.

"A Man in the World of Men"

A "Powers" production, featuring the popular Edwin August, in the title role. This is a strong dramatic treat, abounding in magnificent scenery.

"THE TOMBOY'S RACE."

A story of automobile racing, love and treachery. A part of the Mutual Programme.

"ANIMATED WEEKLY."

Showing Colgate-Army football game, thrilling aviation race, comedy carnival, introducing Harry Lauder, Coal Elevator Fire, and many other current events of interest.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16.

"Treasure Island"

A marvelous adaptation of a world's greatest book of adventure, in three gripping parts. This thrilling Warner feature follows Stevenson's original story closely, and the result is a stirring production, depicting the merry life of a pirate crew and their hunt for buried treasure. It bristles with thrills, and the scenery is magnificent, approaching very closely the original setting of the story.

"THE DRUMMER'S HONEYMOON."

A full reel of the most spontaneous laugh-producing events that were ever pictured on the screen.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 17.

"The Restless Spirit"

A three-reel "Victor" drama suggested by "Gray's Elegy." Warren Kerrigan plays the lead, that of the dreamer who meets a friend in time to prevent him from attempting to realize his dreams at the cost of his wife's happiness. Very strong, and well-played by an all-star cast.

"LOVE-SICKNESS AT SEA."

The remarkably ludicrous portrayal of the double disease of love-sickness and sea-sickness, introducing Miss Mabel Normand, one of the most popular Keystone players, in a leading role.

THEATRICAL

"Officer 666" Tomorrow.

In New York's past theatrical season, notable for its many comedy successes, the greatest laugh-provoker was "Officer 666," by Augustin MacHugh, which ran the entire season at the Gaiety Theatre, to capacity houses. This famous farce comedy, fresh from its Broadway triumphs, will be seen at the Academy of Music tomorrow at matinee and night.

In "Officer 666" the author is said to have handled his plot and characters with all the ingenuity and brilliant snap of the modern French and German school, he has apparently shattered all the traditions of the stage, so individual and novel are his swiftly evolved comedy situations complicated, tangled and finally surprisingly straightned out. Unlike most comedies the utmost suspense as to the outcome keeps pace with its continual provocative laughter until the final scene. Just when one thinks a glimmering of the solution is discernaole the next situation sweeps that idea away in a gale of laughter and renewed wonderment as to how the play is really going to end. In this masterly handling of the story of a sparkling, wholesome farce, "Officer 666" is said to stand in a class by itself. While cold type cannot give an adequate condensed version of the story, the plot is woven around one Alfred Wilson, a celebrated thief of famous pictures, who covets the famous Gladwin collection. During Gladwin's absence in Europe, Wilson wins over the butler in his nefarious plans to steal the most valuable paintings. Posing as Gladwin himself, he incidentally arranges to elope with a lovely girl who consents in order to escape from a forced distasteful marriage. Gladwin secretly returning learns of the double plan, falls in love with the girl himself, and in order to expose the thief without newspaper publicity to the girl, assumes the disguise of a policeman—"Officer 666." From this point the rapidity of the ensuing bewildering complications must be seen to be properly understood and riotously appreciated.

Seats for both performances are on sale at Plummer's.

At the Grand This Week.

With a big bunch of the very latest film creations, all told numbering four films, including a special two-reel release, the cozy, handsome Grand Theatre will start off the new week and will offer this week the biggest show yet presented. One especialy notable feature of the week, which will be hailed with delight by all, will be the presentation Wednesday and Thursday of a big Fiske production. Mrs. Fiske will be seen in one of her greatest dramatic performances, supported by a star Metropolitan cast, and with a stupendous scenic production.

The bill tomorrow will be led by the Vitagraph's very latest and most wonderful, "Love's Sunset," which is something extra fine. It is a society drama with a grip and in which will appear some of the most popular moving picture artists before the public. A hot second to this special Vitagraph feature will come a big Lubin film story, "An Enemy's Aid," and it is a stirring dramatic, that will reach every heart and tingle the blood.

There is yet another swell one that will appeal to every taste in "Nan of the Woods," Selig's latest creation. It is a most picturesque kind of story, in a fascinating setting and is one of the freshest of film triumphs.

The Grand is always long on comfort, especially this class of weather.

The Victoria Tomorrow.

But little over 24 hours separate Wilmington theatre-goers from the handsome Victoria Theatre, the city's newest and one of the South's most modern vaudeville houses. Tomorrow afternoon promptly at 3 o'clock the Victoria, the imposing theatre structure on Market street, will spring into life, as the doors of the new playhouse will swing open at that hour, and 30 minutes later Wilmington's first Keith vaudeville show, on a par with those of other large cities, will be in full and merry progress, and in as superb a setting as to be found anywhere and with as splendid accompaniments, including a full orchestra, under the directorship of Prof. Brown. Manager L. A. Peck announced last night that everything is in readiness for the big inauguration and that indications are that the Victoria, although seating 1,100 people and presenting three performances daily, will be unable to accommodate all who will be on hand. The bill announced for the first three days of the week, as the show and the people are different the last three days, is undoubtedly one of the cleverest that could have been selected and will jump direct from one of the B. F. Keith theatres to Wilmington. Every act is good, but too much emphasis cannot be placed on Kingsbury & Munson, who will present the roaring comedy success, "The Devil in Possession." All the other acts, however, Mlle. De Pinna, dancing and acrobatic artiste; Farley & Butler, sketch team, and the noted Guy Bartlee Trio, will all be top-liners.

At the Bijou This Week.

The present week is going to be one of the biggest not only in the history of the Bijou, but in the annals of amusement of Wilmington. The management, ever alert and enterprising, has mapped out shows for this week that cannot be surpassed anywhere and that will bring before the eyes of the people of Wilmington what is the latest and biggest in moving pictures and at the precise time the folks of the greater cities are enjoying this pleasure. Each show of the present week will bristle not only with star films, but with big feature films, and the Bijou wants it understood that the price of admission will remain the same—5 cents—afternoon and night each and every day of the present week.

The glorious week will be inaugurated tomorrow, when a great show, led by a special three-part Warner feature, "The Hand That Condemns", will top the the programme. It is a detective story of remarkable intensity of power, and one that will hold the fixed attention of each onlooker from start to finish. it is a new kind of detective story, with a gripping plot, and an all-star cast will appear. It tells the tragic story of a son's ingratitude and there are many thrills and numerous spectacular scenes. Among the latter is a daring escape from prison through a surging sea.

There is yet another feature film on tomorrow, among the other good things. It is a Majestic, "The Bravest Man," and it is one of the greatest of all dramatics. It is a Western story that's different with the hero a poor cripple.

MAJOR STEDMAN NO QUITTER.

Is In Congressional Race and There to Stay

(Greensboro Record)

The Durham Sun recently contained an article stating that there had been a great deal of talk of Major Stedman's dropping out of the race for Congress to succeed himself. The writer in the same article states that Mr. Bryant, if a candidate, would carry Chatham county.

The gentleman who wrote the article did not seem to be very well informed either as to Major Stedman or the counties in his district. The fact is that Major Stedman is in the race and there to stay.

How the writer of that article could conceive that Chatham county, which is not in this district, was against Major Stedman, is interesting. The fact is that Major Stedman was born in Chatham county and in two contests for the nomination for governor carried the county by almost a unanimous vote.

This paper knows that Mr. Bryant, who so beautifully presented Major Stedman to the latter of these conventions, and who has long been his friend, could not have been the inspiration of this article, for he not only knows that Major Stedman is no quitter, but that few men have accomplished more in Congress in the short time he has been there than Major Stedman.

We have known Major Stedman about sixteen years and we never have seen him in better mental or physical health and vigor than he is today. Of course, we do not know all about politics, but what little we know and from what information we have, we believe that Major Stedman is stronger in this district than he has ever been, and in a primary will carry it by a tremendous majority.

It is a pity any paper should strike at Major Stedman, or misrepresent him. We would certainly like to know what gentlemen have informed the Durham Sun that Major Stedman would withdraw from the race. This Confederate soldier, who has given as much of his time, money, and life to the Democratic party as any man in the State, is entitled to a square deal, and though he is amply able to take care of himself, he has thousands of strong men all over the district willing to undertake to see that he gets it, and no misrepresentations can prevent it.

Major Stedman is a member of one of the greatest committees of the House—one which it usually takes ten or twelve years of service to reach—the committee on Foreign Affairs. There has scarcely been a reasonable request made of him that he has not been able to accomplish and no member of Congress is more energetic, active and faithful and none stand higher with his colleagues than he, and there can be no appeal to a high and noble sentiment to displace him.

FINISH EACH TASK.

On a page devoted to New Year resolutions in the January Woman's Home Companion an Alabama contributor tells, as follows, what the aim of his life is to be in 1914:

"To keep the loose ends of my life tied up. If there is a garment unfinished on hand, finish it before undertaking anything else. If there is a letter owing, write it at once. If there is a bill due, pay it before incurring any other expense. Simple? Certainly, but keeping this one resolution means things actually done, not merely thought about and, moreover, ship-shape affairs that permit freedom to take advantage of any change in fortune that may come."

GATHERED GEMS.

(By T. W. C.)

Every day seek to do or say some kind word or act.

Belief is the acceptance of a map. Faith is taking the voyage.

Christianity is free but we must pay the price of freedom.

The man who grows smaller on close acquaintance is naturally small.

Natural and simple dignity is a desirable thing, but it won't pass for piety of brains.

Zeal without meekness is like a ship at sea, in danger of every rising storm.

The bread of life is love; the salt of life is work; the water of life is faith.

Hope contemplates a possibilty; Love is the resulting disposition.

Always stand for the right, but do not wear yourself out with worry because you cannot turn the world and make it over in a day.

Work for someone, be it ever so slowly.

Work for some one, be it ever so lowly.

Work! for all labor is noble and holy.

Ten thousand of the greatest faults in our neighbors are of less consequence to us than one of the smallest in ourselves.

There is something wrong with our lives if they are not examples in addition. "Giving all diligence add to your faith virtue, and to virtue knowledge," etc.

Men devise many plans to escape the consequences of their deeds, but the old saying is not yet out of date, "Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap."

Repentance is the ploughing of the ground, which needs to be torn up, while faith sows the living seed which strikes out roots and grows in the pulverized soil.

"There is no helmet and mail like whole-heartedness and good faith, and no shield and tower like propriety and righteousness."

Do not be in a hurry, but be diligent. Enter into the sublime patience of the Lord. Be charitable in view of it. God can afford to wait; why can not we, since we have Him to fall back upon.

We are told that the kingdom of God is righteousness, peace and joy. When we are told to pray for the coming of that kingdom, it is a prayer for the triumph of truth, for the elimination of evil, and for the consummation of human blessedness in the incoming of a joy that is everlasting.

The Christian gives up no more than the man of the world. He simply gives up lower things that he may gain things that are higher; while the man of the world turns away from the higher things to gain the lower.

If there isn't room for you at the top there is room for the earnest, faithful service nearer the bottom. The world and the church, too, may have a surplus of men that want the higher places, but there will never be too many who are willing to take the lower places of earnest faithful laborers.

There are souls in the world who have the gift of finding joy everywhere, and of leaving it behind them when they go. Their influence is an inevitable gladdening of the heart. It seems as if a shadow of God's gift had passed upon them. They give light without meaning to shine. These bright hearts have a great work to do for God.

Trying to work yourself gradually into an unpleasant duty is like going into cold water inch by inch. The better plan is to plunge right in.

A rising Saviour demands a rising life. For, remember, there are two laws—one law by which all men gravitate, like a stone, to the earth; another law, equally strong, the law of grace, by which every renewed man is placed under the attractive influence of an ascending power, by which he must be always drawn higher and higher, until at last he is fit for the fellowship of the saints and the presence of God.

The old palimpsests were manuscripts from which the first writings had been erased in order to use them again for fresh writings. But no palimpsest was ever so thoroughly erased that some of the characters did not show up in the lapse of time, or under certain treatments of conditions. So it is with human souls. What is first written on them by habit and will may be wiped out and replaced by better things. But the boys or girls who allow their earliest years to contain evil and forbidden words and records must expect a hard fight to erase them, and an appearance of the old evil now and then when least expected. How much better to keep a clean page that needs no re-writing.

Because the man is also conscious of the need for forgiveness. He may not explain the need as I would. He may have lost his sense of relationship to the throne of the Eternal. He may speak of forces where I speak of God. But there is no man who knows his failure who does not in the deepest of him, wish it had not been, wish it could be undone, regret the fact of it. The passion of perfection is one of the common inheritances of the human heart. No man is really, in the deepest life, content with imperfection. Every man would, if he could, realize it in every department of life. There is no man who loves sin. He may love the things that sin suggest to him, but every man is against his own sin.

COURT HOUSE SOLD.

Site Brings $150,000—Insurance Company Purchaser.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 10.—Guilford county commissioners today accepted the $150,000 bid of the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co., for the court-house property, at the corner of Elm and Market streets, the price being the largest ever paid for property in the city. The county reserves the vaults, furniture and fixtures. It will be some time before the buyers can get possession.

No site was selected for the new court house, though several were inspected. Action was deferred until a later meeting.

THOS. H. BEST DEAD.

Was Well Known and Highly Esteemed at Wilson, N. C.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 10.—Thomas Haywood Best, one of the most beloved and oldest citizens of Wilson, died this morning. His wife and one son, Dr. Henry Blount Best, survives. Mr. Best was 69 years old and has lived a life of devotion to the best interests of this section.

After a short funeral service at the Methodist church this afternoon the remains were taken to Snow Hill for burial Sunday. For three years Mr. Best has been confined to his bed as a result of a stroke of paralysis and during this time has been unable to speak, but was ever bright and cheerful.

The annual meeting of the American Forestry Association will be held in Washington on January 14. A president, twenty-one vice presidents, a treasurer, an auditor and five directors are to be elected and plans made for an active campaign for forest conservation during 1914. The association has 8,000 members.

BE A GOOD FORGETTER.

In the January Woman's Home Companion appears a page of New Year resolutions contributed by readers. An Illinois contributor tells, as follows, what he thinks most important:

"To become an expert at forgetting, just to forget all the unkind acts, the deep wrongs, the mean words, the bitter disappointments—just let them go, forget them—the memory will become quick and alert to remember the things worth remembering, the mind given to beautiful things, worth-while things, and to remember always that I am in the presence of God, this is my desire for the New Year."

IN THE MOVING PICTURE WORLD

(Continued from Page Nine.)

crowds for his backgrounds.

But when a number of his actors made up as policemen pursued other members of the company down the middle of the street they were mistaken for real guardians of the peace and the general populace joined in the chase.

The actors became excited when they saw that they were being pursued in earnest by the citizens and affairs began to assume serious proportions when one of them was struck by a trolley car.

Forauately he was more scared than hurt and the recognition of Ford Sterling by a small boy who had seen him a few hundred times in Mutual pictures and yelled, "It's the movies!" at the top of his lungs brought the near tragedy to a close just as an enthusiastic witness was about to call out the police department.

Opportunity to Learn Popular Dance

"Castle Walk Bailey" has received so many requests from young ladies who are desirous of learning this new dance, that he is going to teach the popular steps to all who will write him.

To make it a little more interesting, the party or parties who write to Mr. Bailey must state in their letter that they have seen him in at least three photoplays—and, must name the three.

This is very little compensation, when you take into consideration that you can be taught the new dance practically for the price of a postage stamp.

Miss Blanche Sweet.

Blanche Sweet, the beautiful young motion picture actress, who as leading lady for the Biograph Company has become one of the best known stars in the screen world, has signed a contract to appear exclusively in Mutual pictures.

As a star in Mutual photoplays Miss Sweet will again be under the direction of D. W. Griffith, who schooled her in her art and staged most of the dramas in which she has appeared.

Although Miss Sweet is only 19 years of age she is recognized as one of the greatest emotional actresses in the silent drama. Her versatility is said to be remarkable, in that she plays light ingenue roles or portrays extreme characters with equal cleverness.

A remarkable case is recorded on the film in which she played the part of a woman of 24 years of age and successfully changed to a woman of 40 without the aid of make-up. She accomplished the difficult feat of showing the difference in years merely by her finished knowledge of the art of facial expression.

Making War Scenes.

Taking Mexican war scenes on the battlefield during actual fighting is the duty imposed upon five camera men of the Kay Bee Company by General Director Thomas H. Ince, of the New York Motion Picture Corporation.

Mr. Ince picked the bravest and best camera experts in his company for the work and ordered them to report at Juarez, Mexico, where they will be joined by others already on the scene.

Some of the party will join the Constitutionalist army, and another coterie will push toward Mexico City for the purpose of entering the city and taking motion pictures of scenes of strife there. The camera men's equipment includes a portable dark room, extra lenses, rations and other supplies sufficient to last several weeks.

Peary says "there is yet a great deal of work to be done in the Arctic regions." We don't expect to cut much ice in our effort to do any part of that work.

D. D. D. Opens New Era in Cure of Skin Disease

Professor Budlong's case of eczema was known to almost every hospital and physician of reputation throughout the state of Connecticut. His letter is another interesting demonstration of what is being accomplished by the famous specific D. D. D., Prescription. "It may be of interest to you to know that your life-giving preparation, D. D. D. Prescription has been of incalculable value to me. I was covered with eczema from head to foot when I began using your remedies. I could get no relief, although I tried a thousand means. I applied but two bottles of the prescription; a cure was effected in a very short time, in less than one month."—Prof. C. J. Budlong, South Lyme, Conn.

Ask any druggist today for D D. D. Prescription. He'll tell you it allays the itch instantly—and soon there are signs of cure.

We have handled the remedy for years and regard it as the specific for skin troubles of all kinds. Come in or ask us about D. D. D. Prescription, also about D. D. D. soap especially for tender skins.

We offer the first full size bottle on the guarantee that unless it stops the itch at once, it costs you not a cent.

Rob't R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as occasional or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and then begin the method at once. Send no money Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON.

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 679-H Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y. Send free trial of your method to:

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GOWANS King of Externals

Sells itself wherever introduced. Imitators have tried to imitate, and substitution has been attempted. But once GOWANS always Gowans for inflammation and congestion.

It gives us pleasure to recommend Gowans Preparation for Inflammation, especially of the throat and chest. We have sold Gowans Preparation for many years and never had a complaint.
BURLINGTON DRUG CO.
Burlington, N. C.

BUY TO-DAY! HAVE IT IN THE HOME
All Druggists. $1. 50c. 25c.
GOWAN MEDICAL CO.
Guaranteed, and money refunded by your Druggist

NOTICE.

$25.00 reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE, 120 N. Water Street. Wilmington, N. C.

Academy of Music

TOMORROW—MAT. AND NIGHT

—ON DUTY—

THE GREAT AMERICAN PLAY

OFFICER 666

A Melodramatic Farce — By Augustin MacHugh

This Cop's Beat is a Big Scream—One Long Laugh With Thrills Galore.

NEW YORK'S AND CHICAGO'S SENSATIONAL HIT

Night Prices: $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
Matinee Prices: 25c to $1.00.
Seats on Sale at Plummer's.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx *Clothes*

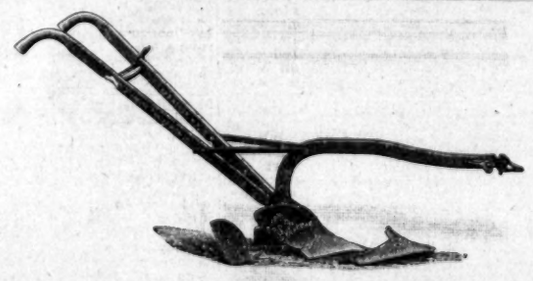
The high cost of living doesn't get any lower by low cost of clothes; cheapness in clothes usually means inferiority rather than economy.

If you pay twenty-five dollars for a Hart Schaffner & Marx overcoat you'll get much more than the difference in value, than if you buy a $12 or $15 coat. We make a special feature of the $25 price because of the value we know is in the coat at that price.

Others at $18 to $40.

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats at very attractive reductions.

The A. David Company



Syracuse Chilled Plows

Syracuse Middle Breakers, Avery New Ground Plows, Dixie, Norfolk Girl, Norfolk Boy, Stonewall, Carolina and Climax Plows and Repairs.

Goldsboro, Sampson, Huggins Wrenchless; Lewis, Fletcher and Georgia Stocks; Steel Shapes.

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WE THANK OUR CUSTOMERS—

for their patronage during the past year, and wish all a prosperous New Year. We have with us now Mr. J. Hargrove Taylor, and assure his friends and ours that we will endeavor to supply their wants satisfactorily.

Thanking you for future patronage,

HOLMES & ATKINSON

With the Best of Groceries and Quick Service.

Cape Fear Machine Works

INCORPORATED

We Carry All Sizes Of

HITCHING WEIGHTS

In Stock.

Foot of Church Street — Wilmington, N. C

ALUM IN CITY WATER

Mr. Dubois Takes Issue With Mr. Catlett.

Makes Public Denial of City Chemist's Statement That City's Filtered Water Is Alum Free —Amount Enormous

To the Editor of The Star:

In the last Sunday Morning Star, there was a criticism of the article written by Mr. James Nisbet Hazelhurst, of Atlanta, Ga., of the article in your paper on the 28th of December, by Mr. George F. Catlett, the City Chemist, in which he said at the close of his article, that the City filtered water did not contain free alum, that it could not contain any because the water was showing some alkalinity which could not exist if it had free alum, that the water had only occasionally some aluminium hydrate, which harmless, or something like that.

While I do not want to take any part in these criticisms, I am, however, obliged as a public analyst, who works for everybody who pays for my services, to make a public denial of Mr. George F. Catlett's statement that the City's filtered water is alum free, because it is not, it has always had free alum since the last six months when I have been making these tests every day for my own satisfaction, and also for some private citizen of Wilmington, which I still do every day.

The quantity of free alum has always been variable, running from as low as one part, to as high as fifteen parts per one million parts water. The average is about five parts of free alum per one million parts water, which is enormous, and very unhealthy, and particularly conducive to the formation of an insoluble precipitate in the stomach, that will cause the torture of dyspepsia, and the formation of stones in the kidneys and bladder, and probably other ills. Our physicians in town can better describe than I can the many ills that alum will cause to the human system, but right here, I wish to say that not a physician has as yet objected to this nuisance of free alum in the public water supply, so far as I am aware of. Even the Board of Health seems to be ignoring it altogether, when, as a matter of fact, they ought to be the ones to do their best to put a stop to this "alum nuisance," yes, more than that, a regular menace to the public health.

The B-coli communis that gives typhoid fever, may be eliminated from the water, as we are told it has been, and thus save the community from the terrible consequences of typhoid fever but what about the alum in the water? Is it not also necessary to eliminate alum from the public water supply? Of course it is, and the blame for this free alum in the City's filtered water is not to be put upon the City Chemist, but upon the City Councilmen who are not doing anything to stop it, and instead are wasting valuable time in opposing one another about that vital water question, as we have been of late, in regard to the deep well question, forgetting all the while that there are no wells in Wilmington deep or not, that can give as good water as the Cape Fear River water will, provided it is chemically treated by an up-to-date method which will eliminate all the organic matters, and make it absolutely alum free and be 98 per cent. pure. This can be done right where the present water intake is, and at considerably less cost than by the contemplated deep wells proposition of Councilman Wood. All the Board of Councilmen know that, for it was offered city months ago, as a free-of-charge demonstration, to prove that the method is as good as represented. Instead of making an investigation, and getin gtogether to see an experiment made to satisy themselves that this method is just what the City wants, they have done nothing, except to do their very best to tire the inventor, so he will give up, and thus leave the road free for the deep wells proposition.

Mr. George F. Catlett was in error when he said that the water was alum free, because he has been shown by the writer, at the laboratory of the filtering plant, that the water was full of free alum, by reactions made with the writer's improved reagents for the detection of alum in water and anything else. Indeed, Mr. Catlett tells us in his article of criticism, that they have no accurate means to know the real amount of water which the pumps lift. He has no accurate apparatus to measure the chemical solutions they use to coagulate the organic matters held in solution in the crude river water. Then, is it not self evident that if an engineer and a chemist in charge of a water purifying plant, have not the proper means to measure properly first, the crude water to be treated, and second, the solutions of the chemicals to be used to purify the water, that their work is nothing but guess work. This will explain clearly why the filtered water is at times real yellow, and at other times, as clear as crystal, and has as low as one part to as high as fifteen parts of free alum in the filtered water, per one million part.

When the water is yellow, it shows that not enough coaguling chemical solutions, were taken, and when the water is either yellow or clear and contains free alum, as it always has, more or less, it shows that the formula used is improperly balanced, and that the basins and filters are not altogether right for the work to be performed, but there is no doubt that even if the apparatus were right, the formula used will not give water alum free, and do as he may, Mr. Catlett, or anybody else, cannot give an alum free water with the poor formala he uses, and the lack of measuring apparatus, and better apparatus to do certain parts of the work.

The pumps, engine and steam boilers are all right. It is the other apparatus and chemical formula that is not right, and as said above, neither the engineer nor the chemist, can be blamed for it—then who is to blame? Simply those who represent the City's good, those elected by the people, whose duty it is, above all, to get all that is best for the City's population, for that is what they were elected for, and for nothing else, and by disregarding a good offer as they did, in turning down a good method that gives 98 per cent. pure water, they do not do their duty to the people that voted for them.

The writer will, until further notice, make the alum test in the City's filtered water, absolutely free of charge, for any person who wants this test made, just bring about one pint of the water in a clean bottle just as it comes at your home, and I will make the test while you wait, right before your eyes, so that you may be sure it is right. My reason for doing this is to force the Councilmen to give us good, wholesome water, so long as it can be had with the present intake, at not much additional expense, added to the present plant. I understand that there is an "Anti-Alum League" now about to be formed, of which I will be an active member. I invite all persons desiring pure water, alum free, to send me their name and address, for their enrollment in the above league. No charge will be made.

The reagents that I use to make the alum test in water, are of my own invention. It gives a pretty red color with water that is free from alum, and a blue, when that chemical is present. Even the smallest quantity will be shown by the reagents, so sensitive is it that 1-50,000,000 parts alum will give the blue color to the water. The deeper the blue, the more alum is present. It is very easy then to get the per cent by matching the shade of blue with distilled water, containing a known quantity of alum or sulphate of aluminium. Such delicacy of test colorimetry reaction, was only possible with the latest volumetric analysis, and will pass unnoticed, with an analyst using the gravimetric method, and probably is the cause of Mr. Catlett's saying that the City's water is alum free. May be he uses the gravimetric method, and it seems to me that the State Chemist, at Raleigh, also uses the gravimetric method, because they reported last summer in the water analysis they made, that it was alum free, which was not so, I wrote to them about it, offering to control their method and they mine, by analyzing a pure water, in which a known quantity of alum had been put, to see how near we would agree, but they did not accept my offer, which is still open.

I believe that I have done my duty to the public who patronize me, by this public denial, and I have to thank you, Mr. Editor, for publishing same in your valuable paper.

A. N. DUBOIS.

THOUGHTS FOR SUNDAY.

By T. W. C.

It is better to fail by doing right than to succeed by doing wrong.

"It is better to go down on the great seas which human hearts were made to sail, than to rot at the wharves in ignoble anchorage."

If many of us—most of us—we are afraid—would count back the days to the last time we spoke words of praise to our nearest and dearest, we would have grace enough to be ashamed of ourselves.

Certainly there is something commendable in your husband, O wife. Then tell him so in a few hearty words without any qualification or reservation. He will be the happier and so will you.

It is hard for men to learn by the experience of others. They insist on going through the sorrowful experience themselves. But lessons learned from experience are God's plan for softening our hearts into sympathy with others.

I spoke a kind word almost thoughtlessly, and a long time afterward one thanked me for it, with tears in his eyes. Then, I thought, since kindness costs so little and helps so much, why am I not always kind?

There are comforters who have been born into service, and disciplined, not so much through personal experience of trial, as through a perfect communion with the great Peace-giver, in whom the springs of comfort rise. Love and sacrifice hold the meaning of all that is great and true and beautiful for one's own soul, and must hold the secret of all powers of helpfulness to the world.

The thing that lasts in the universe is His kindness, which continues from everlasting to everlasting. What a revelation of God! Oh, dear friends, if only our hearts could open to the full acceptance of that thought, sorrow and care and anxiety, and every other form of trouble, would fade away, and we should be at rest. The infinite, undying, imperishable love of God is mine. Older than the mountains, deeper than their roots, wider than the heavens and stronger than all sin, is the love of Christ.

The world abounds in sorrow and suffering. It is full of sad hearts and hungry lives; full of the pinches of poverty, the weariness of toil, of restlessness and loneliness, and pain. Is it so in any degree, because we are not paying the debt of love and sympathy we owe, not only to our relations and friends, but also in some measure to our poorer neighbors, and all our fellow creatures?

If our hearts are filled with the glorious radiance of God's love, we shall most surely find all sorts of ways of manifesting it. It will color all our actions, down to the very touch of our hand, or the smile we give to the little stranger child in the streets. And if we do but live in the consciousness of owing a great debt of love, and then strive day by day to discharge it, we shall owe nothing else besides. And only as we do this can we please Him and be like Him, who, because we had nothing to pay, has so freely forgiven our great debt to Him, and who has said: "If ye love me, keep my commandments," one of which is, "Owe no man anything, but to love one another; for he that loveth another hath fulfilled the law."

STOP CATARRH!

It's a Dangerous Disease, Use Hyomei. It Acts Quickly and Safely.

If you have catarrh, usually indicated by sniffling, stopped-up head, frequent colds, watery eyes and morning choking, there is an irritated state of the mucous membrane lining the breathing organs which affords an ideal condition for the growth of disease germs.

It is needless to allow the dangerous germs which may be taken in with the air you breathe, to reach the irritated mucous membrane of the nose, throat and lungs, and begin their destruction of your general health.

One of the easiest, simplest and quickest ways to check catarrh and destroy the germs is by breathing Hyomei—the direct-to-the-point method. No roundabout process like dosing the stomach.

Hyomei is a combination of antiseptic and germicidal oils, which, when breathed through the inhaler, mixes with the air and instantly penetrates into the folds and crevices of the membrane lining the nose, throat and bronchial tubes. It not only heals, soothes and vitalizes the tissues, but by destroying the dangerous germs helps you to enjoy good health.

Use Hyomei, not only for catarrh, but for cold in the head, bronchitis, croup of infants, or stopped up head. It's a household remedy.

Druggists everywhere sell it, and Robt. R. Bellamy offers to refund the money if you are not benefited. Ask for the Hyomei complete outfit, $1.00 size.

(advertisement.)

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR JANUARY 18.

THE GOOD SAMARITAN.

LESSON TEXT—Luke 10:25-37.
GOLDEN TEXT—"Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."—Mark 12:31.

Probably no other parable given by Jesus except possibly the Prodigal Son, has made such a deep impression as this one. It has inspired altruistic service, promoted the idea of the brotherhood of man, and served to crystalize Christian thinking and service.

I. "What shall I do?" vv. 25-29. (1) The first question. This lawyer in his test question implied that eternal life was dependent upon his works, a well nigh universal Jewish idea. With a true teacher's skill, Jesus drew from his own knowledge of the law an answer to his question, viz.: that, on the ground of doing he must love the Father with an undivided heart; with all his soul, the seat of his emotions; with all his strength—energies; and with all his mind—his intellectual powers. The evidence of such a love is that he must love his neighbor as himself.

Summarized the Law.

(2) The second question, (v. 29). Jesus had not said anything to this lawyer about belief, or faith, for he was not yet ripe for that idea. He had summarized the law and by this law Jesus must teach him. Rom. 3:19, 20; Matt. 22:37-40. It is one thing to read and summarize the law, and quite another to rightly apply it. It is quite possible to be ultra orthodox in our teaching and in our statements of belief, and yet to fall far short of doing. The force of this second question is then, "Who must I love?" He avoids asking, "Who can I love?" The question was not as to who will be neighbor to me, but to whom shall I be neighbor? In answer to this Jesus employs this wonderful parable. (Note:—Explain the nature of a parable and the Master's frequent use thereof).

II. "Go and do thou likewise." vv. 30-37. That this story is not alone a parable but a literal experience is pretty generally believed. "The way of the transgressor" is a Jericho road, and the traveler therein is bound to be "stripped," if not always of his prosperity, then of his character, and will ultimately find himself "half-dead." If left to himself he will surely die, Rom. 5:6; 6:23. Jericho means "curse." Who then is the man I can neighbor? Any wretch that is passing along the Jerico road. Remember that Jesus is dealing with the second half of the summary of the law. Three classes of men passed this man; (1) The Priest, of all men the most likely to help that fallen one, created in the image of God in whose worship he led. It is easy to find an excuse for this exhibition of heartlessness. The danger of robbers; of being suspected of complicity in the crime; the duties of his important office; the danger of contamination; a work not suited to his position in life. Let us beware of too hastily judging the priest until we examine ourselves. (2) The Levite. Perhaps he had seen his superior in the temple worship; he drew nearer than the priest, perhaps for the purpose of investigation, but offers no remedy. (3) The Samaritan. This ostracized man would have been snubbed and cursed by the wounded man under any other circumstances. He therefore could certainly have been excused had he followed the example of Priest and Levite. He is a type of Christ dealing in grace with one who had no claim upon him. Note the steps: (a) "He journeyed," are we to be found visiting the places of great need? (b) "He came where he was," evidently not from idle curiosity, but to meet a case of need. (c) "He saw him." Too often our eyes are blind to the misery about us. (d) "He was moved with compassion." The compassion of Jesus was an active principle. Does misery move us to action? Does it send us to cases of need, or do we wait for them to knock at our door? (e) "He bound up his wounds." Not acting by proxy; not sending him to a public institution. Real charity is accompanied by warm, sympathetic, Christ-like, human hearts in action. (f) "Brought him to an inn and took care of him."

Love Is Costly.

It cost the Samaritan much to act this way. Racial pride, aesthetic repugnance, commercial obligations, perhaps family duties, to say nothing of the actual expenditures of time and money. But love is a costly thing. Jesus himself fully portrays this picture, John 3:16. The road was away from God's city, Jerusalem.

It is not so much the doing as the motive that compelled the doing. It was not duty but desire, compelling love, that Jesus is exalting. Altruistic service never saved any man, I. Cor. 13. On the other hand, to make high sounding professions and not to give a tangible, material evidence which will affirm that profession, is to sound the note of insincerity, Jas. 2:16-18. The teaching of this story is that the true and acceptable motives for altrustic, neighborly services, originate in a love for God that embraces man's threefold nature, body, mind and spirit.

Fifty weavers in Caraleigh cotton mills at Raleigh, went out on a strike Monday on account of differences with the management as to the amount of "docking" for inferior cloth.

Wonderful Blood Remedy That Works in the Tissues

The Very Latest Theory About How and Why the Blood is Disordered.

S. S. S. Means Pure Blood Which Insures Long Life and Health.

The great experts in Chemistry and Physiology now declare what has all along been contended by the Swift Laboratory that the germs of blood disorders find lodgment in the interstices of the tissues.

And herein is where S. S. S. goes to work rapidly, effectively and with wonderfully noticeable results.

This famous blood purifier contains medicinal components just as vital and essential to healthy blood as the nutritive elements of wheat, roast beef, and fats and the sugars that make up our daily ration.

As a matter of fact there is one ingredient in S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating each cellular part of the body to the healthy and judicious selection of its own essential nutriment. That is why it regenerates the blood supply; why it has such a tremendous influence in overcoming eczema, rash, pimples, and all skin afflictions.

And in regenerating the tissues S. S. S. has a rapid and positive antidotal effect upon all those irritating influences that cause rheumatism, sore throat, weak eyes, loss of weight, thin pale cheeks, and that weariness of muscle and nerve that is generally experienced, by all sufferers with poisoned blood.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store, and in a few days you will not only feel bright, and energetic, but you will be the picture of new life.

S. S. S. is prepared only in the laboratory of the Swift Specific Co., 201 Swift Bldg, Atlanta, Ga. Who maintain a very efficient Medical Department, where all who have any blood disorder of a stubborn nature may write freely for advice.

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Beware of all attempts to sell you something "Just as good." Insist upon S. S. S.

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THIS IS MY 3 PARTED WIG. *PREPAID* $9.50

I can match any shade of hair exactly. I make a specialty of hair, for White and Colored people. My wigs can be combed and dressed, just the same as your natural hair.

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Large Stocks. Quick Deliveries. Lowest Prices.

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The Biggest and Handsomest Line of Fountain Pens

ever brought to Wilmington is now in our store and we will take great pleasure in showing them to you.

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By a new process we are now in position to free your Cylinders from Carbon Deposits in a very short while at very little expense. This method is endorsed by the best automobile manufacturers and we guarantee it in every way. Let us explain, or better show you. Our Service Department is right on the job and a trial at our shops will make you a permanent customer.

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Teas and Jelly.

Tablets in stock at all times. Send us your orders.

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We thank our many Friends for their liberal patronage, and wish them a Merry Christmas and Prosperous New Year.

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The Bargain Sensation of The Season

THURSDAY, JAN. 8, at —9 A. M.—

HEWLETT & PRICE'S Greatest Shoe Saving Sale

FREE! FREE!

FIRST FIFTY LADIES! 50 Tickets Given Away to First 50 Ladies inside the store. Opening Hour 9:00 A. M. Thursday, Jan. 8th. 10 of these tickets will contain a number good for 10 Pairs Boudoir Slippers, 30 Pairs Bath Room Slippers.

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Hewlett & Price
24 North Front Street.

NEW YEAR

Start the New Year Right. If you have machinery of any description to purchase come to us, we carry a full stock of Boilers, Engines, Pumps, Shafting, Boxes Pulleys, Etc.

Our Business

Was good thanks to our customers during the year of 1913 and we are going to give you a unsurpassed service in 1914 in our Boiler, Copper, Pattern and Machine Shops. Come to see us. We are the leaders.

Wilmington Iron Works
"The Iron Men."

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by D. D. McLaurin and wife, Annie McLaurin, dated June 19th, 1913, and recorded in the records of New Hanover county, in book 78, page 50, the undersigned will expose for sale for cash at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Thursday, February 5th, 1914, the following piece of real estate situate in the city of Wilmington, State and county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the line of the east side of Anderson street 33 feet northwardly from its intersection with the line of the north side of Miller street, and running thence northwardly with said line of the east side of Anderson street 33 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Miller street 165 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Anderson street 33 feet; thence westwardly and parallel with Miller street 165 feet to the beginning, same being the northwest one-quarter of lot 5, in block 255, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington.

ELLEN P. GAFFORD,
Mortgagee.

By John W. Gafford, Attorney.
ja4-30d

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Call W. G. Fountain at Pickard-Bleecker Auto Co., Phone 741.
Service guaranteed, Day or Night. Special Prices on long trips.
No. 5 North Third street.

HOW HE EDITED THE STORY

Good New Story of Henry M. Flagler Told by a Newspaper Man for the First Time.

(From an Exchange.)

Shown into the office and into the presence of Henry M. Flagler, No. 26 Broadway, New York, several years ago, I said: "The only time I ever interviewed you was in Cleveland. I was sent to your house at 1 o'clock in the morning on some news matter pertaining to the Standard Oil Company. I was a new reporter and felt that the city editor's order to get you out of bed was an outrage on you as well as on myself.

"You came downstairs in your night clothes," I went on to say, "opened the door and answered my questions in a very benevolent manner. I have thought of you since as one of the finest old democrats in the United States. I might have been a burglar for all you knew, or an independent oil operator from Western Pennsylvania."

There was no guile in my remarks, but they were inaccurate. I had unconsciously confused Mr. Flagler with another Standard Oil millionaire named Harkness. So introduced, I was received with much friendliness.

Mr. Flagler talked for two hours, giving me the details of his remarkable life and speaking with surprising and delicious frankness about his associates and the oil business. It was perhaps, the only personal or familiar interview he ever gave to a newspaper writer. Moreover, he knew I meant to print what he said. In great joy I returned to Washington.

Early next day, however, Mr. Flagler began telegraphing. "Do not publish the interview; have written," he said in the first message. There were things in his talk which I meant to forget, but there were three columns of safe and intensely interesting matter which would not have hurt him or anyone else.

How Flagler Edited the Story

The letter which came was almost pathetic. It was agreed finally that I should write the interview out and send it in manuscript to Florida, where Mr. Flagler had gone for the winter, that he might see what I purposed to print.

The interview came back with a red line carefully ruled through every sentence except three, and those Mr. Flagler had changed somewhat. All that remained of the article was contained in these words: "In 1867, Henry M. Flagler went into the oil business with John D. Rockefeller, William Rockefeller and Samuel Andrews, and is now conspicuous in the small group of money kings whose possessions amaze the world and terrify the social reformers. But he would have won in cotton, wheat or iron—in anything, at any time or anywhere. 'One's success, notably in the matter of wealth,' Mr. Flagler is free to say, 'is often as surprising to himself as it is to his friends.'"

My arguments by letter were acknowledged, but they had no effect upon the mind of Mr. Flagler. The interview, therefore, was put away in brine against the day when consent, possibly, might be obtained. A year passed. Again I sent my card to Mr. Flagler. He greeted me cordially. "I want to ask a question," I said. He looked at me curiously and told me to go ahead.

"Let us suppose," I went on, realizing beforehand that my logic would limp noticeably, "that you bought an oil refinery, one of the largest and best in the country, and had bought it on terms honorable to yourself and the owners. You had wanted the refinery for a long time. And now at last you had it. Then suppose that some man should thrust his unwelcomed hand into the transaction and say: 'The refinery is your property, but I have the power to close it down and that is what I intend to do.' How would you feel about it, Mr. Flagler?"

"I'd go to law," Mr. Flagler answered.

"Well," I continued, "I can't go to law. The interview you gave me is as big in my eyes as a modern refinery would be in your own eyes."

"I see the point," he interrupted in the best of humor. "Print it. I have nothing more to say."

"And your photograph?" I asked.

"If it is necessary, yes."

The photograph was two feet long by 18 inches wide. He wrote his name on it and tied it up himself. The interview was printed just as written and was the basis for most of the obituary notices published at his death. Here is one of the stories I omitted from the interview.

"John (meaning the elder Rockefeller) has recently said that good many able business men were doubtful of the success of the Standard. That is true. While we were yet a $1,000,000 corporation I induced William H. Vanderbilt to buy 750 shares of our stock at par. He paid us $75,000 in cash. He was president of a railroad and we thought his connection desirable. While we sold some of our stock to outsiders, the two Rockefellers, Samuel Andrews and myself kept $900,000 of it in our own hands.

"Well, Vanderbilt began to show signs of nervousness and sent for me. I called, and he proceeded to beat around the bush and ask questions. I could see plainly enough that he wanted to sell out.

"'There are but 20 shareholders in all, I said. The oil business is new and unknown, and you can't go into the market and find a purchaser who will pay you what the stock is actually worth.'

"'In a few days Vanderbilt sent for me again. I repeated my former statement. 'You bought the stock at my suggestion and it has paid you 15 per cent. a year in dividends. Put it away,' I advised him, 'and forget that you own it.'

"When he asked me the third time to call at his house I laid the case before John D. Rockefeller. 'This man,' I said, 'does not appreciate the favor I have done him. I will see him in the morning. If he is still on the anxious seat, I will buy out at as low a figure as I can and put his stock back in our treasury.'

"I got his shares at $260. It is a simple matter of arithmetic to figure his loss and his gain. He paid $75,000 for the stock and sold it to the Standard for $195,000. Besides, so long as he owned it, he received a yearly dividend of 15 per cent. He did very well, but he could have done much better.

"We kept our surplus over dividend payments in the treasury until we were justified in raising our capitalization to $3,500,000 and then to $70,000,000. Vanderbilt's 750 shares would have become 2625 shares at the first increase and 52,500 shares at the second increase, and at present prices, $610, would be worth $32,000,000. In the meantime he and his heirs would have been paid many millions of dollars in dividends."

Wilmington folks are learning they can get luncheon daily at Southern Cafe, 11:30 to 12:30. 2t.
(advertisement.)

GAP BETWEEN HOGS AND BACON

Middleman Taking a Much Larger Toll Than He Did 10 or 20 Years Ago.

(Emporia, Kansas, Gazette.)

Along in the middle and late nineties, hogs were selling at $3 and $4 per 100, and bacon was selling at 10 or 11 cents a pound. Now hogs are selling around 7 or 8 cents and bacon is selling for 35 cents a pound.

In 15 years improvements have been made in marketing, and in making bacon. The crude methods of 15 or 20 years ago, in selling and producing bacon, the Beef Trust and the packing house machinery should count for something to the consumer. The savings effected by machinery and the trusts should give the working man more bacon for a day's work. But whatever apparent rise of wages the workman has received has largely been absorbed by the higher cost of living, and he actually gets less bacon for his day's work than he did. Also, the consumer gets away yonder the worst of it. The difference between the hog and the bacon 15 years ago was 7 or 8 cents; which was supposed to indicate the cost of producing bacon. Now the number of hogs has increased in 15 years, and the number of people who eat bacon also has increased—and increased greatly. There may be some reason in charging 35 cents for bacon today as against 10 or 11 cents 15 years ago—or such a matter. But if there is reason in the rise of the price of bacon, there is equally good reason why there should be a similar rise in the price of hogs. It clearly cost 7 cents to manufacture and sell a pound of bacon 20 years ago, when fewer people were clamoring for bacon; and it clearly takes 27 cents to manufacture and sell a pound of bacon now when people are so keen for meat that bacon sells itself like postage stamps.

Why is this thusness? Either the farmer who grows the hogs, the workman who makes the bacon or the consumer who buys the bacon is getting the worst of it, or all three.

These remarks are made apropos of the death of Edward Morris, the great packer who left an estate of $20,000,000. He is one of a score of his kind. Hundreds of millions of dollars are being made by men who are overcharging the public for their services as captains of industry. Chancellor Strong, of the Kansas State University, gets $5,000 or $6,000 a year, and his job is much more difficult and requires much more training, and is harder for the directors to fill, than is the job of the man who runs a packing house. If Edward Morris, the packer, had left a fortune of $20,000 instead of $20,000,000, perhaps there would not be such an overwhelming gap between the price of meat and the price of cattle and hogs in these days.

The gap between the price of hogs and the cost of bacon is one of the great issues before civilization, and it represents not merely meat prices, but prices of every commodity known to our widening markets. It is the problem of this century.

REGULATION OF THE MILK SUPPLY.

Milk is a well-nigh universal food. Its value depends on its purity at the time it reaches the consumer. For this reason the regulation by cities of the production, transportation, handling and distribution of milk is coming to be regarded as a most important municipal duty. In a recent issue of The Journal of the American Medical Association, Prof. E. O. Jordan, of the University of Chicago, reports the results of a study of milk regulation in 173 of the 229 cities in the United States of 25,000 population or over. This study shows that the requirement of a permit or license is practically universal in all cities of over 50,000 inhabitants. This is the first step toward proper control. When the New York City board of health adopted an ordinance requiring all persons dealing in milk to secure a permit, the right was contested and carried to the Supreme Court of the United States. That tribunal sustained the ordinance as a reasonable exercise of police power. Dairy farm inspection of some sort is carried on by the great majority of cities. This varies in efficiency. The frequency of inspection ranges from "once in a year or two" and "when necessary" to regular monthly examinations. Dairy farm inspection is more regularly and more effectively carried out by cities with a population of over 100,000 than by smaller municipalities. One-third of the cities require that the tuberculin test be applied to herds furnishing milk. Bacterial standards for raw milk have been established by the large majority of cities with over 100,000 population. The cities with 25,000 to 50,000 population are much more generally without bacterial standard, largely, doubtless, because of the lack of suitable laboratory facilities for enforcing such a requirement.

The process of pasteurization is much more extensively employed in some cities than in others. In some of the larger cities as much as 70 to 80 per cent of the whole supply is pasteurized. About 30 per cent of the cities with over 100,000 population have half or more of their supply pasteurized.

A comparison of the milk supply condition in 1912 with those prevailing ten years previously is facilitated by a study made in 1902 by Alvord and Pearson of the United States Department of Agriculture. Briefly stated, some of the principal changes in ten years appear to be:

An increase in the retail price of milk has occurred in all parts of the United States and averages two to three cents a quart.

An extensive development in methods of supervision and an increase in the amount expended for supervision have taken place. The city of Denver spent $1,200 for all supervision in 1902, $5,000 for farm inspection in 1912. Ten years ago the city of St. Louis spent $1,850 for the supervision of its milk supply, in 1912, $5,650 was spent for farm inspection alone. Chicago expended about $10,000 for the whole supervision of its milk supply in 1902, and about $25,000 on farm inspection alone in 1912. New York made 41,292 farm inspections in 1912 at a cost of $76,080. The same change has occurred in some cities of 25,000 to 50,000 population. Haverhill, Mass. (population 44,000), which expended $150 for supervision of the milk supply in 1902, had increased the amount to $1,600-$1,700 in 1912. Little Rock, Ark., which reported no milk ordinance and no supervision over its milk supply in 1902, was spending $3,750 for farm inspection in 1912. Together with this increase in the amount expended for supervision has gone a change in the character of the supervision, which can on the whole be regarded as advantageous from the public health standpoint. It can no longer be said, as it was said in 1902, that "most of the inspection work consists in testing samples of milk to ascertain if they contain as much fat and other solids as required by the standard." There is no doubt that at present much more attention is paid to matters of real sanitary significance, such as the health of the cows, the conditions under which milk is collected and transported, and the health of persons handling the milk, than was the case ten years ago. It is encouraging to note also that the practice of adulteration and the addition of preservatives do not seem at present to be as widespread as formerly.

A particularly noteworthy change that has occurred in the past ten years has been the growth of the process of pasteurization. In New York City it could be said ten years ago that "perhaps 5 per cent of the total milk supply is pasteurized," while it was true in 1912 that 40 per cent of the supply was pasteurized. In Boston the report in 1902 was that "very little pasteurized milk is on the market and it is not increasing in favor," but in 1912 75 per cent of the market milk was pasteurized.

The same change may be remarked in smaller cities. Instances picked at random are: Springfield, Mass., with "no milk pasteurized" in 1902, but with 20 per cent pasteurized in 1912; Lansing, Mich., with "a very small amount" in 1902 and one-third in 1912; Aurora, Ill., with 10 per cent in 1902 and 85 per cent in 1912. Whether or not one believes this to be a change for the better, the actual conditions should be recognized and ample provision made for supervising the process of pasteurization. At present many municipalities possess no regulations governing this important matter.

Of 172 health officers from whom replies have been received, 80, or nearly one-half, regard their present local regulations for the control of milk supply as unsatisfactory. The improvements suggested include better facilities for maintaining a bacterial standard, more ample provisions for the enforcement of existing regulations, strict application of the tuberculin test, while in a good many instances—towns of from 25,000 to 50,000—the desideratum is a proper milk ordinance. Some health officers suggest compulsory pasteurization either of all milk or of all milk not obtained from tuberculin tested herds. The admirable New York City rules and regulations relating to the sale of milk are specifically mentioned in some cases as the goal to be reached.

The municipal regulation of milk supply in the United States at present seems to lack little in the way of legal authorization or of support by enlightened public opinion. Dairy inspection, bacterial control and proper grading seem to have been carried farther in this country than anywhere else. Perhaps the points in most immediate need of improvement are (1) the definition and proper control of the process of pasteurization, and (2) the adoption and enforcement of suitable milk supply regulations in cities with less than 50,000 population.

A rancher has applied for the rental of 320 acres on the Pike national forest, Colorado, to be used in connection with other private land, for raising elk as a commercial venture.

Eat your Sunday dinner at Southern Cafe. The best place in the city.
(advertisement) 2t

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY"

OUR ANNUAL WHITE SALE

First Mark-Down of the Season! Sale January 12th to 22nd, Inclusive!

Former Sales will be Remembered, but the Values we offer during this sale will never be forgotten. Extraordinary values will be offered in every department during this sale. Sale begins Monday, January 12th, and ends Thursday, January 22nd. Ladies' Suit Department, Millinery Department, Carpet Department, Silk Department, White Goods Department, Underwear Department, in fact Every Department, will Offer Attractive Bargains!

TERMS CASH TO EVERYONE — NO GOODS ON APPROVAL

A Most Extraordinary Sale of Silks and Dress Goods.

In addition to our regular Winter displays Extra Bargain Tables will be filled with Silks for our White Sale.

36-inch Colored Messalines, extra $1.25 value, in all shades, special sale price .....90c yard.
59c Colored Foulard Silks, 23 inches wide, full line of colors to choose from, special sale price ..39c yard.
40-inch Fancy Rice Voiles, something entirely new, regular 50c quality, special sale price .....35c yard.
30-inch Fancy Canton Crepes, 50 pieces to select from, regular 35c values, special sale price .....25c yard.
40-inch Fancy Martine Voiles, 25 pieces to select from, and which are the season's newest, special sale price .....25c yard.
40-inch Fancy Ratines, neat Persian patterns, and Dolly Varden designs, priced for this sale .....49c yard.
40-inch Silk and Wool Crepes for Spring wear, in Coral, Lucile Blue, Champaign, Brown and White, regular $1.00 quality, sale price 65c yd.

Selling Out Our Millinery Stock.

At the end of every season we cut the price so deep that no stock is carried over to next season.

$20.00 trimmed Hats, sale price $10.00
$15.00 trimmed Hats, sale price..$7.50
$10.00 trimmed Hats, sale price..$5.00
$7.50 trimmed Hats, sale price...$3.75
Children's Hats at one-half price.
Ladies' Felt Hats, worth $1.50 to $3.00 your choice for only 75c
Ladies' Velvet Hats at one-half their regular price.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Bought for this Sale. The largest assortment ever shown in Wilmington at any one time. See Window Display.

65c value Ladies' Gowns, full size, lace or embroidery trimmed, January sale price 45c
89c value ladies' Cambric Gowns, neatly trimmed, January sale price 69c
$1.00 ladies Cambric and Nainsook Gowns, extra fine quality, January sale price 89c
$1.25 ladies' Cambric and Nainsook Gowns, lace and embroidery trimmed, January sale price.....98c
$1.75 ladies' Nainsook Gowns, fine lace trimmed, Special January sale price, each $1.39
Crepe Gowns, worth $1.25, in white, light blue and pink, sale price 98c
Figured Crepe Gowns, in neat patterns, January sale price.....89c
75c ladies' Cambric Skirts, embroidery trimmed, January sale price 59c
$1.00 ladies' Cambric Skirts, lace and embroidery trimmed, sale price 89c
$1.50 ladies' Skirts, fancy lace and embroidery trimmed with wash ribbon, Special January sale price $1.19
$1.75 ladies' Nainsook Skirts, extra fine quality and neatly trimmed, January Sale price $1.39

One entire seccion of our store is given to Muslin Underwear Display. Goods displayed with prize tickets.

Our Carpet Department.

Offers you very attractive bargains during this sale. We do not want to take them up in our inventory, hence these attractive prices.

$1.65 extra quality Axminster Carpet, suitable for pariors. January sale price, per yard $1.20
$1.50 Sultan and other high grade Velvet Carpets, in room, hall and stair patterns, January sale price, per yard $1.05
$1.25 Amber Velvet Carpet, in hall and stair patterns. January sale price, per yard 95c
$1.15 Brussell Carpets in room, hall and stair patterns. January sale price, per yard 85c
35c extra fine quality China Matting, January sale price, yard.....25c
$30.00 extra quality Axminster Art Squares in 9x12. January sale price.....$22.50
$25.00 High grade Axminster Art Square, January sale price...$19.85
9x12 Crex Rugs, regular $10.00 values, January sale price.....$7.50
Smaller Crex Rugs at reduced prices.
$2.00 Lace Curtains in white and ecrue January sale price, pair.....$1.39
$3.00 fine quality net and lace Curtains. January sale price, pair $2.19
75c Muslin Bed room Curtains, January sale price, pair.....48c
$1.50 Lace Bobbinet Curtains, special for January sale only, pair....98c

January Sale price on all our Portieres, Couch Covers and Table Cloths.

Sheets, Pillow Cases and Table Linens.

Just at this season to purchase them at these prices is a rare opportunity. We advise early shopping.

60-inch Mercerized Table Damask, 65c quality, January clearan price, per yard 42c
72-inch Linen Table Damask, $1.00 quality, January clearance price, per yard 85c
72-inch Linen Table Damask, regular $1.25 quality, January clearance price, per yard 98c
22x22 Linen Napkins, $2.00 quality. January clearance price, doz..$1.65
22x22 Linen Napkins, regular $3.00 quality. January clearance price, per dozen $2.25
$3.00 to $5.00 Bed Spreads, 20 per cent sale.
reduction for January clearance
$1.25 Longcloth 10 yard lengths, January clearance price, yard 98c
42x36 Superior Pillow Cases, plain, our regular sale price .....10c each.
45x36 Special Pillow Cases, plain, regular 20c quality, January Sale price .....15c each.
45x36 Popular Pillow Cases, regular 18c quality, January Sale price only .....12c each.
45x36 Hemstitched Pillow Cases, regular 30c quality, January Sale price .....25c each.
81x90 Mohawk Sheets, regular $1.00 quality, January clearance price only .....79c each.
90x90 Mohawk Sheets, our regular $1.10 quality, January Clearance price .....89c each.
81x90 Special Sheets, our regular 85c quality, January clearance price only .....69c each.
90x90 Hemstitched Mohawk Sheets, regular $1.25 quality, January clearance price .....98c each.

HALF PRICE SALE IN OUR READY-TO-WEAR DEP'T

We will offer to our friends and customers every Ladies' Suit, Coat, Woolen Dresses and Misses' Coats and Suits AT ONE-HALF MARKED PRICE!

$35.00 Suits and Coats for $17.50
$30.00 Suits and Coats..... 15.00
$25.00 Suits and Coats..... 12.50
$22.50 Suits and Coats..... 11.25
$20.00 Suits and Coats..... 10.00
$15.00 Suits and Coats..... 7.50

First Break in Prices for 1914—Our Annual January Sale, Monday, 12th to 22nd

TERMS STRICTLY CASH! **The C. W. Polvogt Co.** NO GOODS ON APPROVAL!

TYRIAN TIRES

"Run Over 7000 Miles"

Last Longer—30% More Rubber

Cushion Layers 90% Para Rubber—Other Makes About 40%

The manufacturers of TYRIAN TIRES were the first to **invent** and **patent white rubber**—oldest concern in the country making fine rubber goods. North Carolina people who are using TYRIAN TIRES will use no other make—they last practically twice as long because they have 30% more rubber on tread and 50% more rubber in cushion layers—prevents cutting when tire is slack. Cost no more.

THE FOLLOWING IS ONE OF MANY TESTIMONIALS:

GREENSBORO TIRE & REPAIR CO., Greensboro, N. C.
This is to say that I have used two Tyrian tires which have run over 7000 miles. One is in good shape yet and I believe it good for 2000 miles more. The other has had one blow-out but I have had it repaired and believe it good for a long time yet.
(Signed) J. O. HARDIE

Clip this ad, drive your car by your dealers and ask for a demonstration, if he hasn't Tyrian Tires in stock send us his name. Keep a record of your tire mileage—booklet with blank sent free.

Greensboro Tire & Repair Co., STATE DISTRIBUTORS GREENSBORO, N. C.

30% More Rubber on Tread

ADDITIONAL DEALERS WANTED. WRITE US NOW.

THE WEEK'S NEWS REVIEWED IN BRIEF

Glimpses of the World at Large, Little News Stories of the Carolinas, and a Resume of Local Doings, Prepared for the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader.

Of General Interest

Another revolt has started in Haiti.

Five persons perished in a hotel fire at Newark, Ohio, Tuesday.

The estate of the late Col. John Jacob Astor is worth $85,890,826.

The copper country strike inquiry has been begun at Houghton, Mich.

The public lost $129,000,000 in two years through swindling operations carried on by use of the mails.

The public building commission will furnish a basis for action by Congress to end "pork barrel" legislation.

Secretary Houston has approved the sale of a billion feet of standing timber in an Arizona national forest.

A Congressional investigation of the Colorado coal strike will be urged by the United Mine Workers of America.

The Federal Commission on Industrial Conditions will investigate labor disturbances throughout the country.

The Civil Service Commission has issued a warning to government employes against participating in politics.

J. P. Morgan has aligned himself with those who advocate a regional bank of commanding size in New York.

Standards for the grading of corn have been announced by the Department of Agriculture of the United States.

There is every prospect that the New Haven Railroad will adopt a plan of re-organization which will avert a government suit.

A bill embodying the President's ideas regarding Presidential primaries will be prepared by a committee of the Common Counsel Club.

The form to be used and regulations to be followed in making income tax returns were sent out by the Treasury Department Monday.

Samuel Untermyer, in aspeech at Chicago, advocated the creation of an executive body to enforce the disintergration of outlawed corporations.

Through Cardinal Gibbons, the Knights of Columbus of the United States have just given $500,000 to the Catholic University in Washington, D. C.

Cardinal Gibbons was made the residuary legatee under the will of Miss Eliza Andrews and, it is expected, will receive between $200,000 and $300,000.

Officials at Washington believe that any change in this government's Mexican policy must follow some action taken by one or the other of the Mexican factions.

Thirteen survivors have been accounted for out of thirty-eight men aboard the tank steamer Oklahoma when she broke in two off Barnegat early in the week.

Sir Lionel Carden, British minister to Mexico, will be transferred to Brazil, presumably on account of his unfriendly attitude towards President Wilson's Mexican policy.

An arraignment of West Virginia authorities who administered martial law from September, 1912, to June, 1913, is contained in a report by a Congressional sub-committee.

Foreign representatives in Washington are arriving at an understanding as to the obligations this government will be expected to assume as to the result of non-interference in Mexico by foreign powers.

WHO WILL LAND WILSON POSTOFFICE?

The Question of Interest—Better Facilities Wanted.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 10.—Wilson people are wondering who will land the postoffice appointment here. The term of the present incumbent expires in March and it is generally understood that one of the "faithful" will be appointed immediately. In fact, it has been persistently rumored that the appointment would be made early in order that the appointee would be ready to take the office promptly.

It is a good appointment and there are a number of Wilsonians who would gladly take the responsibility in exchange for the salary. Applications have been filed by several and among them are E. A. Darden, C. L. Perry, R. A. Turlington, R. H. Fulghum and S. W. Smith. Each of these has strong following and each is a good man, with business ability and in addition some political influence. In the senatorial campaign of 1912 this county went for Mr. Simmons, but it is not expected that any appointment made by Congressman Kitchin would be held up by the Senator.

Wilson people are not nearly so much interested in the change of postmasters as they are interested in the need of more and better postoffice facilities. The present building has been for some months inadequate and the government building does not seem any nearer now than it was when the lot was bought several years ago. Time after time the chamber of commerce has urged action on the building but with little, if any result. President Lawrence Brett, of the chamber of commerce, says that he has not had any information concerning the commencement of work. At a recent meeting of the chamber one of the members remarked that it seemed impossible to secure any assistance through the representatives in Congress.

The government has just sold 43,000 cords of cedar wood for shingles from the Washington national forest. The shingles manufactured from this wood, laid six inches to the weather, would cover 2 1-2 square miles of roof.

For Weakness and Loss of Appetite. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVES TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A true tonic and sure Appetizer. For adults and children. 50 cents.

(advertisement.)

Brief News Stories of The Carolinas

The death of County Commissioner J. S. Devane, of Pender, occurred at his home Tuesday.

Dr. J. D. Graves, one of the leading citizens of Wilson county, died at his home, Graves Villa, Wednesday morning at the advanced age of 80 years.

Paul A. Hubbell, now teaching school in Mars Hill, Madison county, gets the 1914 Rhodes scholarship from North Carolina to Oxford University, England.

The 200 "striking" students of Shaw University, colored, at Raleigh, were entered on the register of the institution Tuesday evening as "dishonorably dismissed." Many of them later returned.

The Edgecombe County Commissioners will make another effort early in the Spring to dispose of the first $40,000 of the $200,000 road and bridge bond issue.

The Corporation Commission heard a petition on the part of citizens of Selma for the railroad companies entering that town to be required to enlarge and better equip the union passenger station.

Six months' confinement in the county jail was the sentence imposed on Robert Jones, the young white man charged with having criminally assaulted Mrs. W. C. Hobbs, in Newbern two weeks ago.

Representative Charles S. Wallace, a prominent business man of Morehead, who has represented Carteret county in the State Legislature four terms, has announced his candidacy for the nomination by the Democrats of the Third district for Congress.

Wake County Commissioners have awarded a contract for the erection of the new $300,000 county court house to Little-Clackler Construction Company, of Anderson, Ala. The contract price was $272,000, not including jail equipment for the fourth floor or the heating plant.

Columbus will not soon be further annoyed with the stock law question. The Commissioners have declined to call an election, giving as their reason that less than one-fifth of the qualified voters of the county had signed the petition requesting that such an election be called.

Columbus county's new court house seems to be all up in the air again. The Board of Commissioners adopted a resolution to defer action on the matter indefinitely. What the board means to do and when definite action toward building the new temple of justice will be taken are unknown.

R. H. Denton, the well known liveryman of Tarboro under sentence of 12 months on the roads for violation of the State prohibition law, is granted a reprieve by Governor Craig to February 2nd in order that he may have time to put his affairs in order preparatory for serving his sentence on the roads.

Chief Justice Walter Clark, of the Supreme Court, has accepted an invitation to deliver an address in Cooper Institute, New York, February 27th, on the subject, "Government by Judges." Also he will deliver an address in Richmond under the auspices of the Equal Suffrage League of Virginia, January 30th.

The report carried by a press association Saturday night saying that W. C. Hammer would probably be appointed immediately after the return to Washington of President Wilson, seems to be erroneous. So far as the Department of Justice knows, Attorney General McReynolds has not changed his mind with reference to the appointment of Hammer.

Mr. T. B. Parker, director of farmers' institutes, of the State Department of Agriculture, announces institutes to be held in 37 eastern counties during the months of January and February. He says that at these institutes prizes will be awarded for the best loaf of bread exhibited by women living on the farm—a prize for the best loaf at each point.

The Blue Ridge Mountains to the north and west of Mt. Airy have been covered with the heaviest snow ever known, all communication with that section being cut off and the mountaineers no doubt suffering hardships. The report brought to Mt. Airy by S. B. Richardson and wife, who came through Low Gap, was that snow on the mountain tops was two feet deep, while in drifts it reached a depth of ten to twelve feet.

Rafe Williams, a negro fireman for the Seaboard Air Line, was tucked away in the cab of his engine asleep Sunday night and dreamed that he was in a terrible head-on collision. He waked suddenly and saw the glare of the headlight of a shifting engine coming on an adjacent track and bolted through the big side window of the cab, cutting the main artery of his left arm and lacerating himself badly in other parts of his limbs and body.

The quarterly bulletin of the Greensboro College for Women, just issued, shows that this institution is one of only seven A-grade colleges for women of the Methodist Church, South; one of only two colleges of this class having an endowment of more than $100,000; is the second chartered college for women in America; is the only college for women owned and controlled by both conferences of North Carolina Methodists.

The directors of the North Carolina Railroad at the first meeting they have ever held in Charlotte and, so far as known, the first meeting at which all directors have ever been present, Wednesday afternoon, declared an annual dividend of 7 per cent. on four million dollars of stock outstanding. The State owns controlling interest in the road, which extends from Charlotte to Goldsboro, and is leased by the Southern Railway.

Gordon McCabe & Company, the Charleston cotton exporting firm against which bankruptcy proceedings were begun several weeks ago, is solvent and will pay its creditors in full, according to the firm's answer to the bankruptcy petition, filed in the United States District Court. The firm's statement gives its liabilities as approximately $1,500,000 and its assets as approximately $1,750,000. Dismissal of the temporary receivers is asked.

At the age of 64 years, John A. Haldin, a tailor of Reidsville, is dead, and with him ends one of the most active military careers of modern American times. Haldin as a boy ran away from home, joined a New Jersey regiment and served throughout the Civil War, after the close of which he is said to have seen service in at least two foreign wars. In the Spanish-American war he was a lieutenant in the Reidsille Company of the North Carolina Guard, and served in Cuba, following this with two years in the Philippines.

IN THE SPORTLIGHT

(Continued from Page Nine.)

any dizzy array of talent, but because he will drive what he has at top speed and there isn't any surety that a first class machine, business like and ambitious, will be in the field against him. "Either Philadelphia or Pittsburg has a first class chance to make a win, according to the winter league averages—by sticking to the proper diet of consistent play," says Grantland Rice, "but neither club has enough stuff to pike its way into a pennant—to arrive by drifting along as the tide runs. The luck of the game is a big factor, of course, but it isn't as big a factor as the pluck of the game and the spirit of battle against odds." It's well enough to wait for the tide that "taken at its flood leads on to fortune." But only the game fish swims up stream and arrives there regardless of the drift.

The state university lands in Arizona are to be lumbered under a cooperative agreement between the government and the state land commission. Arizona is the first state in the Southwest and one of few in the country to cut its timbered lands on forestry principles.

The navy department has asked the forest service to investigate guijo, a Philippine wood, for possible use in decking boats and ships. Longleaf pine, sugar maple, and beech are the domestic woods most used for decks.

REACHING THE SPOT

It Has Been Done, So Scores of Wilmington Citizens Say.

To get rid of an aching back,
The sharp twinges,
The tired-out feelings,
You must reach the spot—get at the cause.

In many cases 'tis the kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Wilmington citizens testify.

Mrs. M. E. Bordeaux, 510 South Second street, Wilmington, N. C., says: "I suffered from dull pains in the small of my back and some days I could hardly get about to do my housework. Kidney weakness caused me great annoyance and I knew that a kidney medicine was needed. When I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, I at once got a supply at Bellamy's drug store, and they restored me to good health. Another of my family also took Doan's Kidney Pills with benefit. I willingly confirm my former endorsement of this remedy."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Bordeaux had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

(advertisement.)

FARMER RADFORD DEFENDS

(Continued from Page 9.)

The egg crop is one of the very few harvests that can be made to extend throughout the entire year. Science and enterprise should follow closely in the work of the receding stream of swollen prices and strengthen the weak places which have developed under the strain.

Oh You Middleman:

The farmer did not get the money. It may be that some of the farmers living near the large cities who sold their eggs to the consumer direct, profitted by the increase, but in the community where I farm, the peddler who bought our eggs never paid us more than 20 cents per dozen and from such investigations as I have been able to make, I believe 25 cents was the high water mark in average farm prices of any one day throughout the entire United States, although the press reports from some of the large cities quoted a retail price ranging from 50 cents to $1.00 per dozen. The transportation rate would not exceed five cents per dozen, and the gap between the amount paid the producer, plus the cost of transportation, and the price paid by the consumer was filled by the middleman.

Much has been said and more written about the middleman, but he is at times a helpless victim of our immoral system of distribution. He is almost as talkative as the consumer, and as an explainer he is a gem.

So long as we turn over our products to the middleman and give him the keys to the warehouse, he has the power of placing our crops upon the gaming table and no amount of legislation can entirely eliminate the spirit of the speculator from human nature. If we are going to the root of the trouble, we must do something more than define crime and punish criminals. We must give the producer facilities for storing his products.

HOLD YOUR TEMPER IN 1914.

In the January Woman's Home Companion a number of readers tell what their New Year resolutions are to be. A North Carolina contributor says:

"I will govern my temper and my tongue' is, I think, a resolution which all of us ought to make for this New Year and all the New Years to come. It is one that all can keep if they try and I think it is the best one for everybody, because I believe ill temper is the cause of more unhappiness, not only in the home but in the world at large, than any other fault. Only think what a heavenly place this world would be if all of us were sweet tempered."

The Week Locally

Postmaster H. McL. Green has given out comparative figures showing a most substantial gain in postal receipts in 1913 over 1912. In 1913 the total receipts amounted to $140,139.91, as against $130,945.80 for 1912, an increase of $9,184.11.

The various committees at work making arrangements for the Laymen's Missionary campaign conference, which will be held in Wilmington on the third Sunday in this month and the following Monday, have now gotten their plans almost perfected.

A knitting mill is to be added to Wilmington's list of manufacturing enterprises. The plant is now being erected on the belt line at a point near Third street. It is understood that it is being built by Mr. John H. Kuck, one of the city's progressive citizens, and his associates.

True bills were returned by grand jury Wednesday afternoon against ten local dairymen charging them with entering into an agreement and conspiring to artificially stimulate the market price of fresh milk in violation of the State anti-trust law. The cases will not be tried until next term of criminal court.

In order to give the citizens of the city an opportunity to be heard on the question at a later meeting, action was deferred on the proposition of the Tidewater Power Company to enter into a contract to furnish lights for Wilmington for a period of ten years, at the regular meeting of the City Council Wednesday.

Twenty-one years in the State penitentiary for killing his wife, was the judgment imposed on Geo. W. Beaman by Judge Oliver H. Allen, in Superior Court Thursday afternoon, following his submission to a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree and the acceptance of that plea by Solicitor Lyon and the jury.

Marked by a discussion which will result in the adoption of a modern system of loose-leaf record books for the office of the register of deeds and radical changes in the method of listing taxes and making tax books, the regular monthly meeting of the Board of County Commissioners was held Monday afternoon.

The report of Mr. Albert H. Marsh, the public accountant engaged by the County Commissioners to audit the books of the county, covering the year ending November 30, 1913, which was read and approved at the meeting of the board Monday, speaks very highly of the manner in which the county's books and accounts are kept, under the new system by Auditor John A. Orrell.

One of the most important business deals of recent years in Wilmington was consummated here Wednesday afternoon in the sale of the business, good will and manufacturing plant of Sol Bear & Co., producers of scuppernong and native wines, to Mr. Paul Garrett, the wealthy wine manufacturer, formerly of Weldon, N. C., and now president of Garrett & Co., of Norfolk, Va.

After a 12-day cruise off this coast in a series of heavy gales, in the course of which she saved the schooner Thomas Winsmore from being swept ashore and pounded to pieces by the heavy seas, and towed the schooner Nellie W. Craig into harbor after her tiller had been wrenched away by the force of the waters, the United States revenue cutter Seminole came into port Tuesday morning.

A pair of mules belonging to the Orrell Livery Company and driven by Thomas Hankins, colored, were run down and killed Tuesday morning at the crossing at 15th and Princess streets by freight car No. 48, of the Tidewater Power Company, operated by Herman Shepard, colored. The mules were almost instantly killed and were torn from the wagon to which they were hitched. Hankins was thrown from the wagon, but escaped with only minor cuts and bruises.

That Wilmington is to have one of the most modern and elegant retail drug establishments in the South, located on the southeast corner of Front and Princess streets, in the building now occupied by Miller's Everywoman's Store, became publicly known here Tuesday when the morning issue of the Charlotte Observer reached the city, carrying a story to the effect that Woodall & Sheppard's, one of the best known drug stores of the Queen City, would move here bodily on or about February 15th.

Proceeding up river in tow Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock the British steamer Cromwell missed the opening in the Hilton bridge and rammed her prow into the fixed span on the east side of the draw, knocking it into the river and rendering it useless until repairs can be made. Traffic over both the A. C. L. and Seaboard, to and from the south and west, was paralyzed for several hours, and will be crippled until the bridge is again in commission, though temporary arrangements have been made to ferry passengers and baggage across the river.

The Chamber of Commerce at its regular meeting Thursday afternoon adopted strong resolutions to be presented to the North Carolina Senators and Representatives in Congress requesting that an appropriation be made for a preliminary survey of the lower Cape Fear river looking to the securing of a 35-foot channel to the sea, wide enough to accommodate ships of the most modern type, and urged that an appropriation of $300,000 also be made this year for completing the present project for a 26-foot channel instead of $115,000 as recommended by the board of engineers.

As a result of the accident at Hilton Wednesday morning, when the British steamer Cromwell crashed into the draw bridge and put it out of commission, separate suits were started in Superior Court Thursday by the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company and the Wilmington Bridge Company, against the Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, Ltd., which owns the steamer, Captain Nathaniel Winkelen, commander of the boat, and the Wilmington Towing Company, owners of the tug Gladiator, which had the Cromwell in tow at the time of the accident, asking a total of $45,000 alleged damages, and for a writ of attachment against the steamer.

"My, They Smell Good!"
You will be surprised how much better pan cakes and all other baking tastes when made from—
Quaker City Mills FLOUR
Use it with your next baking—you'll get better results than ever before.
A BETTER flour at no higher cost
Try it to-day and you will demand it ever after.
Quaker
Quaker City Mills FLOUR

Distributed by Pearsall & Co., Wilmington, N. C.

Saved Mine Option

A WESTERN Mining Engineer, with an option on a valuable mine was about to close the deal, when, at the last minute, the Western capitalists withdrew their support. With a few hours left in which to find the money, he got New York on the Bell Long Distance Telephone, talked with a banking house and outlined the proposition, which they agreed to finance.

A personal interview by the Bell Long Distance Telephone often closes a trade or saves a situation.

When you telephone—smile

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

CHALMERS AND STUDEBAKERS, IN 5- AND 7-PASSENGER CARS FOR HIRE.

Hack Calls, Up to Four Passengers $1.00

C. S. BURNETT.

'Phone No. 45. 14 N. 2nd St.

A Happy New Year

To All, and may 1914 prove the Best year you have had.

We want to open a number of New Year accounts, and invite you to become one of our depositors.

Now's the time to start—and get in at the beginning.

Deposits of January 2nd draw interest from the first of the year.

How much can you save during 1914? Try it and see.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Orton Bldg.——Front St.

DON'T WANT TO TALK LIFE INSURANCE?

Perhaps not, but, if you are wise, and love your family, you will.

When you are sick, you want the doctor. If you are not an insurance expert, you need the agent.

We offer you expert advice on life insurance matters. Contract made to suit your particular need.

ATLANTIC LIFE INSURANCE CO.

James & James, District Agents, Wilmington, N. C.
W. C. Woodard, Jr., General Agent, Rocky Mount, N. C.

Rust-proof Oats

600 bags Rust-Proof Oats.
100 bags Seed Rye.
300 rolls Bagging.
600 bdls. Ties.
200 bbls. Self-Rising Flour.
800 bbls. Wm. Tell Flour.
300 bbls. Mullets.

Send orders, and our prices will be right. Prompt shipment always.

D. L. GORE COMPANY

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Safety First

The tread with the grip of a traction engine.

You will be satisfied with Goodrich Safety Treads—we *guarantee* them. And the extra thickness of the Goodrich Tough Rubber Tread at the point of contact guarantees extra wear.

Goodrich Safety Tread Tires

Let's get together—call or phone when in need of tires.

PICKARD-BLEECKER AUTO. COMPANY.

THE OAKDALE CEMETERY COMPANY

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 8.

The annual meeting of Lot Owners for the election of Directors will be held at 8 o'clock P. M., on January 12th, 1914, at the Company's Office.

RICHARD J. JONES,
Sec. and Treas.

jan9-3t

TO MY FRIENDS.

On and after January 3rd, I will be associated with Holmes & Atkinson, "Quality Grocers," 22 South Front street, where I will be glad to serve them.

With a well selected stock of fancy and staple groceries, can serve them well and all orders will receive my careful supervision.

Prompt and polite service.

Phones 252 and 253.

J. HARGROVE TAYLOR.

jan3-1mo

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:10pm	6:40pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:20am	10:20am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	7:15pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	7:18pm	7:18pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
JNO. D. POTTS, G. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry., Richmond, Va.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.
Williams M'f'g Co., Props., Cleveland, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength absolutely without fear. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF?
At Druggists, or by parcel post $1, or 3 bottles $2.75. Particulars with each bottle or mailed on request.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON OF THOMAS HALL, JR.

Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of Thomas Hall, Jr., convicted August 8, in the Recorder's court of New Hanover county, for the crime of larceny, and sentenced to the roads for a term of twelve months. All persons who oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protest to the Governor without delay.

This the 6th day of January, 1914.

(Signed) THOMAS HALL.

Why Not Make 1914 the Best Year of Your Life? You Can if You Will

The New Policy Contract issued by the GERMANIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of NEW YORK will help you to do it.

LEADERS IN INSURANCE WORLD.

If you want to buy some insurance our policies issued since October 1st, 1913, are beyond a reasonable doubt **Leaders** in the INSURANCE WORLD today.

If it is an agency proposition you are looking for, we have both the Policy that will sell and a good live contract to offer.

This Company is now over fifty-four years old, and has millions and millions of surplus, assets and insurance in force. Cash loans are made after two years' premiums have been paid.

A grace period of 30 days is allowed for the payment of all premiums, and a further grace period will be allowed for 90 days upon application from the insured.

Our **dividends** cannot be excelled, and have four different options: Paid in cash, applied towards payment of premiums, and left on deposit with the Company to accumulate with interest, but may be withdrawn at the end of any policy year, or applied to the purchase of paid-up additions to the sum insured participating in surplus, which, if left, will mature the policy as an endowment.

WAIVER OF PREMIUMS IN CASE OF DISABILITY.

Should the insured become totally disabled by bodily injury or disease, there are no more premiums to pay; however the dividends are paid the insured in the same manner as if the premiums were regularly paid when due. Premiums waived and dividends paid while the insured is disabled are NOT charged against the policy as an indebtedness. There are many other good features to our policies—too numerous to mention.

IF INTERESTED, ADDRESS

Wm. H. BAXLEY, Manager for Eastern North and South Carolina. Fifth Floor, Trust Bldg., Wilmington, N. C.

STAY AWAY FROM PACIFIC COAST THOUSANDS STARVING THERE

Army of Unemployed in California, Oregon and Washington as Large as Uncle Sam's Entire Army—No Work and But Little Food.

Stay away from the Pacific coast; thousands are starving there now. This is the warning contained in a staff special to the Atlanta Journal from Jack Junkmeyer, dated San Francisco, January 1st. The correspondent of the Atlanta paper says the army of the unemployed in California, Oregon and Washington is as large as Uncle Sam's entire army and there is no work and little food for them. The dispatch follows:

There are as many unemployed on the Pacific coast this Winter as the entire standing army of the United States.

In California the number alone approximates 100,000.

San Francisco's jobless are estimated at 20,000; those in Los Angeles at 35,000; Portland's 15,000, and Seattle's about 20,000.

And on the heels of this congestion of the destitute in the larger cities, has followed the biggest crime wave in years.

Harassed by hunger and responsibility for distressed families, thousands of law-abiding men are on the brink of desperate measures.

In Portland they have already begun to "rush" the restaurants, demanding food.

The calling of a special session of the Legislature to deal with the acute problem is being urged in California, local relief measures having proven entirely inadequate.

This is part of the price the West coast is paying for the alluring but lying advertisements of big business to flood the man markets of California, Oregon and Washington—to bring down the price of muscle and sweat—as well as the enticement of big real estate corporations.

Hope of employment with the 1915 exposition has greatly stimulated the influx to San Francisco. Here certain railroads' advertisements are blamed.

The futility of this hope is apparent in the announcement of the exposition comptroller that there are already over 22,000 applicants on the waiting list.

Then take Los Angeles. Not an industrial city, the demand for labor is never large. But Big Business, with its fight to preserve the "open shop" in every way encourage a glut of idle labor tending to lower wages.

Portland, normally the Winter stamping ground of thousands of idle timber and construction workers, suspended at this season has watched the problem grow even more acute this year.

Here, too, the employers' associations with their "open shop" encouraging the influx.

Seattle finds itself in a similar situation, with hordes seeking a hand to mouth existence.

"The hardest Winter in years"—everywhere this disquieting statement is being made.

The holidays brought out the sharp contrast between joyous opulence and abject distress in blunt fashion, the shoppers running the gauntlet of the army of destitute, existing on street doles.

In growing alarm, municipalities have passed emergency employment and charity measures, but—

No steps have been taken for a fundamental solution of the problem of unemployment, increasing every year.

A Warning.

Thousands of sullen, hungry men desperate for a job and thankful for even a doughnut diet, thronging the streets about the employment agencies of Pacific coast cities!

An army of destitute which approximates the strength of our standing army and militia!

Men cursing government and "seeing red" in their misery!

These are harsh but faithful pictures of conditions on the Pacific coast this Winter. Pictures not included in the alluring advertisements through which the railroads and Big Business encourage that pilgrimage to the "land of romance and sunshine" of which this is the distressing side.

To the abject misery of individual victims of the exploiters' glowing enticements, has been added a heavy burden upon the municipalities which must deal with the increased unemployed problem.

In neither case are those largely responsible for the conditions willing to aid.

The interest of the railroads ends with the sale of tickets. Employers' associations gloat over a glutted man market. It helps to lower wages.

While California is a land of promise to those who have assured jobs or cash to tide over the long harrowing hunt for work, the advice of this paper is that heed be given the warning of State Labor Commissioner McLaughlin:

"Don't come to the coast this Winter unless you have means or an assured job!"

HOME HEALTH CLUB

By Dr. David H. Reeder, Chicago, Illinois.

Nerves:—(Continuation of article written for Home Health Club by H. Lindlahr, M. D.) **Among the country population of Germany the meaning of the words "dyspepsia" and "dentist," is hardly known. The latter can make a living only in the larger cities. These old country people live closer to nature than our over-fed but "mineral-starved" Americans. In Germany, on account of the high cost of flesh foods, meat is used sparingly.** White sugar, coffee and pastries, are holiday luxuries. Ice water is not found even in the home of the wealthiest people nor in the best hotels. The peasantry and middle class people in Germany, and in other northern European countries, live largely on whole-grain bread, potatoes, vegetables and dairy products. When they come to this country they are pictures of health, and of robust strength, but they eagerly adopt American custom of living, believing that meat, white bread and coffee three times a day constitute "high living." The natural result is that in a few years most of them lose their red cheeks and become dyspeptic and nervous like their new compatriots.

I frequently observed the gradual lowering of the health standard in descendants of immigrants. In many families you will find the grandfather and grandmother, who come from the "old sod", hale and hearty in their old age; the second generation, at middle age dyspeptic and nervous, and the grandchildren anemic, wearing glasses at tender age, and affected by all sorts of chronic ailments. Statistics show that in our largest cities, where surroundings and habits of living are most unnatural, the fourth "city bred" generation dies out unless regenerated by the inflow of fresh healthy blood of immigrants from Northern Europe and of the sturdy young people who crowd in from the farming communities to be swallowed up by the insatiable maw of the great city.

We will now somewhat consider the proper diet for people suffering from nervous ailments. The belief prevails that in order to make rich blood one must eat large amounts of meat and eggs. The science of Natural Dietetics, however, teaches us that the richness of the blood depends not so much on sugars, fat and proteins, as on the positive mineral elements. Almost any ordinary food mixture will provide enough of the former elements of nutrition, but it is much more difficult to provide sufficient amounts of the "mineral salt."

In order to feed the blood with all the elements it needs in right proportions, and in that way to maintain it in a normal, healthy condition, one-half of the diet should consist of fruits and vegetables, and the other half should be made up of sugars, starches, fats and proteins. Meat should be used sparingly. Many thousands of enthusiastic vegetarians have proved that it is better to do without meat altogether. Eggs also should be used sparingly at an average of not more than one a day. Coffee and tea must be avoided altogether. They contain powerful nerve stimulants. I believe that their influence upon the system, in the long run, is just as bad as that of weak alcoholic drinks. One has to smile at the inconsistency of people, bilious, dyspeptic and nervous as a result of the tea and coffee habit, looking down with virtuous indignation upon the man who indulges in a glass of beer or white wine.

White bread and pastry should be avoided altogether, or used only very sparingly. Bread and other cereal products should be prepared from whole grain meal only. Nothing should be taken away from the grain in the milling process. As a result of the agitation against white flour by nature cure people, graham bread, entire wheat health breads, and whole grain cereal foods are coming more and more in favor with the public. In order to comply with the popular demand for white flour, the hulls containing the mineral salts, and some of the bluten, which is equal in nutritious values to the high priced steak, are refined out of the flour into the bran. Our domestic animals wax fat and strong on the bran, while their masters, the consumers of the impoverished white flour products, grow constipated, dyspeptic and nervous. Excess of meat, white bread, coffee and white sugar are undoubtedly the most common causes of constipation.

The green vegetables are most beneficial when eaten raw, with a dressing of lemon juice and olive oil. Avoid the use of vinegar as much as possible. It is a product of fermentation and a powerful preservative which retards digestion as well as fermentation, both processes being very much of the same character.

Neither use pepper and salt on fruits and vegetables at the table. They may be used sparingly in cooking. Strong spices and condiments are more or less irritating to the mucous linings of the intestinal tract. They paralyse gradually the nerves of taste. At first they stimulate the digestive organs; but, like all other stimulants, they produce in time weakness and a trophy. Fruits and vegetables are rich in all the mineral salts in the live, organic form, and therefore the addition of inorganic mineral table salt is not only superfluous, but positively harmful.

The green leafy vegetables are not improved by cooking. It is different with the starchy foods, such as rice and grains. Here the cooking serves to break up and separate the hard starch granules and to make them more pervious to penetration by the digestive juices.

Club Notes.

I will gladly answer all inquiries for information on health subjects from readers of this publication if same are addressed to Home Health Club, 5039 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago. Send full name and address with 4 cents postage.

Dear Doctor:—I wish to tell you that I had a sore on my foot which had started to suppurate and become very ugly looking. I soaked it in hot water and vinegar a number of times and then put on mutton tallow. It drew out the pus which had gathered and the sore is now healing nicely.

MRS. C. H.

Vinegar is a most excellent disinfectant and can be used with perfect safety in cleansing sores of any kind. I am glad you had good success with it, and hope that others will remember to use this simple home remedy whenever needed.

40 YEARS A DINER, DEPEW TELLS SECRET

Takes Training To Eat Way Through 1,000 Courses a Year.

(New York Press)

To the youth and inexperience of John Purroy Mitchel, Chauncey M. Depew attributes the confessed inability of the Mayor-elect to weather unimpaired a course of public banquets.

In April Depew will be 80 years old, and for 40 years he has dined out or had guests to dinner six nights in the week on an average.

"Mr. Mitchel probably is not accustomed to the role yet, said the weathered toastmaster as he sat at his desk in the Grand Central Terminal building. "To be able to stand dinners and not feel them the next morning requires, of course, training.

"Most men get their relaxation in cards. That makes them keep late hours, and they sit in a room with bad air and drink too many cocktails. They die young. But the public never learns of their card playing. So it says they have been killed by overwork, and they are lauded as martyrs to their activity."

"When I was very young," continued the former Senator with a reminiscent smile, "I decided to make dinners my recreation. Speaking was very easy to me. Every man has his forte, and I suppose that is mine. I find it easy to remember things.

"I find that when I walk around my library table for an hour before dinner and think of the subject I am to talk on everything I have ever read or heard about that subject comes back to me. After my speech I go home, and am in bed about 11 o'clock. The next morning I am fresh and ready to be at work at 9. For years I worked in my office without even going out to lunch—I ate it on my desk.

"At 6 o'clock I would go home and take a nap for 10 minutes. Then I would find what I was to speak on and be ready to keep the engagement at 8.

"My digestion might have bothered me had I not been careful to eat the dinner just as I would have at home. Indigestion must be guarded against—it is the greatest enemy to a clear head and clear thinking.

"I experimented to find just what I could eat best. I soon determined to play with everything, but eat nothing except the roast and game courses. The trouble with the average young man is that he cannot restrain his appetite. The things are placed before him, and they are so good he eats them. Of course, he is apt to eat too much. But a public banquet, if eaten with thought and care, is no more of a strain than dinner at home.

"As for wine, I experimented to find what I could drink best. I soon decided on champagne. But I drink never more than three glasses and usually only one."

"A little thought and a little care," he concluded, rising briskly to attend a board meeting, "and the most formidable dinner loses its terrors."

LACK OF FRESH AIR

Causes Rundown Condition—How to Keep Strong.

Statistics prove that the death rate is very much greater in the Winter months than in Summer, and that the lack of fresh air is largely responsible for this condition.

If the system becomes rundown, blood thin and watery, circulation poor, no appetite, don't dose with drugs, but take our delicious cod liver and iron tonic Vinol, not a patent medicine, as everything in it is named on every package and if it does not give you a hearty appetite, enrich the blood and create strength, we will return your money; that shows our faith in Vinol.

A case has just come to our attention from Knoxville, Tenn. Miss Carrie King says: "For three years I was all rundown, weak, had no appetite and after all that time I am glad to say Vinol has brought back my health and strength."

Try a bottle of Vinol, on our guarantee.—Robt. R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

P. S.—For Eczema of Scalp try our Saxo Salve. We guarantee it.

(advertisement.)

NEW YORK THE CAPITAL OF MEXICO.

The largest financial stake in Mexico is not Mexican at all, but foreign. And of this foreign interest, the largest part is American. On this subject statistics are numerous but confusing. Judging from the attempts that several authorities have made to answer the question, "What is the amount of American investments in Mexico?" and the conflicting nature of the replies, the question is not readily answerable. The figures range all the way from $5,000,000,000 to $1,000,000,000. One difficulty is that many of the largest investments cannot be assigned to any one nation—they are rather international in character. This is true of the largest investment of all, the railroads. The casual traveler in Mexico at once puts down the railroads as American investments. With a few exceptions Americans built them all. They are American in engineering and construction. The rolling stock is American; one rides in "cars" and not in "carriages," spends the night in "sleepers," not in "wagonlits." The presidents and nearly all the executive officers are Americans, and the American Negro still maintains his empire as Pullman porter. An American banking house, Speyer & Company, acts as fiscal agent of the national system. Yet, when things are enalyzed more in detail, Europeans are the largest holders in Mexican railroad securities.

But, whatever the actual facts of investment may be, the people who are doing the work of "opening up" Mexico everywhere are mainly Americans. Mexican commerce with the United States, likewise, enormously exceeds that with any other foreign nation; the tables of trade statistics, indeed, show that the United States imports and exports more articles than all the rest of the world combined. Industrially and financially considered, the real capital of Mexico is not Mexico City, but New York.—The World's Work.

SHE WAS RAISED ON "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN"

Mrs. Pankhurst's Earliest Memories Go Back To Eliza

(From Mrs. Pankhurst's Autobiography, in Good Housekeeping for January.)

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's novel, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," was so great a favorite with my mother that she used it continually as a source of bedtime stories for our fascinated ears. Those stories, told almost 50 years ago, are as fresh in my mind today as events detailed in the morning papers. Indeed, they are more vivid, because they made a much deeper impression on my consciousness.

I can still definitely recall the thrill I experienced every time my mother related the tale of Eliza's race for freedom over the broken ice of the Ohio river, the agonizing pursuit and the final rescue at the hands of the determined old Quaker. Another thrilling tale was the story of a negro boy's flight from the plantation of his cruel master. The boy had never seen a railroad train, and when, staggering along the unfamiliar railroad track, he heard the roar of an approaching train, the clattering car-wheels seemed to his strained imagination to be repeating over and over again the awful words, "Catch a nigger—catch a nigger—catch a nigger." This was a terrible story, and throughout my childhood, whenever I rode in a train, I thought of that poor runaway slave escaping from the pursuing monster.

These stories, with the bazars and the relief funds and subscriptions of which I heard so much talk, I am sure made a permanent impression on my brain and my character. They awakened in me the two sets of sensations to which all my life I have most readily responded—first admiration for that spirit of fighting and heroic sacrifice by which alone the soul of civilization is saved, and next after that, appreciation of the gentler spirit which is moved to mend and repair the ravages of war.

Dr. J. D. Croom, Sr., after an illness of several months, died Monday night at 11:30 o'clock at his home at Maxton. He was about 69 years old, having been born in Pender county in 1844.

All Clogged Up? Here's Quick Relief

A Simple Remedy to Correct Constipation Before It Becomes Chronic.

Very few people go through life without some time or other being troubled with constipation. Thousands injure themselves by the use of strong cathartics, salts, mineral waters, pills and similar things. They have temporary value in some cases, it is true, but the good effect is soon lost, and the more one takes of them the less effective they become.

A physic or purgative is seldom necessary, and much better and more permanent results can be obtained by using a scientific remedy like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It does not hide behind a high-sounding name, but is what it is represented to be, a mild laxative medicine. It is so compounded, and contains such definite ingredients that it will have equally good effect when used by a person suffering from the worst chronic constipation. In fact, among the greatest endorsers of Syrup Pepsin are elderly people who have suffered for years and found nothing to benefit them until they took Syrup Pepsin.

It is a fact that millions of families have Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin constantly in the house, homes like those of Mr. H. W. Fenstermaker, Siegfried, Pa. He says he has had wonderful results from the use of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, that in fact, he has never found a remedy so good, and he is glad to recommend it. The special value of this grand laxative tonic is that it is suited to the needs of every member of the family. It is pleasant-tasting, mild and non-griping. Unlike harsh physics, it works gradually and in a very brief time the stomach and bowel muscles are trained to do their work naturally again, when all medicines can be dispensed with.

MR. H. W. FENSTERMAKER.

You can obtain a bottle at any drug store for fifty cents or one dollar. The latter size is usually bought by families who already know its value. Results are always guaranteed or money will be refunded.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it postpaid by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 419 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. A postal card with your name and address on it will do.

To Our Friends and Patrons

Allow us to extend to you and yours our most sincere wishes for a most delightful and enjoyable Christmas. May Old Santa remember you liberally and substantially, and may nothing mar the pleasures of this happy season. We hope the coming year holds many pleasures in store for you, and that all our relations, so cordial in the past, will be further cemented to our mutual benefit and esteem. Again wishing you the compliments of the season, we are, Sincerely Yours,

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

Lumbago-Sciatica Sprains

"The directions says, its good for lumbago too,—Sloan's cured my rheumatism; I've used it and I know." **Do you use Sloan's?**

Here's Proof.

"I had my back hurt in the Boer War and two years ago I was hit by a street car. I tried all kinds of dope without success. I saw your Liniment in a drug store and got a bottle to try. The first application caused instant relief, and now except for a little stiffness, I am almost well."—*Fischer-Norman, Whittier, Calif.*

Instant Relief from Sciatica

"I was kept in bed with sciatica since the first of February, but I had almost instant relief when I tried your Liniment."—*W. H. Hawkins, Frankfort, Ky.*

Sprained Ankle

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